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INDIA SPLIT BY TWO VIEWS ON SELF-RULE

Strength Given to Demand for Immediate Halt on Civil Disobedience

TRADE RUIN CITED BY PUNJAB LEADER

Contest Hinges on Full Break With Great Britain or Dominion Status

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON—Sir Mohammad Shafi, leading progressive Muhammadan barrister and a man of immense influence throughout the Punjab, who is now in Europe, issued Sept. 10 a strongly worded protest against continuance of civil disobedience in India.

The failure, he says, of the effort made by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mukund Ramrao Jayakar to bring about the cessation of this movement cannot but sadden all sincere well-wishers of India's constitutional progress.

Sir Mohammad continues: "The movement has already done incalculable harm to Indian trade, is slowly ruining some of our infant industries, has resulted in grievous loss of life and property in different parts of the country, has been the cause of thousands of our countrymen being sent to gaol, has ruined the careers of thousands of our Indian students, and has taught the uneducated masses of India a lesson which will not be easily forgotten.

"The weapon now placed in their hands is certain to be made use of in the future by discontented sections of our vast population against the national government when India becomes self-governing. . . . It behooves leaders of all non-Congress parties now to realize the seriousness of the responsibility resting on their shoulders to counteract the forces of disruption which, if left unchecked, will result in irreparable injury to India."

In conclusion Sir Mohammad appealed to British statesmen not to use language liable to rouse feelings of resentment and antagonism in India where the contest now has become one between those who, "being convinced that the future of India lies within the British Commonwealth of Nations, are earnestly desirous of India's attaining dominion status as an integral part of that great commonwealth, and those who have adopted complete independence as their goal."

Reference to the question dealt with by Sir Mohammad is also made Sept. 10 in the official weekly summary of the Indian situation, which declares the demands of the Congress Party leaders were entirely unreasonable.

The summary concludes with an admission that the breakdown of negotiations may give temporary impetus to the civil disobedience movement.

Bruening Denies Leaning Toward Dictatorship

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

BERLIN—The Center Party's meeting on Sept. 9 with Dr. Bruening, the Chancellor, as speaker filled 10,000 seats in the Sport Palace, but was characterized by an unusual absence of all disturbances.

The Chancellor maintained unexpected reserve in his responses to questions of the Social Democrats and other parties, in regard to the future formation of the Cabinet, declaring that a decision thereon was only possible after their attitude toward the government program had been defined. Therefore a clear answer would only be obtainable a week after the elections.

To a further question as to whether he was aiming at a dictatorship, he said the Government's policy during the last months and weeks plainly showed to the contrary. On this point he was emphatic, saying literally: "There is no cause for nervousness. Over all parties is the venerable figure of the Reich's President, and nobody can seriously doubt that he, with his deeply religious conceptions, would permit the undermining of the Reich's constitution."

He further declared that neither was he himself nervous concerning the German Nationalists' attacks; in the economic circles in Dr. Hugenberg's vicinity opinions were very different about the acceptance of the Young plan than in his press. The Chancellor warned against voting for those who promised "golden mountains." A vote should only be given to such as spoke the truth. The illusionary policy must end and the German people must have clarity and truth. The work of the Government was based upon responsibility and confidence in the future.

MacMILLAN RETURNS FROM ARCTIC VOYAGE

WISCASSET, Me. (AP) — Lieut.-Comdr. Donald B. MacMillan, arctic explorer, returned here Sept. 10 in the auxiliary schooner Bowdoin after his thirteenth trip into the far north

The explorer's party, which included seven Chicago boys besides the veteran crew of the Bowdoin, cruised for 6000 miles in this year's expedition and accomplished the three major objectives of the trip.

Council of 10 to Aid Governor of Rome

By the Associated Press

Rome

AN ADVISORY council to assist the Governor of Rome, who has hitherto been virtually absolute in power and reported only to Il Duce, was instituted Sept. 10.

It is called the "Consulta" of Rome and is composed of 10 members. These will act solely as counselors to the Governor and will have no legislative powers.

French Views of Conscript Army Change

Need of Standing Troops Superseding Reliance on Citizen Soldiers

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS—Although the difficulties in recruiting a long-term professional army in France would appear insuperable and a fundamental change of method is, therefore, unlikely in the near future, yet new tendencies in favor of a smaller, permanent, well-trained army such as Germany possesses continue to manifest themselves.

Alfred Oulman, in the Petit Bleu, influential parliamentary organ, pronounces clearly for a professional army as against an armed nation, that is to say, a conscript citizen army. An armed nation, he says, would be admirable, but at a time when one cannot even count on the army to maintain order at home and when for strikes, demonstrations and lockouts it was necessary to form a special body of Garde Republicaine one certainly cannot count too much on the army for the defense of the country in the event of swift aggression.

Therefore, he argues, to assure peace guardians of peace are needed, that is to say, well-trained, well-armed, well-disciplined soldiers in whom one can have confidence. An armed nation, he concludes, is a dream, while a professional army is an urgent reality.

It is obvious that if these opinions spread the whole problem of disarmament would be deeply affected. For hitherto it has been found difficult to decide whether to count the large contingents of reservists which are turned out by the conscript system. France would have counted only men under arms. But while the value of reservists in the early stages of war is disputable it is naturally urged that they are men who have received some training and should have some value.

While Germany's army is restricted by treaty Gen. von Seeckt's conception would make of it a powerful force ready to act and capable of expansion. But the French, too, in addition to annual classes of conscripts, nominally possesses a small professional army which, however, is recruited with difficulty and is regarded in some quarters as inadequate. The problem for France consists in having a sufficient covering of troops for the defense of frontiers while reserves are being mobilized.

Of the conscript army fewer than 200,000 are actually trained every year, and, as they are called in two contingents at six months' intervals, only one-half have more than six months' training. The result is that the first-line force is reckoned at about 136,000, of whom a considerable percentage are poorly trained.

Hence this new leaning toward a professional army, but, even though the authorities were convinced, it is hard to see how it could be recruited or financed. Against the German theory of a professional army is the belief that, however effective it might be at the beginning, it would quickly spend its force and would be inadequately backed up.

New Argentine Government Eager to Co-operate With U. S.

General Uriburu, Provisional President, Ready to Name Ambassador and to Participate in Pan-American Union

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BUENOS AIRES (AP) — President Uriburu told the Associated Press Sept. 10 that close coöperation with the United States and active participation in activities of the Pan-American Union were to be keynotes of his administration in the Argentine.

Stressing especially his desire for friendly intercourse with the United States, General Uriburu declared: "I desire my Government to establish friendly and mutually advantageous relations with the United States and shall name an ambassador to Washington the instant that the United States recognizes the new Argentine Government."

Touching upon the long vacancy in the Argentine Embassy at Washington, General Uriburu said:

"Both nations have everything to gain through diplomatic, economic, and commercial coöperation and much to lose through political aloofness in matters in which the best interests of both are involved."

He declared that other American republics could depend on Argentina's whole-hearted participation in the program of the Pan-American Union, but that his Government could not say immediately whether it would be found desirable to resume participation in the League of Nations.

The new Government, he said, has set itself to the task of exhaustive study of the entire question of League membership, but in the past the Argentine's inability to see eye to eye with the terms of the Treaty of Versailles has been the basis of non-participation in the affairs of the League.

The President denied emphatically that the deposed President, Hipolito Irigoyen, had been put in jail or had been taken aboard a warship. "After I arrived at Government House Saturday," he said, "I discovered that the President had fled from the capital. Later he was placed in the barracks of the Seventh Infantry at La Plata where he was held until his resignation was forthcoming.

"At that time his imprisonment ceased. On advice of his physicians he remained at the barracks. Señor Irigoyen is free to leave the barracks and if he desires the Government is disposed to place at his disposal all conveniences."

General Uriburu disclaimed any aspiration to a political career. "I am a military man and a patriot," he

(Continued on Page 3, Column 1)

TRAVEL BY AIR GAINS 268 P. C. FOR SIX MONTHS

133,005 Persons Carried on American Lines—Vast Mileage Covered

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK—Airplane passenger traffic in the United States was approximately 268 per cent greater during the first six months of this year than it was during the corresponding six months last year, according to a report just made by the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America, Inc.

During the first six months of this year, the report states, 133,005 persons were carried, as compared to approximately 49,600 persons during the first half of 1929. These latter figures are based on Department of Commerce

These figures also show that during the first six months of this year the 29 major air lines reporting carried 80 per cent of the number of passengers they carried during the whole of 1929.

But last year only 30 per cent of the total of 165,263 passengers who traveled by airplane were transported during the first six months, and 70 per cent during the last six months.

If the same proportion held true this year, by the end of 1930 the reporting companies would have carried approximately 443,000 passengers. While this figure probably will not be reached, it seems likely that the air passenger traffic will have at least doubled during the year.

The total distance flown by airplanes of the reporting companies was 10,725,335 miles, equal to about 430 times around the earth at the equator. In accord with the experience of last year, the number of miles flown increased each month largely because of better flying conditions as the summer approached. The largest record was made in June, with 2,230,763 miles.

During the first quarter only 85 per cent of the flying schedules were completed, but during April, May and June 97.3 per cent of the mileage scheduled was completed. During the second quarter, the lines flew 25,159,049 passenger miles, an increase of 14,353,144 miles over the first quarter. This increase was ascribed in part to the reduction in air rates last March.

MUKDEN PLANS CONFERENCE ON PEIPING POLICY

Date of Meeting Called by Chang Hsueh-liang Is Kept Secret

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

TOKYO—The exact date of the meeting of Manchurian leaders to be convened by Gen. Chang Hsueh-liang to consider Mukden's attitude toward the new Peiping régime, is being kept secret. Mukden also reports that every effort is to be made to maintain secrecy regarding the proceedings prior to formal public announcement of the policy.

It is generally believed that the young general desires to maintain neutrality and friendly relations, both with Nanking and Peiping, maintaining practical if not normal independence with Manchuria.

He is quoted as saying his father's expeditions in China proper brought no good results to Manchuria, merely resulting in a tremendous waste of money.

The Tokyo Foreign Office hasn't been approached to recognize the new Peiping Government. Its spokesman refuses to comment on the recent Peiping developments, but points out that Japan's traditional policy has been not to recognize diplomatically the various warring governments in China.

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

SHANGHAI—Although Gen. Yen Hsi-shan assumed office in the new Northern Government Sept. 9, there is no evidence of Gen. Chang Hsueh-liang associating himself with the new movement, which avowedly is declared opposed to the dictatorship of Nanking.

Without General Chang's support or approval, the Government becomes a mere farce. Mukden reports, however, indicate that, although General Chang continues his neutrality, he adheres to the idea of one central government and he is likely to initiate a move to harmonize the differences between the North and South to end the civil war and political disputes once and for all.

Dr. Wellington Koo, interviewed at Mukden after his Peiping visit, Sept. 1, while announcing that he has declined to accept the foreign portfolio, declared that nothing can solve China's troubles without inviting the leaders of all parties to meet and convoke a people's conference to draft a constitution in order to establish a stable government and initiate a policy of reconstruction.

Dr. Koo suggested a peaceful settlement through the services of a neutral party, mentioning the northwestern provinces. Coming through such a source, it is likely these words reflect the opinion of General Chang who is anxious to end the present hostilities, which, despite claims of victories, have largely reached a stalemate.

Nanking's reaction to the formation of the Peiping Government is contained in remarks of an official spokesman who declared that Nanking regarded the action merely as a private matter, but likely to cause difficulties in international affairs owing to the existence of two governments. The spokesman added that Nanking trusted the justice of the powers to evade the lure of the new Government in view of the fact that most of them long ago recognized the Nanking Government.

RIGHTS IN GARNISHEE SHOWN EMPLOYERS

The Boston Legal Aid Society has prepared a free memorandum, covering the rights of procedure on the part of an employer in the event of the attachment of an employee's wages, together with the Massachusetts laws regarding wages and trustee process.

Last year the Legal Aid Society, according to reports, handled 9000 cases, collected $150,000 for clients and took many orders for dependent wives and children. Of the 749 cases that reached the courts all but 48 were either won or settled, it is stated.

Plane Finds Franklin Camp in Arctic, While Radio Gives News to the World

EDMONTON, Alta. (AP)—Discovery on King William's Island of two camp sites of the lost expedition of Sir John Franklin has added another chapter to the story of long-missing arctic explorers.

Word of the discovery was received by radio from W. E. Gilbert, pilot for Maj. L. T. Burwash, Canadian Government explorer, on an airplane expedition to the region of the magnetic pole.

The message gave no details of the find, but said valuable data concerning the far north and the fate of the Franklin Expedition which sailed for the north 85 years ago, had been obtained.

Major Burwash and Mr. Gilbert left Edmonton on Aug. 23 for the purpose of determining the extent of the shift of the magnetic pole and to seek relics of the Franklin expedition.

Before the radio message received Sept. 9, the last heard of Major Burwash and Mr. Gilbert was a week ago when they were storm-bound at Bernard Harbor, a solitary trading post on Dolphin Strait. Government officials at that time believed the flight to King William's Island would be abandoned because of the lateness of the season.

Their landing at Victory Point marked the first time white men have been known to visit King William's Land during the summer season.

Sir John Franklin, a British naval officer, set out in May, 1845, with two ships and a company of 129 officers and men to discover a northwest passage. The ships, the Terror and the Erebus, were last seen at the entrance of Lancaster Sound. It was 14 years later that first information of their subsequent fate was obtained. Later searchers found relics on King William's Island which established that survivors of the expedition after loss of their ships had attempted to reach the Hudson's Bay Company post at Fish River. In a cairn at Point Victory was found an account of the expedition's movements before the abandonment of the ships.

EX-POLISH PREMIER IS UNDER ARREST

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

WARSAW—Leaders of the Opposition, Right and Left, were arrested on Sept. 10 by order of the Home Secretary. They are charged with preparations for manifestations on Sept. 14 against the Government and the President, thereby threatening the safety of the state. Another charge concerns their speeches on June 29, when they attacked the President and are said to have incited the public to active opposition.

Vincent Witos, the former Premier, was also arrested, besides many leaders of the Ukrainian Irridenta. The police claim to have discovered a Communistic plot to cause disturbances on Sept. 14, the day fixed by the Opposition for anti-government manifestations. The public remains quiet and comparatively indifferent.

GRANDI LEAVING GENEVA STIRS LEAGUE CIRCLES

League Assembly Convenes—Busy Session Promised—Committees at Work

By ERWIN D. CANHAM

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

GENEVA—The eleventh Assembly of the League of Nations opened its session on Sept. 10 in the magnificent new quarters at the Batiment Electoral with an agenda crowded with questions vital to the League's organization of world order.

The Assembly convened more impressively than ever before, for the spacious, dignified, airy surroundings enabled the significance of the solemn conclave of representatives of over 50 nations to be felt. But as the Assembly opened amid a promise of a useful hard working session, all League circles were astounded to hear that at the same moment Dino Grandi climbed into his automobile and drove off toward Rome without giving a glance to the opening Assembly. None but the most meager explanations were offered for the startling gesture of the Fascist Foreign Minister. The Italian delegation which is now headed by Vittorio Scialoja merely announced the pressure of official duties called Signor Grandi back to Rome. It was explained that his intention to leave Geneva immediately following the Council's first meeting had been announced in the Italian press weeks ago. Nevertheless the opinion in the leading European delegations ran high against the abrupt departure of Signor Grandi before the ceremonially important first meeting of the Assembly.

French opinion is naturally most profoundly aggrieved because it has been understood for several days that Aristide Briand's greatest and most serious political statement of the present session will be delivered on Sept. 11, only 24 hours after Signor Grandi left.

After the opening address of Cesar Zumeta, Venezuela, who as president of the Council convened the Assembly, the delegates proceeded to elect Nicolas Titulescu, former Foreign Minister of Rumania, president. The six regular committees of the Assembly immediately formed and hard

(Continued on Page 5, Column 3)

Grand Jury Asked to Help Drive Out Gangs of Chicago

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO — Grand jury action against racketeering has begun here, with John P. McGoorty, chief justice of the Criminal Court of Cook County, making a special charge to the September grand jury on the subject. John Swanson, state's attorney of Cook County, announced he would call upon various agencies to bring evidence before the jury. The Chicago Association of Commerce and the Employers' Association have pledged aid.

In his charge to the grand jury, Judge McGoorty said that gangster activities "are no longer confined to the sale of rum, to the peddling of narcotics. Gunmen have muscled their way into industry—many lines of industry—and into sports."

From scattered sources comes evidence that they have acquired control over huge segments of American business. Their strangle hold on certain lines of trade—a grip maintained by the terror of tradesmen who dare not resist—cost the American public $3,000,000,000 a year, according to evidence submitted to the League of Industrial Democracy.

As if providing punctuation for Judge McGoorty's remarks, another bomb was exploded during the evening, wrecking the front of a beauty parlor on the Southwest Side, the third within a week against beauty parlors presumably in attempting to stop price cutting on permanent waves, and to drive independent shops into the organization.

Falling Off in Demand for Warships Closes One Great British Yard and May End Two Others

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

London

WITH warships in declining use, the demand being now about one-twentieth that of the pre-war output, little surprise is felt at the announcement closing Beardmore's Naval Shipbuilding Yard at Dalmuir on the Clyde. With the current year's naval construction amounting to only some 40,000 tons, this yard alone could turn out the Admiralty's entire program. This is the first act of the National Shipbuilders' Security, Limited, formed last February to eliminate redundant shipbuilding and to secure economy by the centralization of production.

This organization, formed by British shipbuilders, has a nominal capital of £10,000, with borrowing powers up to £3,000,000, and has the support of banking authorities. Its principal objects are the purchase of redundant shipyards, dismantling and disposal of their contents, and the resale of sites with restrictions against further use for shipbuilding. It is expected Beardmore's yard will be closed by the end of the year, and that it will be followed by the shutting down of two others, one on the west coast of Scotland and the other on the east coast of England, for which negotiations are now in progress.

$20,000,000 ASKED FOR UNEMPLOYED IN CANADIAN BILL

Government Also to Introduce Measure Dealing With Anti-Dumping

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, Ont.—The efforts of R. B. Bennett, Canadian Prime Minister, to expedite the work of the special session called for the purpose of alleviating the unemployment situation, so that he can attend the Empire Economic Conference in London, has resulted in the passing of the address in reply to the speech from the throne after only a day's debate and the clearing of the order paper for Sept. 10, for two government motions bearing directly on the matter in hand.

These are a bill dealing with the anti-dumping clause of the customs act and the voting of $20,000,000 to assist those out of work.

Through forbearing to defend himself against a two-hour arraignment by the Opposition leader, W. L. Mackenzie King, Mr. Bennett not only speeded up the address but scored a distinct advantage over his opponent.

Mr. King reviewed Mr. Bennett's election pledges by quoting copiously from press reports and challenged him to fulfill them without further delay.

The Prime Minister replied that he intended to carry out all his promises if given time, but not necessarily at this short session called for one specific purpose, and he would leave the charges made against him to their proper time. While he considered it a great privilege to represent Canada at the Imperial Conference, he would not leave while Parliament was sitting "because I regard my duty to the people of Canada as more important."

He thought that there should be no difficulty in the House giving immediate approval to the proposals the Government would lay before it, as they were all based on issues which had been clearly before the people during the election and on which the Government had been given a definite mandate.

Robert Gardiner, leader of the United Farmers of Alberta, promised the support of his group so long as assistance was not given to certain classes at the expense of others.

J. S. Woodworth, Labor, while more than skeptical over the method planned by the Government for meeting unemployment, namely, tampering with tariff rates, approved of the calling of Parliament. Industrial depression was due, he reminded the House, to world causes and raising the tariff could scarcely solve the problem of world competition.

"This protective craze," he said, "is but a system of post-war nationalism. We had hoped that after the war there would be a little more of internationalism and coöperation." He felt that tariff wars were a serious menace to world peace, and protection could only benefit some at the expense of others.

SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOCRATS VOTE AGAINST BLEASE

Long Defeats Ransdell in Louisiana Primary for Senatorship

By the Associated Press

Defeat of Coleman L. Blease, Senator, in South Carolina and the elimination in Louisiana of Joseph E. Ransdell, Senator, stood out from the results of primaries held Sept. 9 in eight states.

While the two Democrats went under, the first to James F. Byrnes, former Representative, and the latter to Huey P. Long, Governor of Louisiana, James Couzens, Senator, is assured of Republican renomination in Michigan. Mr. Byrnes and Mr. Long, by their Democratic nominations, were assured of election in November.

New Hampshire and Colorado also chose senatorial candidates. South Carolina, Michigan, Vermont, Arizona, New Hampshire and Colorado nominated gubernatorial candidates, while Washington's primary determined only party choices for the House of Representatives.

As shown by the latest available returns the results by states were:

South Carolina — For Senator (Democratic), James F. Byrnes defeated Coleman L. Blease. For Governor (Democratic) Ibra C. Blackwood leading Olin D. Johnston by a narrow margin.

Louisiana — For Senator (Democratic), Huey P. Long defeated Joseph E. Ransdell.

Michigan—For Senator (Republican), James Couzens, Senator, leading Chase S. Osborn, former Governor, by substantial majority. For Governor (Republican), Wilber M. Brucker, Attorney-General, well ahead of Alex J. Groesbeck and Judge Edward J. Jeffries.

Colorado—For Senator (Republican), George H. Shaw, former chairman of State Republican Committee, leading William V. Hodges. For Senator (Democratic), Edward P. Costigan, former member of Tariff Commission, leading two opponents.

Arizona — For Governor (Democratic), George W. P. Hunt, former Governor, leading three opponents. John C. Phillips, Governor, Republican incumbent, was unopposed.

Vermont—For Governor (Republican), Stanley C. Wilson, Lieutenant-Governor, leading two rivals.

New Hampshire—For Senator (Republican), Henry W. Keyes, unopposed. For Governor (Republican), John G. Winant, former Governor, conceded nomination.

Washington—For representatives (both parties) incumbents in three congressional districts trailing their opponents.

CONCORD, N. H. (AP)—Although the returns in the Democratic contest for nomination for Governor and United States Senator in the New Hampshire primary Sept. 9 were not so complete as those in the Republican, Albert W. Noone of Peterboro appears to have won the nominations for both offices. It was the first time that a candidate had won both nominations, although under the law a candidate may run for both offices.

The situation gave rise to considerable conjecture as to what would be done should Mr. Noone accomplish the theoretical feat of winning election to both offices. It is presumed that in such an event he could take his choice of either office, but there exists no precedent for filling the office thus left vacant.

Farm Woman Buys Home Library Instead of Kitchen Conveniences

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW BERN, N. C.—A library was considered more important than running water in the household of Mrs. William E. Moore, farm woman who was recently selected as one of five Master Farm Homemakers of North Carolina.

Books for her children were purchased rather than kitchen conveniences and their education was thought more necessary than home luxuries. Although modern equipment counted high in the selection of the national winners in the contest, the judges agreed with Mrs. Moore that her extra money was spent more wisely for the development of her children's knowledge rather than for her own comfort.

As a result, the two sons and one daughter are outstanding in the community. William C. Moore is exalted ruler of the New Bern Lodge of B. P. O. E. Ernest G. Moore holds B. S. and M. S. degrees from North Carolina State College and now is connected with the publicity bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington. Miss Mary Gray Moore has taught for three years since her graduation from East Carolina Teachers' College.

The Moore farm is a site of active diversification throughout the year. Stock and grain are the specialties, an all-year garden is maintained and cows and chickens provide a good income.

After attending North Carolina College for Women she taught school for two years. Then she was graduated from a business school but married instead of entering business. She has served for three years as president of the Craven County Council of Farm Women and for six years as president of the Neuse River Home Demonstration Club, besides being active in many other civic, church and community undertakings.

SCHOOLS TO CLOSE TERCENTENARY DAY

Schools in Boston will be closed Sept. 17, Boston's Tercentenary Day, and 1000 school children will participate in the big Tercentenary parade on that day, school authorities announced.

Preparations for the parade will be made by the children during rehearsals Sept. 11 and continuing until the day of the ceremonies. Eight regiments of cadets in uniform will take part. Girls will march in their regulation gymnasium uniforms.

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World Court Decisions

have an important bearing upon all the member countries of this court, and interest in these rulings is high in the United States. Therefore on the eleventh of each month The Christian Science Monitor will publish a column entitled "The World Court Month by Month," which will summarize the decisions made during the preceding month. The first article will appear

Tomorrow

BIG BUSINESS UPTURN READY BABSON SAYS

Fall Bound to See Improvement. Declares Man Who Foresaw Crash

FINDS CONDITIONS RIPE FOR ADVANCE

Advises Those Who Want Fat Slice of Prosperity to Increase Advertising

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WELLESLEY HILLS, Mass.—Decided improvement in business this fall is inevitable, Roger W. Babson declared in his address read at the opening session of the seventeenth annual national business conference at Babson Park on Sept. 10.

Speaking on "Bringing Back Prosperity," Mr. Babson, who at the conference last year predicted the break in the stock market, declared that, for the rest of 1930, business is "bound to improve," and if improvement is to continue in 1931, the "need of the hour" must first be met. This need, according to Mr. Babson, is to increase the circulation of money.

"The real reason for present conditions is not lack of money or overproduction, but rather because the goods produced have not been properly distributed," he asserted. "The difficulty is not a lack of money, but rather a lack in the circulation of money."

The circulation of money can be speeded up, Mr. Babson declared, and he recommended as the best means of doing this, that American business adopt a policy of reducing overhead expenses, giving better value and better service, discovering new products and new uses for present products, and spending more money on advertising.

Just as Much Money as Ever

"Notwithstanding all the gloom and unsatisfactory earnings, crop reports, etc., there is," he said, "just as much money in the country today as ever. As the balance of trade, moreover, is still in our favor, there is probably more money in the country than ever before. There are just as many people here as ever and these people are just as healthy and as anxious to work. Our productive machinery, excepting in the textile industry, which is in dire need of new equipment, is in better condition than ever.

"Talk about overproduction is largely hysterical. With only 20 per cent of the homes in this country having bathtubs, there certainly is no overproduction of bathtubs, and the same fact applies to a great many lines.

"During the last year the rate of circulation of money has greatly declined. This means that the real solution of the problem is not by reducing the production of goods, but by speeding up the circulation of money."

This can readily be illustrated, he said, by imagining 10 men on a desert island, each having $100. If all these men should hold their $100 and not buy anything, there would still be just as much money on the island; but business would be at an absolute standstill. If, however, each of these men should spend $50 per day, there would be good business on the island; while if each spent $100 per day there would be great prosperity on the island. The more rapidly these $100 bills passed the rounds from one to the other, the greater the boom would be.

Business Bound to Improve

"It is just as evident today that business is now bound to improve, as it was evident a year ago that the high pace of early 1929 could not be kept up," Mr. Babson declared. His reason for this statement, he said, was that while consumption in America has fallen off only 10 per cent, production has fallen off 20 per cent and transportation of goods has declined 30 per cent.

"This means that the inventories of manufacturers, jobbers and retailers are becoming abnormally low," he explained, with the inevitable result that there must soon be a marked increase in orders.

"We have heard too much this year about 'terrible crops' and similar exaggerations," Mr. Babson said in regard to the farm situation. "Surely the farmer who has diversified his crops is looking forward to a good year. The wheat and corn crops are no longer as important as they formerly were. Twenty-five years ago 90 per cent of the products of our farms consisted of wheat and corn, but that proportion has been constantly declining, and the cereal situation is no longer a true barometer of agricultural conditions.

"Of the $2 per day which the average family spends on food products, less than 5 cents reach the grower of grains," he continued. Furthermore, agricultural products as a whole are not as important as they used to be. "Today we are living in a 'gasoline age.' For every $5 spent on hay probably $95 is being spent on gasoline."

Depressions of Some Use

Depressions are not entirely an economic waste, he declared, but they now perform very useful functions. "The average man buys only on a rising market," he explained. "In all departments of industry and commerce a rising market is a great stimulant of business. As it is impossible to have a rising market continually, prices must be knocked down, once in so often, in order to have rising markets follow. An ideal situation, from this point of view, has existed during the last eight months. The declines in commodities and investments have been rapid and ab-

rup... ...) are now at a level from which it would be easy to build up a rising market."

Returning to the question of what business needs, Mr. Babson said:

"We will not get money to circulate faster by reducing wages, or by discharging employees, or by refusing to buy, or by talking gloom. We will not get money to circulate faster by continuing to operate obsolete machinery, supporting unnecessary overhead and allowing present forms of wicked wastes to go on longer. The circulation of money, however, can be speeded up and the following are four definite suggestions as to how to bring this about:

Four Definite Suggestions

"1. Reduce Overhead—Industry and merchandising are today handicapped by useless and unnecessary overhead expenses, which are a great drag in the present situation.

"2. Give Better Measure—To stimulate consumption, it usually is necessary either to reduce the prices or to increase the value of the products.

"3. Increase Research Work—We all know how many employees the automobile industry uses today and the various direct and indirect ways that it gives employment.

"4. Advertise more—Now is the time to increase advertising appropriations. Newspaper advertising, magazine advertising and outdoor advertising can now perform a very patriotic service from which everyone may benefit.

"Of the four above concrete suggestions, perhaps advertising is the most important factor of all. Certainly advertising should go hand in hand with the other three factors. Therefore, I wish to go on record today as definitely advising all clients to increase their advertising appropriations and to use newspapers, magazines and outdoor advertising in their respective campaigns and communities."

KIRSCH CO. INCOME OFF

Kirsch Co. reports for the year ended June 30, 1929, net income of $226,169 after all charges and federal taxes, equal after allowing for dividend requirements on $1.80 convertible preference stock to 51.36 a share on 108,090 common shares, compared with $291,312 or $2 a share in the previous fiscal year.

TREASURY MOVE SAVES MILLIONS FOR TAXPAYER

Record Low Interest Rate Set for One-Year Certificates Offer

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON—Practically unobserved by the man in the street, the Treasury Department is carrying on vast financial transactions dealing with the nation's debt that will save the taxpayers millions of dollars. In the back pages of newspapers this week was found announcement that the Treasury had offered $325,000,000 in one-year certificates, while two days following came announcement that a vast sum of more than $1,000,000,000 in outstanding notes will be called for redemption next March. The secret of both these moves is the same. Money has grown cheap and the Government is taking advantage of new credit economies.

Sept. 7 the Treasury set a new low interest rate record of 2⅝ per cent for a flat offer of short term one-year securities, when it advertised $325,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness to mature in 12 months.

Sept. 9 the Treasury called back for redemption $1,149,000,000 in Treasury notes bearing 3½ per cent interest effective March 15. It is possible that the Treasury will call back another $450,000,000 of notes also outstanding in this category of securities.

The Government is like a man who has made a loan at one rate of interest and finds that he can later get the same money for a lower rate of interest. Under its options, the Government is recalling securities at the higher rate, probably to be reissued at the lower interest rate.

The rate of 2⅝ per cent for 12 months is the lowest ever named for an unrestricted offer of government securities bearing interest, the previous low for this type being 2¾ per cent on certain issues in 1924. The lowest previous rate in 1930 has been 2⅞. Though the difference of ⅛ per cent may seem small, the amount saved under the huge sums borrowed by the American Government may well be colossal, and, in fact, decide the question of whether or not taxes shall be increased.

Money today is "easy," as it has not been in years, investors turn from speculative securities to ultra-conservative government issues. A year ago the public was clamoring to buy stocks which at that time were just toppling on the brink of the precipice of the Wall Street collapse; today they are putting their money into safer securities, as shown in the rising bond market and reflected in the low government interest rate. This is not an unmixed blessing, for it means a slowing down of legitimate business, but to one group at least it gives an unqualified benefit. Farm cooperatives over the country are permitted to borrow government money at the same rate which it brings on the market. As rates have gone lower and lower, cooperatives have been able to get their funds more and more cheaply, while, of course, private companies, grain elevators, and the like, in competition with the cooperatives, are unable to borrow their capital except at the prevailing commercial rate, which is considerably higher than that the government pays.

The call for $1,148,000,000 in notes is ascribed to two causes: first, the prospect of refinancing the money at lower interest rates; and, second, the fact that income tax payments are due on the call date, March 15, to take the place of the money borrowed from the public.

NATIONALIST DRIVE BEGUN

SHANGHAI (AP)—Four hundred thousand Nationalist troops began a vast offensive Sept. 10 to drive the northern alliance rebels out of Honan Province.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight and Thursday; not much change in temperature; gentle to moderate north winds.

Southern New England: Fair tonight and Thursday; little change in temperature; moderate north shifting to east winds.

Northern New England: Fair tonight and Thursday; slightly warmer tonight in north portion; gentle variable winds.

Official Temperatures

	9 a.m. Sept.10	Max. Sept.9		9 a.m. Sept.10	Max. Sept.9
Albany	54	74	Memphis	74	88
Atlantic City	62	74	Montreal	52	..
Boston	58	71	Nantucket	64	70
Buffalo	58	70	New Orleans	78	92
Calgary	52	..	New York	62	74
Charleston	74	86	Philadelphia	64	78
Chicago	62	72	Pittsburgh	54	82
Denver	56	78	Portland, Me.	54	68
Des Moines	62	82	Portland, Ore.	60	74
Eastport	54	64	San Francisco	58	70
Galveston	80	88	St. Louis	66	78
Hatteras	76	80	St. Paul	58	72
Helena	52	78	Seattle	56	68
Jacksonville	78	84	Tampa	76	82
Kansas City	68	74	Washington	64	78
Los Angeles	62	74			

High Tides at Boston

Wednesday 1:27 p. m., Thursday 1:44 a. m.
Height of tides 9.7 feet, 9.6 feet.

Light all vehicles at 7:36 p. m.

COMMERCE CLUB URGED TO BOOST PORT OF BOSTON

More Trade Needed, Authority Secretary Tells Group at Hotel Meeting

That a Port-of-Boston "consciousness" must be established in the thoughts of the people of New England, if foreign commerce is to be developed through Boston, Richard Parkhurst, secretary of the Boston Port Authority, told members of the Foreign Commerce Club of Boston at their meeting at the new Hotel Manger, Sept. 9.

It was the first meeting of any club in the new hotel, and attracted many shippers and those interested in Boston's foreign trade. Other speakers told of freight rate cases pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission, of vital interest to New England.

More import and export business must be attracted to Boston and it is of the highest importance that New England concerns bend their best efforts to that end, said Mr. Parkhurst, who pointed out that the Port Authority realizes the necessity for certain rate changes, improvements in dockage and wharfage regulations and in steamship services.

Referring to the assistance of the Foreign Commerce Club and of New England shippers and receivers of freight, generally, Mr. Parkhurst said, "The solution of the problem, as we see it, is the proper coördination of facilities within the port and the use of the port by Boston and New England, as a result of which we may look forward to embarking as an effective unit on the destiny which we hope is to be ours—that of a great world port."

George H. Parker, special counsel for the city of Boston and the Port Authority on the pending rate differential case, spoke on the rate situation. He is working under J. B. Campbell of Washington, D. C., formerly chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who is handling the Boston end of the case. Mr. Parker was employed by the New England Governor's Committee on Railroad Consolidations and drew up the report which at present is under public discussion.

Elmer E. Elwell, president of the Foreign Commerce Club, presiding, said the club stands ready to assist the Governor, the Mayor, the Port Authority, the Maritime Association or any other bodies or individuals having matters in view to aid the city and the port of Boston.

Capt. Herbert S. Evans of the Doane-Commercial Tow Boat Company, chairman of the club committee on marine affairs, reported on the plan to clean up the harbor. Letters are to be sent to all masters of vessels on arrival in port, cautioning against throwing overboard of sweepings and dunnage, and similar programs will be adopted for communicating with terminal heads, steamship lines and railroads.

SCHOLARSHIP JUDGES NAMED

Gov. Frank G. Allen has announced the appointment of Mrs. Gordon Abbot and Christian A. Herter to serve on a board of judges to participate in the award of 10 college scholarships which the Harry E. Burroughs Newsboys Foundation presents to newsboy graduates of Boston High Schools. The candidates are selected by the school principals and the awards are based on character, need, adaptability and scholarship.

New Straws Indicate Up Curve in Business

A FEW more straws which tend to confirm the growing conviction that the nadir of the business recession has been reached and that normal conditions are just ahead may be seen in the sharp increase in freight car loadings, the continued strength in the bond market which usually precedes a rise in the stock market, price gains in various farm products during the first week in September and expressions of confidence in the business outlook by 10 leading Chicago executives, the gist of whose opinions is, that the present trade situation has been exaggerated and abetted by over-cautiousness, that conditions are sound and that continued progress may confidently be expected by industry as a whole.

Woodcock Speech Upheld by Davis

Informed that the Crusaders, Inc., had protested to William D. Mitchell, Attorney-General, against the appearance in Boston of Col. Amos W. W. Woodcock, Prohibition Commissioner, at the mass meeting to be held in Ford Hall on Sept. 15 against the proposed repeal of the Massachusetts state enforcement law, Arthur J. Davis, campaign director of the Constitution Defense Committee, described the protest as ridiculous.

"The announced subject of Mr. Woodcock's address is 'The supreme necessity of state coöperation in enforcing the Eighteenth Amendment,'" Mr. Davis said. "Unquestionably his purpose is to appeal to the people of the State of Massachusetts to support the Constitution. It is rather ridiculous to protest against this address on the ground that it is a gross 'interference by the federal authorities.' This protest of the Crusaders, Inc., will undoubtedly do more to insure the success of the Ford Hall meeting on Sept. 15 than any of the publicity matter which has been released by the sponsors of the meeting, and to give publicity which otherwise could hardly have been secured.

"It is inconceivable that Mr. Mitchell will instruct Colonel Woodcock to cancel his engagement. Undoubtedly he will instruct Mr. Woodcock to 'carry on.'"

REFRIGERATOR PLANT TO EMPLOY MORE HELP

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Centralization of its entire production of electrical refrigerators, involving additional employment of almost 1000 persons at its East Springfield works, is now in process of consummation by the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, it was learned from a reliable source here Sept. 9.

The complete refrigerator has been manufactured in part at East Springfield and at the company's assembly plant at Mansfield, O. Immediate transfer from Mansfield of a corps of about 25 engineers is in prospect, according to information obtained from company sources.

INSURANCE OFFICERS ELECTED

HARTFORD, Conn. (AP)—Clarence C. Wysong, Insurance Commissioner for Indiana, Sept. 9 was elected president of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. Other officers elected were: Jess G. Read of Oklahoma, first vice-president; Clare A. Lee, Oregon, second vice-president, and Albert S. Caldwell, Tennessee, secretary and treasurer.

GRANGERS HAVE 'THEIR DAY' AT BROCKTON FAIR

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BROCKTON, Mass.—The second day of the Brockton Fair, Grange Day, opened Sept 10 with thousands of Grangers from all the New England states pouring into the grounds at an early hour. Many arrived the day before and camped overnight in tents on adjoining grounds. Large delegations from various granges have set up exhibits, showing the notable achievements in their various communities.

The Massachusetts State Grange has an exhibit that is an attraction to thousands daily. The Brockton Fair is recognized as the one which has the best outlook for showing forth the purposes and accomplishments of the fraternity, and Grange Day becomes more popular every year. The chairman in charge is William H. Howard, past master of the Massachusetts State Grange.

Children's Day at the Fair, Sept. 9, saw more youngsters than ever before attending an opening day program. Children under 16 years of age were admitted free, and with the street car company providing free transportation it proved to be a great day for the young people. More than 25,000 people, a big majority of them children, was the unofficial estimate of the attendance.

One of the most thrilling features of the children's program was the model airplane tournament. Fifty-two boys competed with 137 entries.

The exhibits of agriculture, industrial arts, 4-H Clubs, Boy and Girl Scouts, poultry and pet stock, and scores of other departments are larger than ever before.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Tercentenary celebrations: Boston, exhibition of the full-sized reproduction of the Arbella, Governor Winthrop's flagship, Charles River Basin, foot of Revere Street, until 10, admission 25 cents; Brockton, Grange Day, Brockton fair, all evening.

Copley-Plaza, dinner, National Gift and Art Association, Swiss Room, 7:15.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Tercentenary celebrations: Boston, exhibition of the full-sized reproduction of the Arbella, Governor Winthrop's flagship, Charles River Basin, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.; Salem, House of Seven Gables, Essex Institute, open to public, all day.

Brockton Fair, Boston Day, Brockton, day and evening.

EXHIBITIONS

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open daily from 10 to 5 except Monday when the Museum is closed. Sunday, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 11 o'clock. An exhibition of the Romanesque portal from the Church of St. Miguel at Uncastillo, a permanent acquisition. Special Exhibitions: Dutch East Indian textiles; French illustrated books of the 18th Century, lent by William A. Sargent; American silver; church services and domestic pieces; etchings and engravings by Winslow Homer, given by Edward Jackson Holmes and lent by W. G. R. Allen. Loan collection of 100 Colonial portraits through Sept. 21.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Open weekdays, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. Water Colors; loan exhibition of tapestries; memorial exhibition of the work of Prof. Charles Herbert Moore: French paintings, drawings and prints. Special exhibition of objects found by the expeditions of the American School of Oriental Research and Harvard University near Kirkuk, Irak. Through Oct. 31.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 4, admission fee 25c; Sundays, 1 to 4, admission free. Closed on legal holidays.

Children's Museum of Boston, Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain—Open daily 9 to 5; Sunday, 1:30 to 5. Admission free. Loan collection of coins and bills from many lands, some very rare, prepared and exhibited by Robert Spence of Jamaica Plain. Saturday, Sept. 13, colored motion pictures showing the Grand Canyon of Arizona. Sunday, Sept. 14, motion picture talk on Australia's Wild Northwest. Nature Club meeting, Saturday, Sept. 13, to organize for winter work, and "Our Hobbies" Club meeting to discuss next issue of "Our Hobbies" magazine. Last issue of "Our Hobbies" on sale at Museum.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Colonial portraits. Old Ship pictures. Through Sept. 13.

Casson Galleries, 575 Boylston Street—Paintings by American Artists.

Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury Street—Annual general fall exhibition by members. Through month of September.

Grace Horne's Gallery, 446 Stuart Street—Miscellaneous exhibit.

Myles Standish Galleries, Bay State Road and Beacon Street—Summer exhibit.

For other exhibitions see Monday's Monitor.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

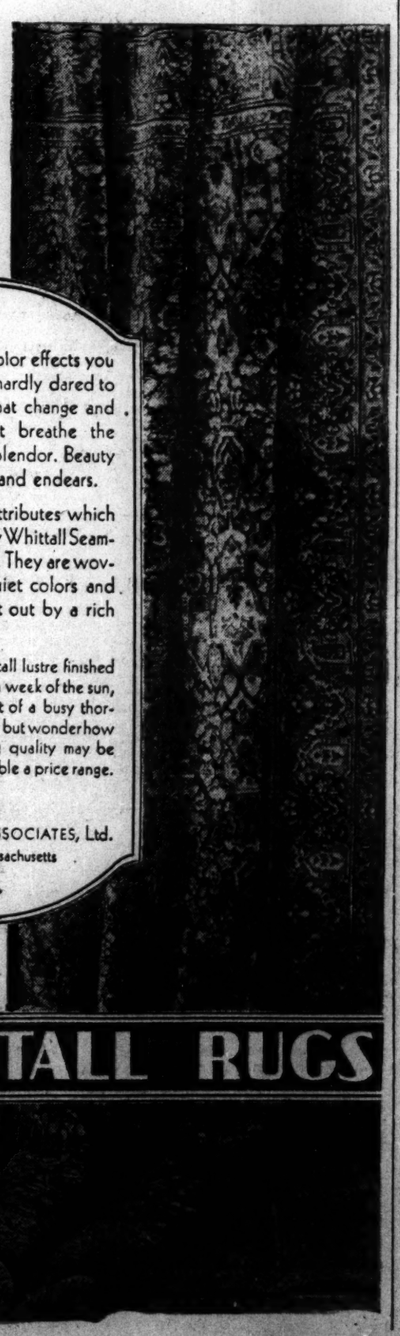
Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

Published daily except Sundays and holidays, by The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)

Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

WHITTALL NEW RUG CREATIONS



Color effects you have wanted but hardly dared to hope for. Lights that change and play. Patterns that breathe the spirit of oriental splendor. Beauty that time enriches and endears.

These are the attributes which distinguish the new Whittall Seamless Rug Creations. They are woven in both soft, quiet colors and vivid hues brought out by a rich lustre finish.

A number of Whittall lustre finished rugs have withstood a week of the sun, rain and tramping feet of a busy thoroughfare. One cannot but wonder how rugs of such enduring quality may be had within so reasonable a price range.

M. J. WHITTALL ASSOCIATES, Ltd.
Worcester, Massachusetts

WHITTALL RUGS

SAVE AMERICA FOR WEEK ENDS

EUROPE for your fall Vacation!

Many Travel Bargains on United States Liners

Widen the horizon of your happiness . . . Don't waste your golden youth revisiting old places and old faces . . . Take a magnificent United States Liner to Europe . . . and do things! For fleetness and elegance on the grand scale . . . smart, chic people . . . days and nights of luxury. . . . Visit your agent, or one of our offices . . . see what travel bargains are available.

SAILINGS

LEVIATHAN SEPT. 27 OCT. 18 NOV. 8 DEC. 6
NEW YORK CHERBOURG SOUTHAMPTON
FIRST CLASS FARE $272.50

TOURIST THIRD CABIN ONLY $152.50 ONE WAY ...$219.00 ROUND TRIP

THE FAMOUS CABIN FIVE
NEW YORK TO PLYMOUTH CHERBOURG — HAMBURG
LUXURY AT LOW COST FROM $152.50

GEORGE WASHINGTON
SEPT. 13 OCT. 15 NOV. 12

AMERICA
SEPT. 24 OCT. 29 NOV. 26

PRESIDENT HARDING
OCT. 1 NOV. 5 DEC. 3

REPUBLIC
OCT. 6 NOV. 7

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT
OCT. 8 NOV. 10 DEC. 17

TOURIST THIRD CABIN AS LOW AS $103.00

NEW YORK TO LONDON...$100
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINERS SAIL EVERY THURSDAY

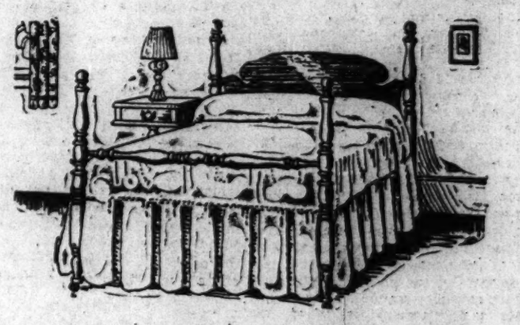
For full information, deckplans, fares, etc., see your nearest Steamship Agent or

UNITED STATES LINES

Wm. A. McIsaac, General Agent
93 State Street, Boston Phone Hubbard 7274

2

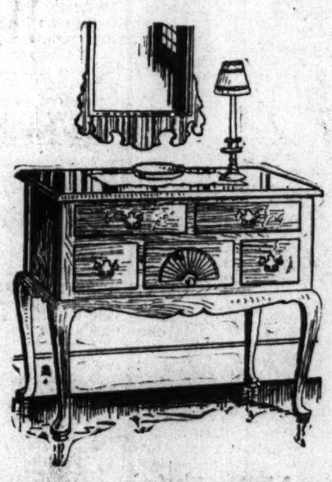
Beautiful, Practical Authentic Early American Pieces



Colonial Design 4-Post Bed $22.50

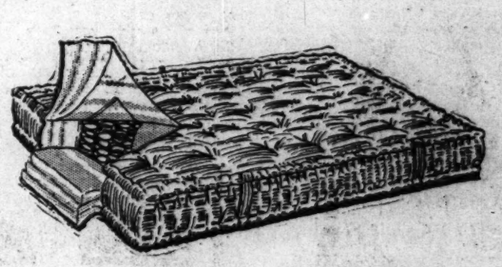
Delightful characteristics that account for the increased popularity of Colonial period furniture are beautifully expressed in this bed—as illustrated. Note the gracefully-turned cone-topped posts. Choice of mahogany or walnut veneers in combination with kiln-dried American gumwood. Same bed in veneered maple and gumwood, $29.50.

Lowboy, Graceful Design



$45

This graceful lowboy is constructed of beautiful mahogany veneers in combination with selected kiln-dried American gumwood. In both the Boston and New York Art Museums are priceless lowboys of similar proportions—note the illustration. In the hall, living room, dining room or bedroom you will find this a useful, distinctive, decorative piece!



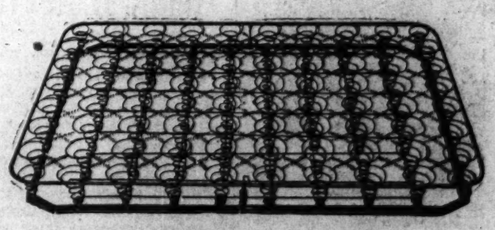
An Inner-Spring Mattress $19.75

Sleep—a third of life!—is comfortable and delightful on this mattress . . . hundreds of springy oil-tempered coils and the soft, clean-white felt top-and-bottom assure that! Made to Jordan's specifications! 6-oz. A. C. A. stripe ticking with rolled edge. All sizes $19.75.

A Charming Salem Chest

$60

This Salem chest—a piece of furniture of charm and beauty—will provide ample drawer space in your home. Note the admirable lines, the attractive hand-fashioned fan carving as shown in the illustration. Drawers have dust-proof partitions and brass pulls. Made of beautiful mahogany veneers in combination with kiln-dried American gumwood.



Coil Springs in Any Size $12.50

The 99 buoyant oil-tempered coils of this spring conform accurately to the weight of the body, making it possible to get greatest rest from each night's sleep! Sturdily constructed in every detail . . . for years of sound-sleeping service! Use it with the mattress and bed described above!

FURNITURE—SEVENTH FLOOR—ANNEX
BEDDING—EIGHTH FLOOR—FURNITURE BUILDING

JORDAN'S
BOSTON

NEW ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT TO WORK WITH U. S.

(Continued from Page 1)

said. "I have never been a politician and I do not intend to start now. After three days in this office I am wondering what there is to public office that makes politicians strive to gain it."

He declared that his Government has a single aim, to reform the country's political structure taking power from the hands of the elements which have dominated the nation. The ablest leaders from the best elements of the nation will be sought for the Provisional government.

He declared that under the system which the Government intended to bring into existence, no party will be so firmly intrenched in office as to be able to dominate all other groups. "When we have brought into being such a state," he said, "the military will retire."

Government to Keep Order

The new Government has adopted the most severe measures to prevent reprisals and counter-revolutionary movements by friends of the ousted Administration of Dr. Irigoyen.

Rule by martial law was tightened Sept. 10. Heavy guards, who made an attempt to keep into the background, were maintained at strategic places in the city and at public buildings. Movements of troops through the streets and maneuvers of fighting planes overhead were constantly observed.

At the same time a censorship more rigid than had been known heretofore was imposed. The chief of the Argentine press section called all foreign correspondents into conference and advised them that no messages might be sent out of the country, which had not been approved by authorized censors.

The prohibition applied alike to cable, telegram and telephone. The correspondents were informed that any one of them violating the censorship would be summarily expelled from the country. No code messages were accepted by the censor here and none was permitted to come in.

The new Government appeared to be greatly concerned with regard to large quantities of arms which were taken from arsenals in the city during the fighting Monday night. While the explanation was offered that civilians broke into the arsenals and demanded and took the arms to use in support of the new régime, it was felt that such statements in some cases camouflaged a device of Irigoyenistas to arm themselves.

Demand Return of Arms

Two military edicts were issued prescribing trial by court-martial for anyone found in possession of arms after 6 p. m. Sept. 9, and for anyone acting in any way against the Government, and for anyone failing to return within 12 hours any arms belonging to the Government which they might have in their possession.

Many persons connected with the deposed administration have been arrested, including Elpido Gonzales, former Minister of the Interior. Among the latest apprehended are the former interventor of Mendoza Province, Borzani, and the personnel of his administration. Other high figures of the deposed Irigoyen régime have escaped the country successfully into Uruguay and elsewhere.

Gen. Augustin P. Justo, who was Minister of War under President Alvear, and who Monday night was named chief of military forces in the federal capital, has been made commander-in-chief of all military forces of the Republic. At his request, a federal interventor has been named for Buenos Aires Province, the post going to Dr. Carlos Meyer Pellegrini.

Monday night's events still remain unsatisfactorily explained. The Government's theory is that the initial firing arose out of confusion of troops from the Government House, and from the post office, each of which thought the other moving against the Government. The situation appears to have been of considerable seriousness.

General Justo flatly denied reports widely accepted here that two civilians, found guilty of looting during the fighting, had been executed publicly in the Plaza de Mayo.

Representatives of 14 national and foreign banks operating in the nation on Sept. 9 offered the new Government a loan of 50,000,000 Argentine pesos (about $40,000,000) for a term of 130 days at 5 per cent. No guarantees of any kind were asked.

Cuba Wins Point Over World Court

GENEVA (AP)—Cuba won its campaign on Sept. 9 to prevent the protocol for the revision of the World Court statute from coming into force immediately.

The question was referred to a committee of three for further study. Virtually all the other members of the League had indicated their willingness for the revised statute to become effective. Cuba objected to a provision requiring continuous session of the court on the ground that there is not enough business to keep the court occupied the entire year. Another objection was that many ratifications by member nations were lacking.

The Government of Salvador notified the League that it had ratified the optional clause of the world court statute. Thirty-one states now are bound to accept compulsory jurisdiction of the court.

Government of Brazil Denies Rumored Revolt

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP)—The Government denied Sept. 9 that any reports had been received here regarding a rumored revolt in the state of Rio Grande do Sul. Denying also that the political situation was precarious, officials said dispatches from alleged centers of sedition reported profound quiet.

A Government statement said that even last Sunday, Independence Day, passed quietly in Sao Paulo and other large cities.

British Fair Safe

BY RADIO FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—The Argentine Embassy here has issued a statement to the effect that recent events in Argentina in no way affect the British Industries Exhibition to be held in Buenos Aires next March. The provisional Government has already declared its sympathy with the project. Facilities are promised to be strictly observed and every assistance given.

ODD FELLOWS PLAN CONCERTS

For their part in the Boston Tercentenary Celebration the Odd Fellows of Massachusetts have engaged the Weymouth Post American Legion Band to give a series of concerts on the Charles River Esplanade every evening from Sept. 15 to Sept. 20, inclusive, from 8 p. m. to 10 p. m., weather permitting.

Danish Atmosphere Given to Maine Landscape

SOMETHING NEW IN MOTOR CAMPS FOLLOWS GOTHIC ARCHITECTURAL MOTIF

Maine's Danish Village Catches Charm of Old World Setting

Just before reaching Portland, Me., going from Boston, there may be noticed what appears to be "a little bit of Denmark dropped onto a Maine hillside."

That it is Denmark is evident because the sign says: This Is "Den Danske Landsby," which may be interpreted as "The Danish Village."

Another sign reads: "Rates $1.00, $2.00 and $3.00 (double)." No interpreter is needed here.

Up the hillside may be found a gayly colored little hut bearing a sign, "Borgenmester. Kontor." Ah! the Burgomaster and his office! But a bricklayer from Portland called him the "boss," and his "Kontor" a shack. None of this Borgenmester business for him.

The Borgenmester was in his shop, surrounded by blue prints, scales, busy draftsmen and foremen, when an interviewer called. Yes, he would be glad to show one around and tell what it was all about.

It developed early that the guide was a native of Denmark and thoroughly acquainted with the subject. This accounted for the "Den Danske Landsby" and the crooked, narrow little streets, one named Borger Garde, others with equally Danish names.

"This entire village," explained the Borgenmester, "typifies the Danish village of centuries ago." He also explained that his plans for this unusual village were made from a painting which he had copied in Denmark, not so many years ago.

During the trip around, it developed that the "boss" and guide was T. Holdenson, one of Boston's well-known interior decorators, who has contributed some excellent work in many of New England's public buildings, whose home is in Brookline. He is a native of Denmark, and it was he who interested Henry P. Rines, Portland hotel operator, in this project.

Hotel men, particularly in New England, have for the last few years had keen competition in the so-called motor camps and roadside places. The question as how best to combat the situation has been discussed at length, both officially and unofficially. Discussions seemingly got them nowhere.

Finally, Mr. Rines, realizing that it would be impossible to legislate the "camps" out of business, met the competition by going into the business, but in a different way. "Just another overnight camp will not do," he said. The "Borgenmester" was called in. Den Danske Landsby is the result.

The houses are individual. Accommodations are arranged to meet most every case. The furnishings are simple, yet homelike, with every modern convenience one would get in a hotel. Some have fireplaces. All have running water with "showers." All have electric lights. Maine's laws which regulate and control the so-called overnight stopping places, are rigidly enforced.

The Raadhus is the eating place or central dining room. Here the "club breakfast" plan is operated, prices very reasonable. The same policy is maintained for the other meals. In the Raadhus the "tourist townsfolk" meet each night for supervised recreation and Mr. Rines hopes to serve Danish dishes occasionally. All food is brought from the central kitchen of the Eastland Hotel in Portland, 30 minutes away.

MORSE SEEKS SEAT FROM BOSTON AREA

Basing his candidacy in part on opposition to repeal of the Baby Volstead Act of Massachusetts, or any legislation whereby prohibition of the liquor traffic would be less effective, Leslie K. Morse, of Boston, is seeking the Republican nomination for Representative from the fourth Suffolk district.

Mr. Morse is well schooled as a legislator and executive, having been Mayor of Haverhill during the World War and having served that district in the House of Representatives for some time. He has been a shoe manufacturer and active for the last 20 years in real estate interests. For several years he has been a resident of Boston and is familiar with legislative problems of the fourth Suffolk district.

Freight Men Hear Boston Port Needs

Needs of the Port of Boston, particularly in relation to export and import commerce, which the unfavorable railroad rate differentials to the Middle West have militated against for many years, were stressed by Mayor Curley in talking to about 40 of the leading traffic men of the eastern United States and Canada, at the monthly meeting of the Transatlantic Associated Freight Conference, at the Copley-Plaza Sept. 10. The conference has never before met in any United States city except New York.

The conference usually alternates its meetings between New York and Montreal. Mayor Curley entertained the delegates at luncheon in the afternoon and took advantage of the opportunity to outline the serious needs of routing of foreign commerce by way of Boston. The experts attending the luncheon, represented two freight conferences dealing with steamship lines operating north of the Mediterranean, the United Kingdom Conference, and the United Freight Conference.

20 CLASSES ADDED TO Y. W. C. A. COURSE

Twenty additional classes have been added to the adult education activity of the Young Women's Christian Association, of Boston, according to the announcement of the beginning of the fall term. A statement from the association's headquarters shows that the education work, begun in two rooms, in 1866, now embraces a total of 114 classes.

The classes are held evenings and Saturday mornings. That there is alert interest of business women in self-improvement is indicated by the curriculum which covers some 50 subjects ranging from arts and languages to "Making Your Money Work."

Many Letters Go From Colonists on Ship Returning to Old England

By FRANK E. BRIDGMAN

Mr. Bridgman assumes the character of a correspondent purporting to have been on board the Arbella and now assisting in the building of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. He describes life as it was in 1630, and names, dates, and quotations are from authentic documents and records.

CHARLESTOWN, Sept. 30, 1630—The French ship Gifte, which arrived last month with supplies, domestic animals and a few passengers, is about to return. In anticipation of her sailing, letter writing is the major occupation, during spare moments, in every house, cabin and hut.

Governor Winthrop is forwarding the following letter to his wife, Margaret:

"My dear Wife,—The blessing of God all-sufficient be upon thee and all my dear ones with thee forever. I praise the good Lord. . . . He stays but till He hath purged our corruptions, and healed the hardness and error of our hearts, and stripped us of our vain confidence in this arm of flesh, that He may make us rely wholly upon Himself.

"The French ship, so long expected, and given for lost, is now come safe to us, about a fortnight since, having been twelve weeks at sea; and yet her passengers (being but few) all safe and well but one, and her goats but six living of eighteen. So as now we are somewhat refreshd with such goods and provisions as she brought, though much thereof hath received damage by wet.

"I praise God we have many occasions of comfort here, and do hope that our days of affliction will soon have an end, and that the Lord will do us more good in the end than we could have expected, that will abundantly recompense for all the trouble we have endured. Yet we may not look at great things here. . . . We here enjoy God and Jesus Christ. Is not this enough? What would we have more? I thank God I like so well to be here as I do not repent of my coming; and if I were to come again I would not alter my course, though I had foreseen all these afflictions.

"I never fared better in my life, never slept better, never had a more content of mind, which comes merely of the Lord's good hand; for we have not the like means of these comforts here which we had in England. But the Lord is all-sufficient, blessed be His Holy Name. If He pleases, He can still uphold us in this estate; but, if He shall see good to make us partakers with others in more affliction, His will be done. He is our God, and may dispose of us as He sees good.

"I am sorry to part with thee so soon, seeing we meet so seldem; and my much business hath made me too oft forget Mondays and Fridays. I long for the time when I may see thy sweet face again, and the faces of my dear children. But I must break off, and desire thee to commend me kindly to all my dear friends, and excuse my not writing at this time. If God please once to settle me, I shall make amends. I will name now but such as are nearest to thee, my brother and sister Gostlin, Mr. Leigh, etc., Casteleins, my neighbor Cole and his good wife, with the rest of my good neighbors, tenants, and servants. The good Lord bless thee and all our children and family. So I kiss my sweet wife and dear children, and rest, Thy faithful husband, Jo. Winthrop.

"I would have written to Maplested, if I had time. Thou must excuse me, and remember me kindly to them all. This is the third letter I have written to thee from New England."

Winthrop's mention of Mondays and Fridays refers to the trysting time they had agreed upon, "att 5 of the clocke" on those days.

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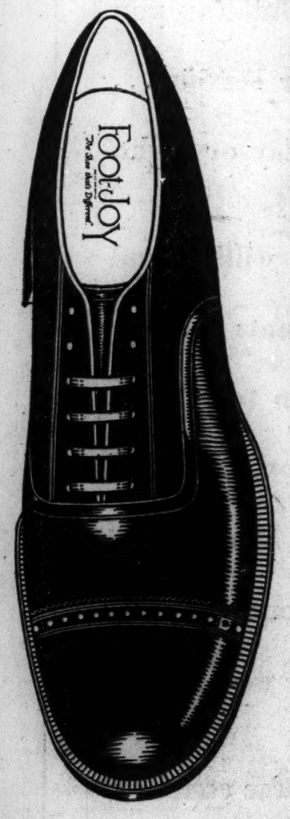

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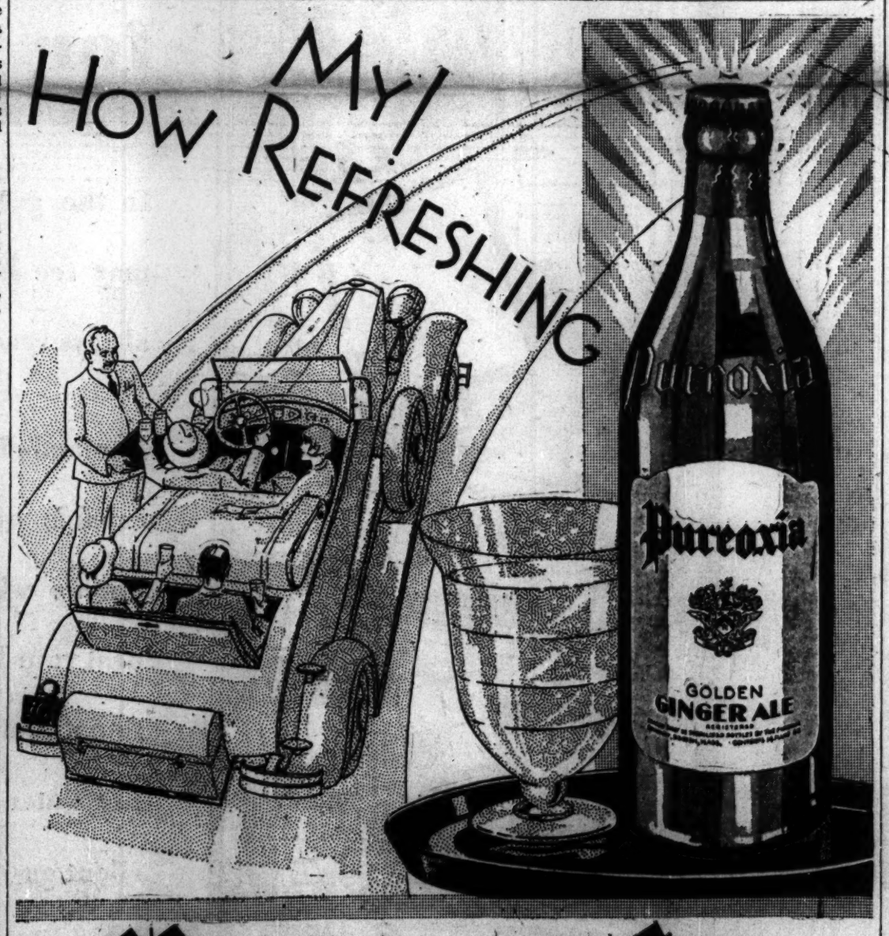

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MAINE COLLEGES JOIN IN PROGRAM OF CLUB WOMEN

Methods of Uniting City and Rural Activities to Be Extended

By a Staff Correspondent

NEW LONDON, Conn. — When Maine colleges and universities coöperated with the Federated Women's Club of the State to bring the rural and urban women together for study of mutual problems and social contact the meetings were such a success that the colleges were nearly overwhelmed by the attendance.

Rural and urban women went away so stimulated they could scarcely wait until time for another such meeting, and so the idea was graphically illustrated to be a success and recommended for repetition in other states as it was described here Sept. 10 in the closing session of the New England Conference of State Federations of Women's Clubs.

Mrs. Eda A. Hutchins, president of the Maine federation, reported that the first meeting of the kind, held at Orono by invitation of the university president, had resulted in a distinct, not to say dramatic, increase in good will among farmers and their wives and women club members from urban districts.

The college auhorities coöperated in the program by providing speakers on home-making matters and the federation was put in the position of wishing it had arrived at this development of its program years sooner because of the response and inspiration of the meeting.

Guarding the Wild Flowers

Mrs. Lafell Dickinson, president of the New Hampshire federation, exchanged the topic of "juvenile delinquency," which she felt too exacting to be discussed in 10 minutes, for a plea for a New England-wide campaign for the preservation of wild flowers native to the area.

Miss Berenice Tuttle of Vermont discussed Vermont's child welfare work with especial emphasis on home-finding for underprivileged children. She said that orphanages and similar homes for children had not disappeared from the State but were comparatively few and that greatly augmented effort was being made to place as many children as possible in private homes. She described the unusually rigid requirements made of such homes.

Job Placement Studied

Walter E. Batterson, Mayor of Hartford, Conn., speaking on "Unemployment," described the program Hartford has begun for a mastery, which must of necessity be gradual, of the effects of unemployment. He took care at the outset to define the two classes of unemployment, which he identified as the "economic unemployed" of the cycle-of-depression-type, and the "sub-efficiency" type.

He described the peculiar unemployment situation of Hartford, saying that the city officials and representatives of welfare and other community agencies had especially studied the problem of job placement in order to determine the classes of work which might be filled by older men as well, if not better, than by young people.

The domiciles of wage earners were canvassed, too, so that, as far as possible, work for the unemployed might be provided near home. There was a definite movement to set new projects of public work going in order to absorb at least a part of the unskilled labor surplus. Hartford, he said, was trying to avoid the reduction of the wage scale and to keep as many people as possible at work, even part-time work, if necessary.

"We are working on the principle that, when private business lags," he said, "local government must increase public expenditure. The city has arrived at an agreement with the Community Chest also to unify effort by having a central office wherein the unemployment superintendent has, close at hand, the case-working units of the Community Chest members."

No new officers were elected at this conference. The Maine delegation invited the conference to meet in that State next year and the invitation was accepted.

ANIMAL PROTECTION REPORTED SPREADING

In the monthly report of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, issued Sept. 9 by the president, Dr. Francis H. Rowley, it was announced that the work of the animal shelters of the society, both at Methuen and at Springfield, is rapidly increasing, due to the large number of lost and neglected dogs and cats.

At the six hydrant stations in Boston maintained by the society, 13,674 horses were watered during August, and the Jack London Club enrolled 1000 members. Nine new Bands of Mercy were reported to the American Humane Education Society. The total number of bands organized has now reached 178,498.

LAWYERS PLAN AN EXPOSE OF WET FALLACIES

State-Wide Drive to Oppose Repeal of Baby Volstead Act

Addressing a mass meeting at Corliss Hall in the Y. M. C. A. at Newburyport on Sept. 9, Prof. Edwin H. Hall of Harvard University announced that the Opposed-to-Repeal Committee between now and election will conduct a state-wide campaign against the repeal of the State Enforcement Law with the aid of prominent lawyers and business men, in which the legal and business aspects of repeal will be made public.

Statistical and legal broadsides containing material prepared by such authorities as Professor Carver of Harvard University and H. LeBaron Sampson of the Suffolk Law School will be used. An illustrated list of fallacies, commonly used by wets advocating repeal, will be published, and public oral debates will be held under the auspices of "well-established and impartial bodies" such as Chambers of Commerce and Rotary Clubs. In announcing this program Professor Hall said:

The speakers thus far enrolled for this service are J. Weston Allen, Prof. T. N. Carver, Damon E. Hall, Joseph Earl Perry, H. LeBaron Sampson and Edmund A. Whitman.

Designating the leadership of the Constitutional Liberty League, which is sponsoring repeal, as both "arrogant and ignorant," Professor Hall said:

"The ignorance of this leadership is shown," Professor Hall continued, "by the fact that the lawyers who are prominent in it have tried in vain to make an effectual reply to Mr. Sampson's arguments as to the legal effects of the proposed repeal. If they were sincere when they initiated this movement, they simply did not know what they were doing, did not know what the legal effects of repeal would be.

Regarding the effects of repeal Professor Hall said:

"H. LeBaron Sampson, member of the Suffolk Bar, in his most recent discussion of the legal aspects of the proposed Massachusetts repeal makes this statement:

"'The proposed repeal would have the following effect: (1) it would take out of the statutes of Massachusetts every provision which makes manufacture, transportation or importation of intoxicating liquors an offence; (2) while every police officer in the State would still be charged under the remaining state statutes with the duty of preventing the sale of intoxicating liquor, he would be deprived of an effective means of performing this duty which he now has, namely, cutting off the supplies of the seller.'"

Among the prominent men who are named as members of the opposed-to-repeal committee are: Roland M. Baker, Arthur H. Brooks, Winthrop M. Crane Jr., Col. B. A. Franklin, Henry I. Harriman, Arthur S. Johnson, the Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, the Rev. Harry Levi, Arthur Perry, Bernard J. Rothwell, Dr. David D. Scannell, F. Goldthwaite Sherrill and Frank W. Stearns.

BRITISH ALUMINUM CO.

LONDON—British Aluminum Company declared interim common dividend of 4 per cent, less tax, same as last year.

MASSACHUSETTS DRYS ACTIVE FOR CAUSE IN STATE

Busier to Save 'Baby Volstead Act' Than Wets Are to Defeat It

That the drys are more active than the wets in the formation of political committees for the furtherance of their cause in Massachusetts is indicated in reports filed with Frederic W. Cook, Secretary of the Commonwealth, which show that 20 groups in the State are battling for retention of the "Baby Volstead Act," compared to three listed for its repeal.

The committees formed for retention of the Massachusetts Dry Act include among others:

Andover Constitutional Defense Committee, Charlton Committee on Constitutional Defense, Citizens Committee of Woburn, Milton Committee of the Law Enforcement League, Northampton Vote No League, Massachusetts W. C. T. U. Political Committee, Orange Constitution Defense Committee, Reading Citizens Federation, Massachusetts Good Citizens Committee of Amherst, Hampshire County Good Citizens Committee, Hyde Park Committee Against Repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, Law Enforcement Committee of Northfield.

Those organized to bring about repeal of the state enforcement act are the Liberal Civic League, the Constitutional Liberty League and the Crusaders' Political Committee.

COLE LEAVES BOSTON FOR HAWAII COMMAND

Brig.-Gen. William E. Cole, since May the commanding general of the First Coast Artillery District, which includes the harbor defenses of New England and Long Island Sound, leaves Sept. 10 for Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, where he will command the 23d U. S. Infantry Brigade.

General Cole will be succeeded here by Brig.-Gen. Alston Hamilton, who will formally take command of the artillery district early next month. General Hamilton recently relinquished command of the 11th Field Artillery Brigade at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii.

SKY HARBOR AIRPORT LISTED FOR AUCTION

CHICAGO (AP)—Sky Harbor, the airport near Glencoe completed last fall at a cost of $750,000, will be auctioned Sept. 15. It is believed to be the first major airport in the country to be placed on the auction block.

Stern Themes of Mathematics Shelved for Sail Down Bay and Shore Dinner

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Two hundred fifty delegates with the 25 wives who accompanied husbands to the joint annual convention of the Mathematical Association of America and the American Mathematical Society, put aside austere problems Sept. 10 for a steamer trip to Newport and a shore dinner.

Although this, to the layman, might have been considered an unusual diversion, there was no lack of interest in the lectures at Brown University. For the consolation of a lay auditor who confessed he was at sea, one of the delegates volunteered the estimate that "not more than 15 per cent of the delegates themselves could follow understandingly the lectures."

Prof. G. D. Birkhoff of Harvard University supplied the most comprehensive note (to the layman) in the convention when he illustrated his paper by means of piano. He spoke on "A Mathematical Theory of Harmony and Melody." He addressed the Mathematical Association of America, which concluded its session, Sept. 9, with the convention of the American Mathematical Society beginning at once. Dr. John Wesley Young, president of the former association, presided.

Among the views presented at the first convention was that advanced by Prof. W. A. Hurwitz of Cornell University, that, in the end, the scholar makes the best teacher. Professor Hurwitz is opposed, in the main, to the idea of research professorships.

Addressing the convention with Professors Birkhoff and Hurwitz were Prof. Enrico Bompiani of the University of Rome, who spoke on "The Italian Contribution to Modern Mathematics," and Prof. H. B. Hammond, director of the Summer School for the Promotion of Engineering Education.

The second convention, addressed Sept. 9 by Prof. Solomon Lefschetz of Princeton, on "Topology," is presided over by Prof. E. L. Hedrick of the University of Southern California.

METHODISTS OPPOSE WAR DRILL IN SCHOOL

FORT COLLINS, Colo. (AP)—Opposition to all military training in high schools and compulsory military training in colleges was contained in a report of the social service commission of the Colorado Methodist Conference Sept. 8.

The conference pledged support to organized labor in efforts to establish a five-day week and a six-hour day.

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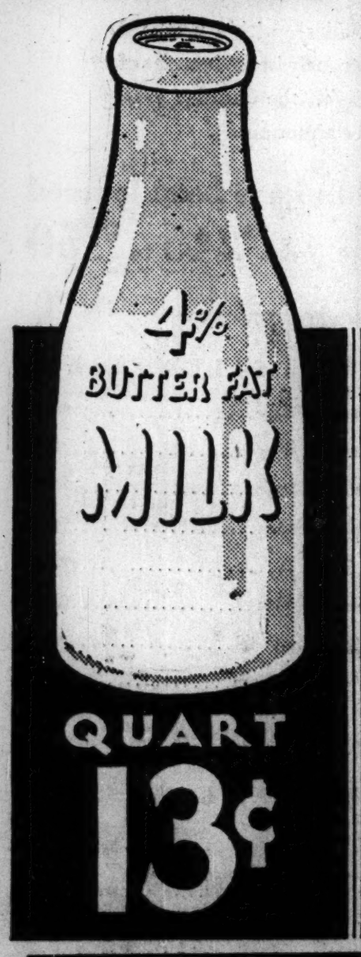

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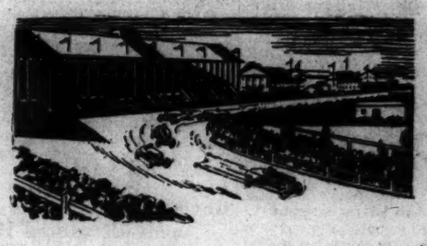

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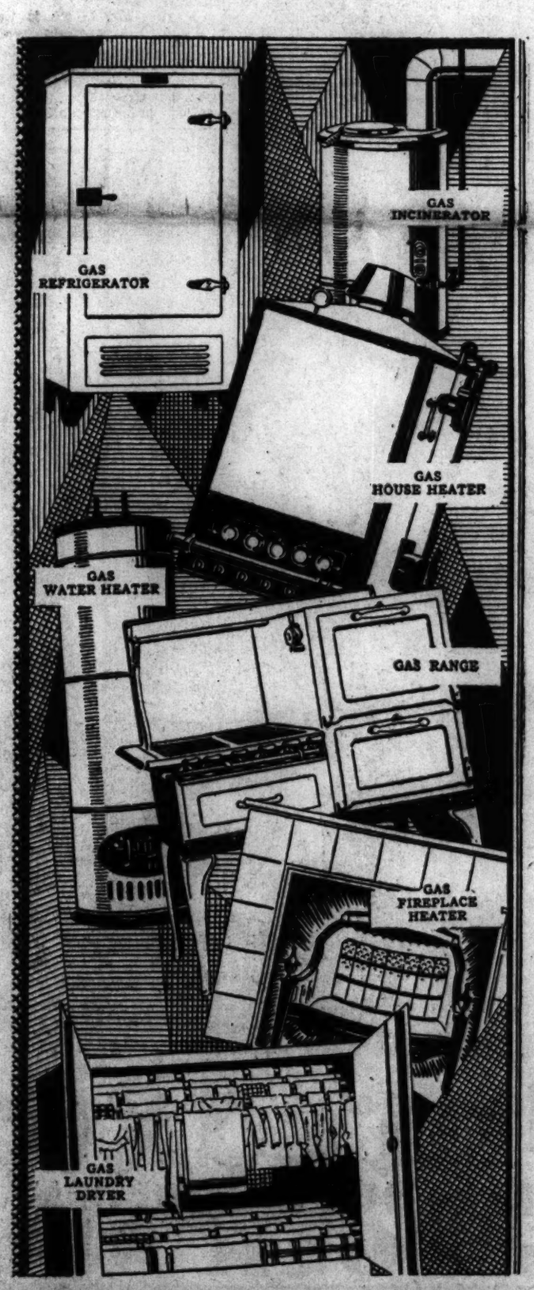

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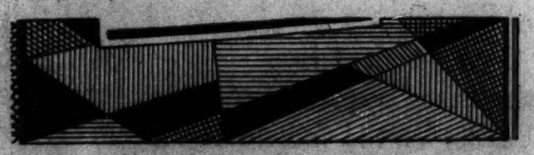

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WORLD OUTLOOK GIVEN AS GOAL FOR AMERICANS

Davis Accepts Presidency of Law Association—Cartel Study Voted

By WALTER W. VAN KIRK
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK — The International Law Association brought its world conference to a close, Sept. 9, by elevating to its presidency John W. Davis, former American Ambassador to Great Britain.

In accepting the honor conferred upon him by his fellow jurists representing 20 nationalities, Mr. Davis emphasized the need of developing, particularly in the United States, an international outlook.

"Hemmed in as we are by our oceans on the east and west and by neighbors on the north and south whom we know too well to treat in any respect as strangers, it is not easy for the great mass of people who inhabit this continental area to realize how wide flung are not only their wide interests, but how wide flung also are the activities of the human race throughout the world. This conference of world jurists has been a day by day lesson on that subject and I think will plant seeds that will bear fruit in the future life of this nation," Mr. Davis said.

In the closing moments of the conference a resolution was adopted looking toward the negotiation of a draft code of world law regarding the operation of international cartels. Under the chairmanship of Dr. Ernst Wolf, president of the Berlin Chamber of Advocates, the conference instructed its committee on cartels "to continue its study of the legal material relating to international cartels and to publish the results of its study in comparative tables giving a synopsis of the present status of the law of cartels in the different states."

Analysis of Cartels

This committee was also instructed to ascertain and analyze all legal problems arising out of the existence of international cartels and to cooperate with other international bodies striving for the same or similar aims.

During its 10-day conference this world body of jurists took favorable action on a large number of resolutions designed to facilitate the progressive codification of international law. Among the more significant of the actions taken by the conference, the following are of particular interest:

Recommendation for an international convention on the legalization of documents; adoption of 16 suggested rules on the effect of war on contracts; approval of resolutions to the effect that scientific institutions throughout the world should undertake the work of coördinating and codifying the laws of nations; adoption of a draft convention on aerial navigation; drawing up of a set of rules covering the protection of the private property of foreigners; adoption of a resolution calling upon governments in the interests of international commerce to enter into agreements regulating the essentials of arbitration practice and procedure between nationals of their respective countries and to provide for reciprocal enforcement of commercial arbitration agreements and awards; and a recommendation that the League of Nations institute a Permanent Minorities Commission.

Dr. Szassy, on behalf of the Hungarian branch of the association, asked that the 1932 conference be held in Budapest.

PARLIAMENTARIANS CONDEMN PROTECTION

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

BRUSSELS — The International Parliamentary Commercial Conference has adopted resolutions condemning the protectionist policy, but declaring it is necessary to remove obstacles of every kind which actually interfere with international exchanges, also urging interested states to put forward practical suggestions to help the work of European economic coöperation in accord with the League of Nations ideals.

The conference appeals to parliaments and governments of all countries to hasten the development of conciliatory judicial and arbitration institutions in harmony with the Pact of Paris.

GRANDI'S LEAVING GENEVA ASTOUNDS LEAGUE CIRCLES

(Continued from Page 1)

work is about to begin. The first committee on juridical questions must decide upon an amendment of the Covenant, placing the League and the Paris pact in harmony. The second committee faces the thorny problem of world economic coöperation, especially the commercial convention signed by the tariff truce conference of March, 1930, which not only disappointed its framers at the time but subsequently was reported to have lost the support of the British Government.

The third committee shoulders the burden of disarmament debate with a meeting of the preparatory commission and the long-expected disarmament conference itself coming near. The signature of the London Naval Treaty is expected to be the stage from which the third committee will advance its work. The fourth committee must first vote the League's budget, and then embark upon the debate, chiefly between Great Britain and Italy, concerning the future conception of the League organism itself. The fifth committee reposes in the comparatively milder consideration of social questions, although it must review the whole gamut of the League's activities against the drug traffic. This debate always presents perplexing viewpoints and United States is keenly concerned. Finally, the sixth committee expects to have the Briand plan for European federation, the Palestine mandate, and possibly the minorities debates to overload its agenda.

NEW YORK-TO-DETROIT RECORD SET BY HAWKS

DETROIT (AP)—Capt. Frank M. Hawks, holder of east and west transcontinental records, arrived at Ford Airport at 6:15 p. m. (E. S. T.) Sept. 9, establishing a record for a New York-Detroit nonstop flight. He left Valley Stream, N. Y., at 3:12 p. m. His elapsed time of three hours and three minutes bettered the previous record of four hours and 15 minutes set two years ago by Col. Charles A. Lindbergh.

Captain Hawks flew the same ship he used in his record transcontinental flights. He came here to referee the national air tour for the Edsel B. Ford trophy, which starts Sept. 11.

BULGARIAN OFFICERS ACT AS JUGOSLAV SPIES

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

SOFIA—Informed circles here completely confirm the reports current during the last few days to the effect that a number of active officers in the Bulgarian army have been carrying on an extensive espionage for the Jugoslav military authorities.

The Bulgarian press is much disturbed over the elaborate military demonstrations in neighboring states.

POND CREEK POCAHONTAS CO.

In August Pond Creek Pocahontas Co. mined 122,531 tons of coal, compared with 114,561 tons in July and with 78,162 tons in August, 1939.

STATE DECLARED THE BEST SUITED TO PROVIDE JOBS

Believed It Should Take Lead in Establishing Employment Offices

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

TORONTO, Ont.—The state should take the leading part in finding jobs for people willing to work, is the opinion of Fred C. Croxton, special assistant in the Department of Industrial Relations of Ohio, in an address Sept. 10 before the eighteenth annual convention of the International Association of Public Employment Services here.

Three roads are before us, he said—to leave to a large share of wage earners the task of going from gate to gate and from shop to shop in search of jobs; to leave them to pay fees to private employment offices, good, bad and indifferent; or to undertake the development of a national employment system which will command the general support of labor, management and the general public.

The state, he believes, should be responsible for bringing together the several offices in the state into a state system, that it should supply a part of the operating funds for local offices, and that it should provide general supervision and be responsible for standards of personnel and of work.

The federal employment system should serve as a coördinating organization and provide the machinery through which the state system can coöperate; it should supply a part of the operating expense and should occupy a general supervisory position and should afford competent supervision and promote constantly improving standards of personnel, of methods, of records, and of reports.

The speaker stated that "the federal system should itself operate no local offices. The operation of such offices emphatically tends to weaken the federal system as a coördinating and supervisory organization. The Federal Government is the only force which can successfully coördinate and supervise the work of the several state systems, and it seems important that it should turn its attention definitely to that larger task and leave the operation of local offices to cities and states which are in better position to do effective work in that field."

AIRPLANE RADIOS PUT UNDER FEDERAL RULE

WASHINGTON (AP)—Another effort to increase the safety of flying was made by the Department of Commerce with the issuance of new regulations governing the use of radio equipment on licensed airplanes.

The regulations, effective Jan. 1, bar radio equipment not approved by the aeronautics branch of the Commerce Department.

OIL WELL-U. S. STEEL MERGER

PITTSBURGH—At a special meeting of stockholders of Oil Well Supply Co., merger with United States Steel Corporation was approved.

Elusive Pygmies of East Africa Keep Interested Eye on Whites

Colonel Furlong, Boston Explorer, Brings Back Relics of Livingstone and Stanley Expeditions—Gives Picture of Jungle Woodsmen

The elusive pygmy tribes of East Africa have disclosed one of their secrets to Col. Charles Wellington Furlong, Boston explorer, who returned home Sept. 9. It is that they are every bit as interested in the white men as the white men are interested in them.

Colonel Furlong spent 14 months in Africa, a part of which was passed in dwelling with the "little people" who call themselves "Manitubi." Gaining their confidence, Colonel Furlong was able to sleep in their dwellings, a privilege, he said, which they had accorded no other white explorer.

"I believe the pygmies to be the most expert woodsmen of the jungle," he declared. "Many have the appearance of full-grown men. They are very primitive but not cannibalistic, very superstitious and move so quietly that you never know when one is around.

"They are peacefully inclined. Their huts are made like beehives and covered with branches of the jungles. Spears, knives and bows and arrows are their weapons for defense and hunting.

"Their currency for trading is anything they may possess that other natives may desire. Some pygmies are only three feet tall; others four feet. Their color is brown.

"Another interesting tribe I found was the Shilluck. The men and women are very tall, in many cases measuring seven feet. They live among the swamps, known as the sudd, along the White Nile. They are warlike, dwell in huts, congregate in tribes, and are great hunters. Agriculture and cattle raising are their principal industries."

Colonel Furlong brought back from Africa relics of the Livingstone and Stanley expeditions which he believes to be the last that can possibly be found.

"Chief Godoy, son of Chief Matubi, one of Stanley's firmest friends, gave them to me," he explained. "They include a spearhead which Matubi wore when he met Stanley, a bracelet and a letter written by Lady Stanley. They will be presented to a museum later.

"One of the greatest finds I made was a 90-year-old native named Chengwimbi. This elderly Negro had remained loyal to David Livingstone during the perilous trip through East Africa to Zanizbar. The man's fidelity is direct proof of the qualities of affection and ideals in the hearts of men regardless of their color or race."

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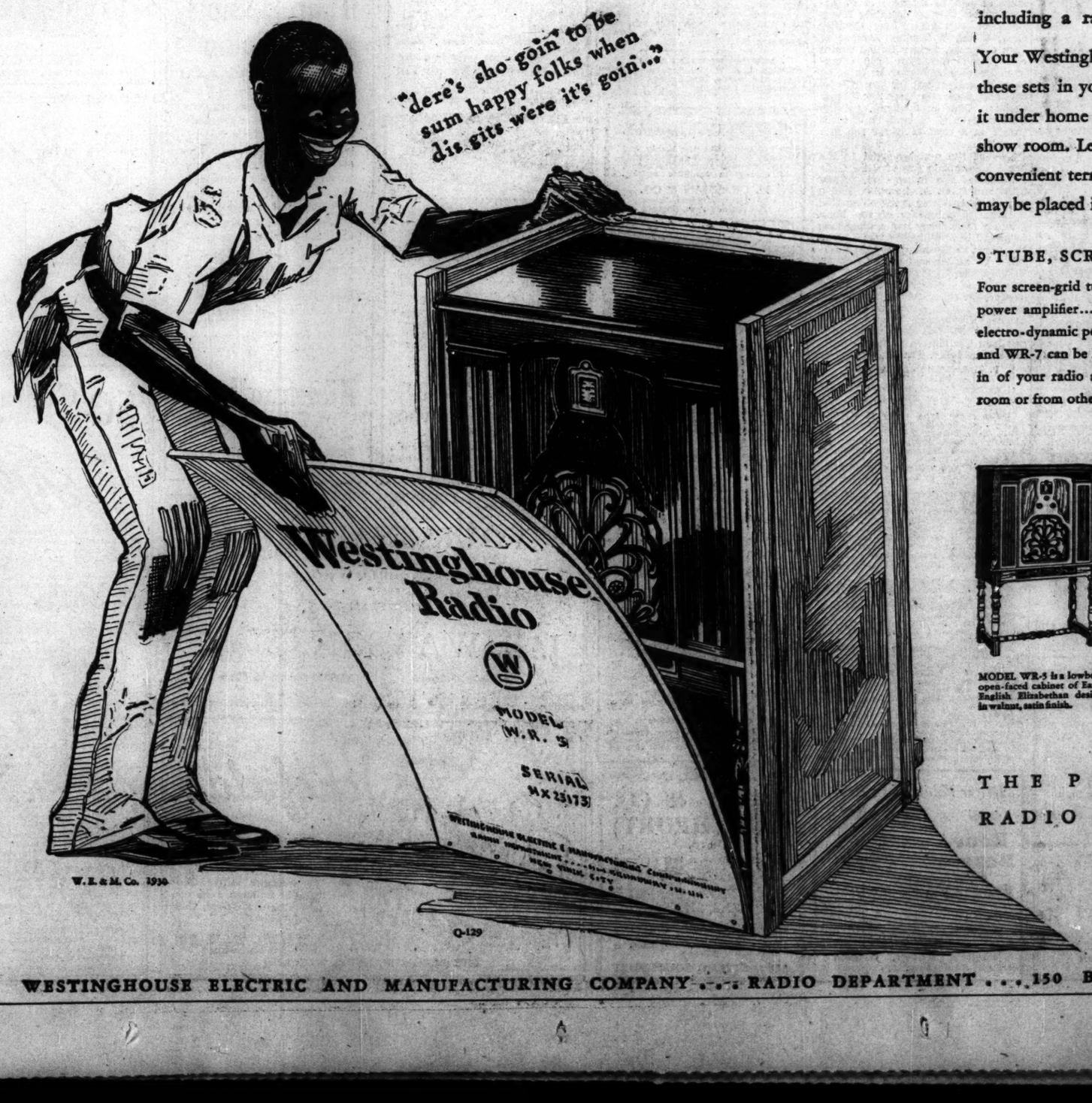
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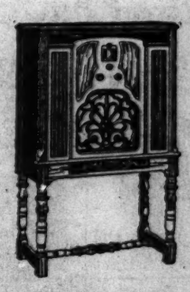
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Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

BRYAN GRANT JR. BOWS TO GILPIN

G. Lyttleton Rogers of Ireland Advances in U. S. Men's Tennis

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—Nine members of the seeded list of Americans, four of the foreign list, all from the British Isles, and three Americans passed bye by the committee, will enter the competition to get into the quarterfinal round of the forty-ninth annual men's singles tennis championship of the United States, at Forest Hills Stadium. In this group, however, there is only one real surprise survivor, as the other two outsiders are listed in the national ranking last year, though omitted from the seeding.

Of the first 10 of 1929, Bill Tilden, Francis T. Hunter, John H. Doeg, John W. Van Ryn, Wilmer L. Allison Jr., R. Berkeley Bell, and Gregory S. Mangin, are all in, as well as R. Norris Williams 2d., No. 11, and Frank X. Shields, No. 12. Bell and Williams were omitted from the seeded list, but the former took the place of Jean Borotra, seeded first among the foreigners, and Williams eliminated George M. Lott Jr. The other two American seeded players are Sidney B. Wood Jr. winner at Seabright and Southampton, and Clifford S. Sutter, United States intercollegiate champion, whose performances this season, though unlisted last year, justified their seeding.

The only real upset Sept. 9 came at the very end of the play, when Samuel B. Gilpin 2d., of Philadelphia, not on the national ranking list at all, defeated another one of the newcomers of this season, Bryan Grant Jr., of Atlanta, Ga., the smallest player of the day.

Endurance Wins

Another member of the American seeded list who went out of the play Sept. 9 was H. Ellsworth Vines Jr. of Pasadena, Calif., but his defeat came in natural course at the hands of G. Lyttleton Rogers, Dublin, the Irish and Canadian champion, who has to his credit a defeat of Henri Cochet at the Riviera last winter. Rogers had a hard battle, however, losing the first two sets, and trailing at 2—3, before he could hit his real European stride. Then the size and endurance of the Irish Giant, as he is called, wore down the play of Vines, and he ran out the match at 4—6, 4—6, 6—4, 6—1, 6—4. He will encounter Tilden next, in what is expected to be one of the startling events of a day guaranteed to be of unusual performances. Other matches in the quarterfinals will bring Shields against Allison, and R. Norris Williams against Hunter, who put the former national champion out of the tourney last year.

Tilden displayed much of his old-time wizardry of stroke and was more active than in any of his United States play this season, in swamping Edward W. Feibleman, 6—1, 6—1, 6—0, while others of the stars to win with ease included John W. Van Ryn, victor over Keith E. Gledhill, former junior champion, 6—2, 6—4, 6—1. Williams, who defeated Harold Blauer, 6—4, 6—3, 6—3, and Shields, who galloped through his match with Elmer J. Griffin, to win at 6—4, 6—4, 7—5. Bell showed well in the earlier part of his match with Richard D. Lewis, but after winning the first two sets and leading at 5—2 in the third, slumped badly at match point, and did not manage to take the set and match until the twenty-fourth game, to win at 6—1, 6—4, 13—11.

Britishers Win Handily

The other three overseas survivors, J. S. Olliff, Frederick J. Perry, and H. G. N. Lee, all showed distinct superiority over their opponents, and won in straight sets. Olliff defeated Keith Werner, winner over Watson Washburn on the preceding day, 6—4, 6—2, 6—0; Perry defeated Edward Jacobs, the Baltimore lefthander, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3; Lee disposed of Jerome Lang, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2.

Sidney Wood, now a strong favorite to encounter Tilden in the final, dropped the second set of his match with Wilbur F. Coen Jr., but clearly outplayed him the balance of the match, to win at 6—2, 1—6, 6—1, 6—1, while Allison, Mangin, Hunter and Doeg were each unable to come through in straight sets. Mangin dropped the third set of his match with John F. Hennessey, the former Davis Cup player, while each of the others were unable to get into their stride until their respective opponents, Richard T. Murphy against Allison, E. R. Avory opposing Hunter, and Lieut. R. M. Watt of the United States Navy against the blond lefthander from Santa Monica, had captured a set apiece. Clifford Sutter was also threatened with defeat, as Herbert L. Bowman, the former all-round athlete of Cornell, took the second and third sets of his match from the Tulane star.

The initial surprise of the national veteran championship came when S. Jarvis Adams Jr., one of the seeded list, of Port Washington, L. I., fell out before the play of Herbert Chase, a local player, 6—3, 6—4. L. A. Godfree, the captain of the British team, after his defeat in the main event, showed that he has still some skill in entering the senior event, and winning with ease from J. P. Nikonow, one of the best of the local stars of the elder group. The summary:

UNITED STATES MEN'S TENNIS SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP—Third Round

Wilmer L. Allison Jr., Austin, Tex., defeated Richard T. Murphy, Utica, N. Y., 4—6, 6—1, 6—3, 6—3.
Frank X. Shields, New York, defeated Elmer J. Griffin, New York, 6—4, 6—4, 7—5.
Gregory S. Mangin, Newark, N. J., defeated John F. Hennessey, Indianapolis, Ind., 6—2, 6—0, 1—6, 6—2.
J. S. Olliff, England, defeated Keith Werner, Los Angeles, 6—4, 6—2, 6—0.
Sidney B. Wood Jr., New York, defeated Wilbur F. Coen Jr., Kansas City, Mo., 6—2, 1—6, 6—1, 6—1.
Samuel B. Gilpin 2d, Philadelphia, defeated Bryan Grant Jr., Atlanta, Ga., 6—2, 4—6, 11—9, 3—6, 6—4.
Clifford S. Sutter, New Orleans, defeated Herbert L. Bowman, New Rochelle, 6—1, 2—6, 4—6, 6—3, 6—3.
R. Berkeley Bell, Austin, Tex., defeated Richard D. Lewis, New York, 6—1, 6—4, 13—11.
William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia, defeated Edward W. Feibleman, New York, 6—1, 6—1, 6—0.
G. Lyttleton Rogers, Ireland, defeated H. Ellsworth Vines Jr., Pasadena, Calif., 4—6, 4—6, 6—4, 6—1, 6—4.
John W. Van Ryn, East Orange, N. J., defeated Keith E. Gledhill, Santa Barbara Calif., 6—2, 6—4, 5—7, 6—4.
Frederick J. Perry, England, defeated Edward Jacobs, Baltimore, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3.
R. Norris Williams, 2d, New York, defeated Harold Blauer, New York, 6—4, 6—3, 6—3.
Francis T. Hunter, New Rochelle, defeated E R. Avory, England, 4—6, 8—6, 6—2, 6—2.
John H. Doeg, Santa Monica, Calif., defeated Lieut. R. M. Watt, U. S. N., 6—4, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4.
H. G. N. Lee, England, defeated Jerome Lang, New York, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2.

UNITED STATES MEN'S VETERAN SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP—Second Round

F. C. Baggs, New York, defeated J. F. Strawinski, Philadelphia, 6—1, 6—1.
Ewing Galloway, New York, defeated Dr. I. D. Hyskell, New York, 5—7, 6—0, 6—4.
Thomas Sturgis, New York, defeated Frank J. Ross, New York, 6—3, 6—4.
Paul Martin, Ossining, N. Y., defeated A. R. Achesen, Syracuse, N. Y., 6—1, 6—3.
Commander C. C. Gill, U. S. N., defeated Jacques L. Verstraten, New York, 6—3, 6—2.
Stephen V. Brubans, West New York, N. J., defeated Arthur Attwood, Washington, D. C., 6—1, 6—1.
Dr. O. I. Van Keuren, Monroe, N. Y., defeated Miles S. Charlock, New York, 2—6, 7—5, 6—4.
Clarence M. Charest, Washington, D. C., defeated Ralph P. Spooner, New York, 7—5, 6—3.
Dr. William Rosenbaum, New York, defeated Manfred Goldman, New York, 6—4, 10—8.
Herbert Chase, New York, defeated S. Jarvis Adams Jr., Port Washington, N. Y., 6—3, 6—4.
Charles Chambers, New York, defeated John C. Neely, New York, 6—0, 7—5.
Alfred J. Cawse, New York, defeated Charles A. Anderson, New Rochelle, N. Y., 6—1, 6—4.
Dr. Bertrand F. Drake, New Rochelle, N. Y., defeated James L. Brewer, Rochester, N. Y., 6—0, 6—0.
Henry H. Bassford, Bronxville, N. Y., defeated Maskell E. Fox, New York, 6—0, 6—1.
L. A. Godfree, England, defeated J. P. Nikonow, New York, 6—1, 6—1.

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South African Girl Swims the Channel

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Dover, Eng.

PEGGY DUNCAN, a South African girl swimmer, succeeded Sept. 10 in swimming the English Channel. She landed at South Foreland from Cape Gris Nez, France, at 12:35 p. m.

Miss Duncan, who is 19 years old, had hoped to better the 14h. 25m. record of Gertrude Ederle established four years ago. Entering the water at about 8:20 p. m., her initial speed was about 2½ miles an hour. The total time for her swim was 16h. 15m.

Miss Duncan's chances of beating Gertrude Ederle's record were taken from her at the western entrance of Dover harbor about 10:30 a. m. when she battled against an adverse tide for nearly an hour and made practically no progress. She eventually was carried toward South Foreland where she landed.

Favorable conditions prevailed for Miss Peggy's swim. The sea was calm and the air almost windless when the tugboat Jenner, escorting her, was sighted early in the morning. Cheer after cheer was raised as she stepped ashore at South Foreland. She went immediately to a hotel at Dover.

Champion Defeats Ciuci in P. G. A. Golf

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PLUSHING, L. I.—All of the favorites who qualified for match play in the annual championship tournament of the Professional Golfers' Association of America came through the first round at the Fresh Meadow Country Club, Sept. 9, although one or two of the leaders were hard pressed.

Leo Diegel of Agua Caliente, Mexico, played golf which should be good enough to assure him of defending his title by defeating Henry Ciuci of the Mill River Country Club, 8 and 7. Tommy Armour of Tam o'Shanty, former United States and present Canadian open champion, served notice that he is going to make a great bid for the title, by defeating Dave Hackney, the Vesper Country Club professional, by the wide margin of 11 and 10. Armour turned in a card of 70 for the first 18 holes.

Two of the matches went to the home hole and in one of these Gene Sarazen of the home club, former open and P. G. A. champion, had a narrow escape from being eliminated by Charles Schneider of the Penn Country Club. They had a ding-dong battle all day. Schneider was 1 up at the ninth in the morning with Sarazen 2 up at the end of the first 18. Sarazen was 1 up at the end of the first nine of the afternoon, but was 1 down at the thirty-second. He squared the match with a par card at the thirty-third, became 1 up when he had a birdie at the thirty-fourth and held this margin by squaring the rest of the holes. The summary:

P. G. A. GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP
First Round

Al Watrous, Oakland Hills C. C., Detroit, defeated Eric Seavall, California C. C., Culver City, Calif., 3 and 1.
Charles Lacey, Pine Valley C. C., Pine Valley, N. J., defeated Charles Guest, Loch Haven C. C., Pontiac, 3 and 2.
Harold Samson, Burlingame, Calif., defeated Clarence Ershman, Philadelphia C. C., 4 and 3.
Leo Diegel, Agua Caliente, defeated Henry Ciuci, Mill River C. C., Stratford, Conn., 8 and 7.
Tommy Armour, Tam o' Shanty, defeated Dave Hackney, Vesper C. C., 7 up.
Bob Shave, Aurora C. C., defeated James Kenney, Sylvania C. C., 1 up.
F. Densmore Shutte, Brookside G. C., Worthington, O., defeated Joe Frank, Chiwaukee C. C., Kenosha, Wis., 8 and 6.
Johnny Farrell, Quaker Ridge C. C., defeated Norman Smith, Yakima, Wash., 7 and 5.
Gene Sarazen, Fresh Meadow C. C., defeated Charles Schneider, Penn C. C., 1 up.
Bob Crawley, Kenosa C. C., Haverhill, Mass., defeated Wiffy Cox, Dyker Beach C. C., Brooklyn, 4 and 3.
Harry Cooper, Glen Oaks C. C., Glen Ellyn, Ill., defeated Bill Mehlhorn, unattached, 2 and 1.
Al Espinosa, Sportsman's G. and C. C., North Brook, Ill., defeated Mark Fry, Oak Knolls, G. C., Oakland, Calif., 7 and 1.
Joe Kirkwood, unattached, defeated Gunnard Johnson, St. Paul, Minn., 8 and 7.
Johnny Gollins, Dayton, O., defeated Johnny Golden, Wee Burn Club, Noroton, Conn., 5 and 4.
Horton Smith, Cragston Y. and C. C., defeated Billy Burke, Round Hill C. C., Greenwich, Conn., 2 and 1.
Laurie Ayton, Evanston C. C., defeated Earl Fry, Alameda Municipal Links, 4 and 3.

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S. C. Mabon Leading in U. S. Senior Golf

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

RYE, N. Y.—At the end of the first 18-hole round in the competition for the twenty-ninth annual championship of the United States Seniors' Golf Association here at the Apawamis Club, Sept. 9, about a dozen players found themselves within a stroke or two of the leader, S. Clifton Mabon, of the Garden City Golf Club, Long Island, whose 80 was only one stroke up on his nearest rivals, Dr. Charles H. Walter of Oakland, Calif., and C. S. Hollingsworth, Greensburg, Pa. Dr. Walter of the Sequoyah Country Club, won the championship in 1928 with scores of 76—82—158.

The next nearest group scored 82's. They were: Frank H. Hoyt, Engineers' Country Club, Roslyn, former champion; F. C. Newton, Round Hill; John D. Chapman and O. A. Woodruff, both of Greenwich Country Club, and Herbert Holton of Tedesco Country Club, Swampscott, Mass.

Hugh Halsell, Dallas, Tex., champion in 1927, turned in an 83. This was equaled by Percy Rothwell, Wampanoag Country Club, West Hartford, Conn. David N. Tallman, senior champion of Minnesota, and Nelson F. Griffin of Richmond County Country Club, Dongan Hills, Staten Island, each turned in 84's.

Due to the size of the field and the high number of handicap strokes given to many of the players, a few of the gross leaders were way down in the net list. The first 10 net leaders in each class were as follows:

Class A—75 Years and Over

D. W. Whitmore, Siwanoy	104	26	78
P. A. Wright, Baltusrol	103	24	79
C. Nevitt, Oshkosh	102	22	80
W. O. Henderson, Scioto	102	20	82
W. W. Leete, Racebrook	95	12	83
R Collier, Dunwoodie	100	16	84
E. O'Neill, Torrodale	110	25	85
D. H. Rowland, Plainfield	119	33	86
W. V. Kellen, Brookline	118	30	88
H.W. Chapman, Westchester Hills	117	20	97

Class B—70 to 74, Inclusive

J. J. Pulleyn, Oakland	107	35	72
C. S. McClellan, Pelham	97	25	72
H. G. Cordley, Norfolk Downs	108	32	76
A. B. Black, Buffalo	96	20	76
Ward W. Willits, Old Elm	91	14	77
A. R. Malkin, Shorehaven	93	15	78
Walter Peterson, Brae Burn	98	20	78
A. H. Revell, Old Elm	92	14	78
H. H. Pike, St. Andrews	101	22	79
S. C. Kelley, Blind Brook	103	25	78

Class C—65 to 69, Inclusive

F. C. Robbins, Atlantic City	86	14	72
H. W. Jessup, Garden City	96	24	72
E. D. Chesebro, Rhode Island	98	25	73
W. B. Pratt, Spring Lake	95	20	75
A. L. Dean, Westchester Hills	97	21	76
L. C. Ruch, Essex County	104	28	76
L. J. Chandler, Springfield	97	21	76
A. J. Wellington, Woodland	92	16	76
W. H. Nevins, Long Meadow	95	20	76
H. L. Walker, Englewood	102	25	77

Class D—60 to 64, Inclusive

J. R. Terrell, Riverhead	92	20	72
O. A. Woodruff, Greenwich	82	10	72
C. B. Hollingsworth, Greensburg	81	9	72
B. H. Weisker, Dunwoodie	98	22	74
L. F. Rothschild, Quaker Ridge	96	22	74
R. W. Van Houten, Houvenkopf	90	16	74
W. H. Thayer, Crow Point	89	15	74
F. H. Hoyt, Engineers	82	8	74
W. H. Sargeant, Long Meadow	92	18	74
W. H. Ellis, Baltusrol	91	16	75
G. F. Willett, Brookline	85	10	75

Class 55 to 59, Inclusive

S. M. Milliken, Apawamis	86	14	72
R. W. Martin, Apawamis	101	28	73
H. H. Holton, Tedesco	82	8	74
H. S. Graves, Apawamis	89	15	74
S. C. Mabon, Garden City	80	5	75
James Baird, Scarsdale	91	16	75
D. A. Sniffen, West Hills	94	18	76
J. S. Kenyon, Metacomet	88	12	76
J. M. Johnzon, Brooklawn	85	9	76
F. J. Lake, Wampanoag	86	10	76
S. R. Browne, Engineers	94	18	76

BOBBY JONES SERVES NOTICE

HIGHLANDS, N. C. (AP)—Bobby Jones has served warning he is right for the United States amateur golf tourney. Winding up a vacation the Atlanta barrister shot a 64 on the par 70 Highlands course, establishing a new course record. He announced he would play an exhibition round in Washington next Tuesday with Leo Diegel, Macdonald Smith and George Voigt. The exhibition is a benefit for Bobby McWatt, former Washington pro.

NEW SOUTH WALES WINS

SYDNEY, N. S. W. (AP)—New South Wales defeated the touring British rugby team by 28 points to 3 Sept. 10.

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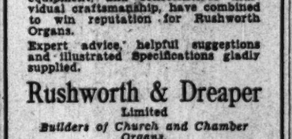

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GERALD MIELKE WINS GOLF TITLE

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

HALIFAX, N. S. — Golf in the Maritime Provinces was brought to championship culmination here this week when Gerald Mielke, of Ashburn Club, Halifax Golf and Country Club, defeated his younger brother Frank in the men's finals of the Maritime Amateur Golfers Association tournament at Ashburn links. This marked the seventh time in which the veteran member of the Mielke family had won the highest golf honors in these provinces.

Miss Audrey McLeod, Riverside Golf and Country Club, St. John, N. B., is ladies' champion this year, the first time such an accomplishment has been made by a New Brunswick player in women's golf in several years. Mrs. A. J. Thompson, Fredericton, was the other finalist.

In Maritime senior play this year for men, the Rev. J. Walter Holland, Riverside, St. John, was victor, wrestling the title from A. C. Puddington, Westfield Country Club, Westfield, N. B.

Tennis honors this summer went mainly to Nova Scotia in this section of Canada, although to the Province of New Brunswick went the premier laurel—men's singles. This proved quite a feat, Jack Babbitt of Fredericton, N. B., New Brunswick singles champion for two years running, having to defeat no less a net star in the final of their class than Le Roi Rennie, Ontario ace, sixth ranking player in Canada.

The men's doubles title was won by Bevil Piers and H. L. Roper, both of this city. Ladies' doubles went to the famous pair who scored so many triumphs in Upper Canada earlier in the year—Mrs. F. V. Woodbury and Mary Currie, both of Halifax. Bevil Piers and Mina Troop, both of Halifax, captured the mixed doubles. Mrs. Woodbury won the ladies' singles championship.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Hollywood	42	18	.689
Los Angeles	34	25	.576
San Francisco	32	27	.542
Oakland	29	31	.483
Sacramento	27	32	.458
Portland	25	33	.431
Mission	25	35	.417
Seattle	24	35	.407

RESULTS SEPT. 9
Mission 9, San Francisco 4.
Mission 3, San Francisco 0.
Oakland 4, Portland 0.
Oakland 9, Portland 7.
Los Angeles 3, Hollywood 1.
Hollywood 7, Los Angeles 3.
Sacramento 6, Seattle 3.
Sacramento 10, Seattle 2.

INDIANS PURCHASE PITCHER

CLEVELAND (AP)—Purchase by the Cleveland Indians of Fay Thomas, right-handed pitcher, for the equivalent of $25,000, from the Sacramento club of the Pacific Coast League, was announced by the Cleveland management Sept. 9. The Indians will pay $10,000 in cash, and two players with a valuation of $7500 each. Thomas received a brief trial with the New York Yankees two years ago and since has been one of the outstanding pitchers in the Pacific coast circuit.

PHELPS HOLDS CUBS IN CHECK

Gives Robins 3-0 Victory Over Champions—Giants Defeat Cardinals

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	80	57	.584
St. Louis	77	59	.566
Brooklyn	78	60	.565
New York	77	60	.562
Pittsburgh	71	65	.522
Boston	64	75	.460
Cincinnati	55	79	.411
Philadelphia	48	92	.338

RESULTS SEPT. 9
Brooklyn 3, Chicago 0.
New York 2, St. Louis 1.
Philadelphia 8, Cincinnati 6.

The race in the National League became even more complicated after the games of Sept. 9 had been completed. The Chicago Cubs, champions and at present the leaders of the circuit, went down to defeat at the hands of the Brooklyn Robins by 3 to 0. Brooklyn is now tie with St. Louis in the number of games from first place, as each club is 2½ contests behind the Cubs. St. Louis also was defeated, the New York Giants being the victors at the Polo Grounds, 2 to 1. The McGraw men are now only three games from the champions and one-half a game in the rear of St. Louis and Brooklyn. In the remaining contest, Philadelphia won from Cincinnati, 8 to 6. Boston and Pittsburgh were not scheduled to play.

Ray Phelps, a young right-handed pitcher whom the Robins secured from the Jacksonville Club of the Southeastern League at the beginning of the 1930 season, held the heavy-hitting Cubs to five scattered hits and shut them out, 3 to 0. The five hits came in as many innings and the young pitcher had the situation well in hand at all times. Brooklyn put across a run in the first inning after two were out and made the victory sure by scoring twice in the eighth. In that inning Babe Herman drove the ball out of the park with one man on base. Pat Malone held the Robins to seven hits, but, as his team mates could not hit Phelps, his efforts were in vain. Frederick made three hits for the winners in four times up, one of them a triple.

An old-fashioned pitching duel was in progress at the Polo Grounds, with Clarence Mitchell of the Giants and Burleigh Grimes of the Cardinals taking part. The former held the losers to seven well-scattered hits, while Grimes allowed only six hits during the seven innings he was in the box. He was retired from the game by a pinch hitter in the seventh and Lindsey finished. The Cardinals took a lead in the first of the seventh, but were unable to hold it. Frisch opened the inning by beating out an infield hit and went to second on Bottomley's sacrifice. The veteran second baseman scored when Blades singled to left. New York's runs came when Jackson singled and Roettger followed with a double. Pinch-hitter Hogan hit to Gelbert, but Jackson beat the throw to the plate. Roettger scored what proved to be the winning run while Leach was being thrown out at first.

The Phillies were trailing the Reds by 6 to 2 in the sixth inning, but scored four runs at that time and two more in the eighth to take victory. Lefty O'Doul, who went to bat as a pinch hitter in the sixth, connected with a home run while two men were on base. Larry Benton went the entire distance for the Reds, being touched for 13 safe hits. Three pitchers worked for the Phillies, Elliott, the last to enter the box, receiving credit for the victory. The scores:

AT BROOKLYN

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	x	3	7	1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1

Batteries—Phelps and Lopez; Malone and Hartnett. Umpires—Pfirman, Rigler and Moran. Time—1h. 40m.

AT NEW YORK

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	x	2	7	1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	7	1

Batteries—Mitchell and O'Farrell; Grimes, Lindsey and Wilson. Losing pitcher—Grimes. Umpires—Klem, Stark and Magerkurth. Time—2h.

AT PHILADELPHIA

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	2	x	8	13	2
Cincinnati	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	16	1

Batteries—Collard, Phillips, Elliott and Davis; Benton and Sukeforth. Winning pitcher—Elliott. Umpires—Jorda, Scott and Quigley. Time—1h. 40m.

LIEUT. J. A. CRANSTON WINS

NEW YORK—Lieut. Joseph A. Cranston won the Second Corps Area golf championship at the Richmond County Country Club at Dongan Hills, S. I., Sept. 9 with cards of 75 and 78 for a 36-hole total of 153. Second Lieutenant Frank Carbone was second with 78 and 81 for a total of 159. As the result of their scores Sept. 9 Cranston and Carbone will represent the Second Corps Area in the national army golf tournament at Leavenworth, Kan., Sept. 15.

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WENDLANDT LEADS IN U. S. RIFLE MATCH

CAMP PERRY, O. (AP)—Sergt. H. W. Wendlandt, United States Infantry, Fort Snelling, Minn., led the list of 1850 contestants at the end of the first two stages in the United States individual rifle match here Sept. 9. He scored 99 out of a possible 100.

Sergt. E. R. Cook, National Guard, Tuscon, Ariz., was second with 98, Sergt. B. Blakely, United States Marines, Natavia, N. Y.; Capt. R. T. Pressnell, United States Marines, Washington; Sergt. R. L. Speers, Seventeenth United States Infantry, Fort Rook, Neb., and Corp. J. Fletcher, Twenty-Fourth United States Infantry, Fort Benning, Ga., were next in line with 97 each.

PROFESSIONAL TENNIS

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—The greatest group of professional tennis players ever gathered in the United States will compete for the professional championship next week at Forest Hills. Six European countries will be represented, as well as the pick of the coaches of the United States. Karl B. Kozeluh, of Czechoslovakia, who has been a visitor since the beginning of these tourneys, will be supplemented by Dan Maskell of England; Ruman Najuch, Hungary; Pierre Etchebaster, France; Hans Hummel, Germany, and Valerain Yavorsky, Russia, while of the American coaches, Vincent Richards, Richards, George Agutter, Charles Wood, Paul Heston and Wallace F. Johnson will represent the east against Howard O. Kinsey, Harvey B. Snodgrass, Norval Craig and Harris California; Philip Bran of the Skokie Club, Chicago, and Philip Bagby, Kansas City, Mo. Play will begin Sept. 14 at Forest Hills Stadium.

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ANOTHER WIN FOR BOB GROVE

Philadelphia Left-Hander Takes Twenty-Sixth Victory on Moore's Homer

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pc.
Philadelphia	94	46	.671
Washington	86	51	.629
New York	78	59	.569
Cleveland	75	66	.532
Detroit	66	72	.478
Chicago	54	83	.394
St. Louis	54	84	.391
Boston	45	91	.391

RESULTS SEPT. 9
Chicago 10, Boston 1.
Philadelphia 3, Detroit 1.
New York 8, Cleveland 6.
Washington 8, St. Louis 4 (12 innings).

Philadelphia held its lead of 6½ games in the American League race on Sept. 9 by winning from Detroit by 3-to 1. Washington kept right after the champions by taking a victory from St. Louis in 12 innings, 8 to 4. The New York Yankees strengthened their hold on third position in the race by winning from Cleveland, 8 to 6. Chicago moved up into sixth place by defeating Boston, 10 to 1.

Bob Grove and Earl Whitehill staged a pitching battle in Detroit, which ended in favor of the former, his twenty-sixth victory of the season. Both men worked on about even terms until Jim Moore, a young Philadelphia recruit outfielder, drove out a home run in the fifth with one man on base. Whitehill allowed only seven hits, gave three bases on balls and struck out six. Grove was touched for eight hits, failed to walk a man and struck out four. Bing Miller tripled and singled for the Athletics, while Stone doubled and singled for the Tigers. Funk also made two hits for the losers.

The Senators and Browns played on even terms until the twelfth at which time Walter Johnson's players sent across five runs and took the victory. In that inning three singles filled the bases. A single by Hayes scored Bluege, another by Rice sent home Ruel and Hayes, and after Burke walked, a double by West scored two more men. The Browns came back in their half with a single run, but could do no more. Of Washington's 15 hits, West and Hayes each made three in six trips to the plate. A triple by Manush was the longest drive of the game.

New York came from behind and finally overcame Cleveland's lead to win. An effective pitcher could not be found by either club, the Yankees using three and the Indians four. Pipgras, the last pitcher to enter the box for the New Yorkers, was given credit for the victory. Coombs and Ruth did the most consistent batting for the winners, each getting three safe hits. Averill made the same number of hits for Cleveland, while Walter Miller had a perfect day at bat with two out of two. McEvoy, one of New York's pitchers, made the longest hit, a triple.

Pat Caraway, a young recruit pitcher with the White Sox, held the Red Sox to five scattered hits and quite easily won a victory. His team mates totaled 19 hits and had 13 men left on bases. Red Barnes was the most consistent batter of the day, the Chicago center fielder getting four hits in five times at bat, one of them a triple. Watwood and Reynolds came through with three out of five, a triple being included in the latter's hits. Of Boston's five hits, a double by Bill Regan was the longest. The scores:

AT DETROIT

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	7	3
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	8	1

Batteries—Grove and Cochrane; Whitehill and Desautels. Umpires—Van Grafian, Connolly and McGowan. Time—1h. 56m.

AT ST. LOUIS

Inn'gs—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	R	H	E
Wash'gton	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	15	2
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	10	3

Batteries—Hadley, Marberry, Burke and Ruel; Collins, Kimsey and Ferrell. Winning pitcher—Burke. Losing pitcher—Kimsey. Umpires—Geisel, Moriarty and Owens. Time—2h. 41m.

AT CLEVELAND

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	2	0	8	16	1
Cleveland	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	6	11	0

Batteries—Wells, McEvoy, Pipgras and Dickey, Jorgens; Hudlin, Miller, Jablonowski, Shaffner and Sewell, Myatt. Winning pitcher—Pigras. Losing pitcher—Jablonowski. Umpires—Ormsby, Guthrie and Hildebrand. Time—2h. 44m.

AT CHICAGO

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	1	0	3	0	4	0	0	2	x	10	19	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	1

Batteries—Caraway and Crouse; Russell, Smith and Connolly. Losing pitcher—Russell. Umpires—Nallin and Campbell. Time—1h. 51m.

Southern Conference Teams Now Busy on the Gridiron

Football Is Once More in the Air South of Mason and Dixon Line, With Well-Rounded Schedules Made Up for 22 Colleges

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Football is in the air again throughout the Southern Conference with all 23 teams beginning practice on Labor Day in good old fashion. Even to the very conservative it appears that one of the greatest Conference seasons is just in the offing. Well-rounded schedules with plenty of games between member teams and some 18 intersectional affairs to add spice to the season; magnificent new stadia beckoning large squads of hopefuls and new faces among the men who will tutor them, these things have made the joy of southern enthusiasts well-nigh complete.

The vagaries of football make a preseason selection of the championship team nothing short of an impossibility. Overconfidence among seasoned players, lack of confidence in the capable but young squads, an unforeseen lack of harmony, are all elements to be considered, and, while they make football the uncertain and fascinating game that has captured the public fancy, they are also factors that make prognosticating a hazardous undertaking. Picking teams by ranking groups may be accomplished with a fair degree of accuracy, and with this object in view Tulane, Tennessee, Georgia and Vanderbilt appear to have the best chances of finishing around the top.

Tulane Has Veteran Line

Tulane, champion team of the 1929 season, starts this year with a veteran line. Only C. M. Rucker '30 a tackle, is missing from the first line, while G. E. Dalrymple '31 and R. J. Holland '30, a sterling pair of ends, together with such outstanding players as E. M. McCance '31, tackle, Morris Bodenger '30, guard, and Capt. L. T. Roberts '31, center, have taken up their duties again. Such backs as W. B. Banker, '30 and F. X. Armstrong '30 are hard to replace; but the loss of the entire backfield quartet makes the task more difficult. The second backfield comprised of Lowell Dawson '32, quarter, H. W. Whatley '31 and H. C. Glover '32, halves, and A. E. Massey '31, full, are back, and some promising men have come up from the freshman. After its intersectional battles with Texas A. & M. and Northwestern, Tulane launches forth on a none too difficult Conference program, and should the new backs come through, the pupils of Coach B. E. Bierman will be a real threat.

For two years Tennessee has knocked at the championship gate only to be tied by Kentucky in the final battle. This year Coach R. R. Neyland will display as fine a trio of backs as roams the land, but is likely to have a problem with the line. R. L. Dodd '31 is credited with being the finest Conference quarterback of recent years, while E. T. McEver '31 and J. S. Hackman '31 are both powerful running backs. P. N. Hug '31 and F. P. Brandt '31 are a great pair of ends, Capt. H. J. Thayer '31 asks no odds at guard, and W. R. Saunders '32 was a big star as a substitute tackle last year. Heavy players from the reserves and freshman graduates are available, and if they come through in expected fashion, Tennessee should capture a richly deserved championship.

Georgia For Open Offense

Georgia put a young team into the field last year that astonished the South by its brilliant though erratic play. With a year of experience the Georgians must be reckoned with in any advance calculations despite the fact that intersectional games with Yale and N. Y. U. are certain to hamper the team in its hunt for southern laurels. Coach H. J. Mehre has his Notre Dame system working smoothly at Athens and with a smart quarterback, A. J. Downes '32 to direct the attack, J. E. Roberts '32 to crash the line, and M. B. Dickens '31, A. C. Waugh '31, J. F. Davidson '30, and S. F. Chandler '32 to take care of the running attack, Georgia is well prepared for an open offensive. Downes and Chandler are both excellent passers while the latter developed into a splendid kicker last year. Capt. H. S. Maffett '31 and V. S. Smith '32 who as a sophomore scored 15 points against Yale, are defensive stars at the ends and since both are fine pass receivers, the Georgia passing game should be very good.

Spero Tassapoulas '31 is ready to take a regular turn at center after having substituted capably for Capt. Joseph Boland '30 at the position last year while L. M. Leathers '32 and R. S. Mattox '32, guards, and R. S. Rose '32, tackle, did great work in the line last year and are ready to continue. Much of Georgia's success depends on whether the vacant tackle, a place that caused some trouble last year, is properly filled.

Vanderbilt is nearly always conceded a place among the leaders due to the masterful ability and record of D. E. McGugin who is beginning his twenty-seventh year as coach of the Commodores. The Vanderbilt mentor is faced with the task of replacing four linemen and since there was practically no reserve strength in the Commodore camp last year, replacements must come from what is said to be the best group of sophomores in years. Capt. J. H. Scheffer '30 and W. R. Schwartz '31, are capable ends and Schwartz can kick, which should fortify Coach McGugin at his pet style of play—the passing and kicking game. Capable passers are always present on a Vanderbilt team and Benjamin Parker '32, signal-calling fullback, should take up where he left off last year at this angle of the game. T. A. Leonard '32 and J. B. Thomas '32, halfbacks, should add dash to the attack while W. C. Roberts '33 is a young back of unusual promise. W. W. Morehead Jr. '32, a rugged tackle, is the only veteran available for line duty from tackle to tackle, but if the many promising sophomores show up as expected, Vanderbilt will surely be in the running. The Commodores meet Minnesota on Oct. 4, rather early for so important a game, but the Conference schedule is nicely worked out with Alabama, Technology and Tennessee providing the chief opposition and none of them on successive Saturdays.

Have Lost by Graduation

In the second group we have teams that are traditionally strong but have lost heavily by graduation, or who, through some weakness in an important department of play or a tendency toward inconsistency, are just a little below the first group in potential ability. Included in this section of the list are Alabama, Kentucky, North Carolina, Florida and Georgia Technology.

Alabama with a line as strong as any in the Conference in 1929, failed to get going because of a lack of consistency on the part of the backs and a decided weakness at both ends of the passing game. B. P. Holm '30, powerful fullback, is missing, but John Cain '33 is counted on to fill in nicely at the position and has the added advantage of being a great kicker, the kicking game, incidentally, being another weak link in the Alabama chain last year. With the exception of one regular, the 1929 front wall has returned and with the giants, F. W. Sington '31 and Capt. C. B. Clements '31, back in form, the Tide should claim one of the finest tackle pairs in America. The present season is the last for Coach W. W. Wade before moving on to Duke and this fact should prove an incentive to the players in going through a schedule that calls for Tennessee, Vanderbilt, Kentucky, and Florida in a row.

Kentucky is another team with a heavy, rugged line, intact except for the loss of W. T. Drury '30, a star player, at tackle. This loss, however, should be minimized since a brother, John Drury '32, is on hand to fill the gap. Capt. W. E. Covington '30 is missing from the backfield; but C. A. Spicer '31, quarter, and J. S. Kelly '32, half, two shining stars, are back, and much is expected of Ellis Johnson '33, who should be a great help at fullback, weak point of the backfield last year. From this angle, Alabama and Tennessee are the only real obstacles in the path of the Kentuckians and the games are far enough apart to permit pointing.

North Carolina Loses Linemen

North Carolina lost only one game last year out of a very difficult schedule and would be rated among the leaders except for large losses in the line. Only E. R. Lipscomb '31, center, and J. B. Fenner '30, end, have returned from the excellent forward wall of 1929. A large number of linemen from the strong reserves of last year and C. G. Blackwood '31, a varsity guard in 1928, are on the job, however, and it seems likely that the front line situation will work out satisfactorily. Backfield losses are minor when one considers the fact that such dashing backs as J. D. Branch '32, quarter, Capt. E. S. Nash '31, J. E. Magner '31, and F. W. Slusser '32, halves, and H. C. House '31, full, are in harness and well versed in the Notre Dame shift as expounded by Coach C. C. Collins. Carolina lists eight tough opponents in the organization and Georgia, only victor over the Tar Heels in 1929, Tennessee and Georgia Technology must be met on successive Saturdays.

Florida is attempting an ambitious schedule this year with the intersectional game with Chicago as an added attraction. Beginning the season with splendid prospects last year, the 'Gators for some unexplainable reason fell down at crucical points in the race. This year a rebuilding process is under way and with more serious competition resulting from the battle for positions, Florida is likely to be well in the running. J. H. Nolan '31, end; D. B. Waters '31, tackle, and J. H. Steele Jr. '31, star guard, are the only full-time line performers back, but a number of men who saw occasional service last year are ready for the vacancies. Backfield prospects are bright with such players as Capt. Le Roy Bethea '31, C. E. Sauls '31 and L. Dorsett '32, back in the fold.

Georgia Technology faces seven difficult games in the Conference and must also make two trips North to play Carnegie Technology and Pennsylvania. Coach W. A. Alexander must undertake this program with one of his smallest squads in years, yet the Technology veteran has accomplished some difficult tasks and may hand out a few surprises before the season is gone. Cheerful news is the return of F. A. Spear '31, star tackle in 1928, who together with the rugged G. LaV. Maree '31, who was shunted to full last year, should give the Georgians a pair of tackles second to none. T. G. Jones '31, an end, and J. O. Brooke '31, varsity guard, are back and with four regulars Coach Alexander has the nucleus for a good line. Capt. E. O. Dunlap '31, a splendid passer and runner, is going to call signals and is the only veteran of a backfield that included J. G. Thomason and L. W. Mizell '30 last year. A group of 1929 substitutes, former ineligibles, and sophomores make the Technology situation a bit brighter than it would appear at first glance.

Third Group Weaker

In the third group of teams are those members of the Conference whose chances for success appear less than even. At the head of this group stands Washington & Lee. The Notre Dame system was established by Coach G. E. Oberst at Lexington last year, and as this style of play requires several years for perfection, it is hardly likely that the Generals will go far this season. A strong line and a big, heavy backfield is reported from Lexington this year, and with a schedule that is none too trying, the Generals should improve their 1929 record. Improvement is also looked for at Louisiana, Virginia, Clemson and Maryland, but Virginia Military Institute, a good team last year, returns only Capt. R. F. Dunn '31, so that its chances are not rosy. Material is not very plentiful at Duke or South Carolina, and these colleges do not appear strong on paper.

Experience has taught that few teams go well during the first year of a new coaching régime. Assuming that this rule continues to hold true, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Sewanee, North Carolina State, Mississippi A. & M. and Mississippi University, all claiming new coaching staffs, can hope for little this year.

CHALLENGE FOR SIX-METER CUP

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—The Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club has sent a challenge to the Royal Northern Yacht Club, Scotland, for a series of races next summer between eight-meter yachts. The challenge is the result of the winning of the Seawanhaka International Cup last summer by Frank Robertson's Caryl after a five-race series with F. C. Paine's Gypsie, on Long Island Sound. Should the challenge be accepted, it is expected that the races will be sailed about June 15 next. The first race for this trophy was held in 1895 when the United States won. The Royal St. Lawrence Y. C. of Canada won it the next year and defended it successfully until 1906, when, the Manchester (Mass.) Y. C. won it for the United States. Manchester defended it in 1910 and it was not raced for again until 1922 when Coila III won it in 1922 for Scotland. Scotland defended it against the United States and Norway in 1923 and 1924 respectively; but the United States won it in 1925. There was no race in 1926. Norway won it in 1927, but lost it again in 1928 to the United States.

EIGHT PLAYERS TO ROBINS

MACON, Ga. (AP)—Eight members of the Macon baseball club, winners of the second half championship of the South Atlantic League and now entered in a playoff with Greenville for the 1930 pennant, have been recalled by Brooklyn. They will report to the Robins next spring, club officials have announced. They are Paul Richards, Phil Gallivan, Buck Greene, Earl Mattingly, Al Cohen, Johnny Krider, Bob Parham and Bobby Reis. The players already were property of Brooklyn.

MISS GREW SWIMS 15 MILES

ISTANBUL, Turkey (AP)—Miss Anita Grew, daughter of the American Ambassador, swam 15 miles in the Bosphorus in 5h. 32m. Sept. 9. Her swim was from Roumelikavak, near the Black Sea, to the tower of Roumeli Hissar.

PICK-UPS

MANY new faces were found in the lineups of major league clubs during the 1930 season. A large number were called, yet only a small percentage of these were deemed capable of holding down a regular position on a big league ball team. In the National League it seems that four outstanding pitchers were found in Tesreau of Chicago, Phelps of Brooklyn, Collard of Philadelphia and Lindsey of St. Louis. These men began the season in the rôle of relief workers, but did so well their respective managers used them regularly. In the catching department there are two outstanding candidates, Lopez of the Robins and Mancuso of the Cardinals. Both men have been in the game as regulars, the former often being spoken of as the leading recruit of the present year.

Turning to the other positions, Gus Suhr of Pittsburgh has been the most capable first baseman among the newcomers. Sherlock of the Phillies can play either first or second and can be placed at the latter position. Marshall of New York is the most promising shortstop, with Cuccinello first among the third basemen. A hard-hitting outfield can be made up of Berger of Boston and Fisher and Watkins of St. Louis. All of these men have performed well enough to be caused little concern over their position next season and should later develop into the stars of the game.

In the American League, the following recruit lineup could be placed on the field and give a good account of itself. Kuhel, Washington, first base; Williams, Philadelphia, second base; Warstler, Boston, shortstop; Jeffries, Chicago, third base; and Jolley, Chicago, Funk, Detroit, and Seeds, Cleveland, outfielders. Caraway, Chicago, and Mahaffey, Philadelphia, are good pitchers, with Desautels of the Tigers a capable receiver. There are several other men of note that could be placed in the lineup on both the National and American League teams, but these have made the best showing during the greater part of the season. Many other young players were sent up and then returned to their minor league club, who may make the grade in 1931. Nevertheless the young stars on the two teams just mentioned should stay in the majors for some time to come.

If Bill Terry of the Giants continues at the pace he is now traveling, he will end the season as the most consistent batter in the National League. And if he is successful in beating out Chuck Klein of the Phillies and Babe Herman of the Robins, he will be the first member of John McGraw's club to finish first in batting since 1915. Several New York players have found their way among the leaders, but not since Larry Doyle outhit all National League rivals 15 years ago have the Giants had a champion. The veteran second baseman hit only .320 that season, but as the lively ball was not in use at that time it was considered a very high average. Incidentally, Rogers Hornsby was the first batter to jump up to a high mark, for in 1920 he hit .370. Including games of Sept. 9, Terry has an average of .406, 12 points better than that of Herman.

Connie Mack seems to have struck another "find" in Jimmy Moore, recently secured from the Dallas Texas League club. The young outfielder has played several games in the absence of Mule Haas. On two occasions his batting has won games for the champions and at one time a brilliant catch in the final inning ended an opponent's rally. He is a hard hitter as well as a steady fielder.

When the Red Sox return to Boston at the end of their present road trip, five scheduled games will be remaining. According to an announcement made by Hi Mason, the club secretary, these five contests will be played at Braves Field.

Being an open date in their schedule, the Boston Braves took part in an exhibition game on Sept. 9 with the Chatham team of the Cape Cod League. With Percy Jones in the box, the National League club won 13 to 2. Bill Dunlap, a young Boston outfielder, starred at the bat with a home run, double and two singles.

YACHTS RECEIVE FINAL TOUCHES

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEWPORT, R. I.—The Enterprise, which is to defend the America's Cup beginning Saturday, and the Shamrock V, Sir Thomas J. Lipton's challenger for the famous yachting trophy, are receiving the final touches in preparation for the first of the series of races which will take place off this port. Enterprise had a trial Sept. 9, working out another mainsail and then sailed up Narragansett Bay to Bristol, where she is now hauled out for a final polishing. The Shamrock was on the railway here, where her underbody was being scraped down and a new coat of paint applied.

INDIANS PURCHASE PITCHER

NEW ORLEANS (AP)—Manager Larry Gilbert of the New Orleans Southern Association Pelicans announced on Sept. 9 the sale of Pitcher "Lefty" Lee to the Cleveland Indians for $10,000. Lee will report to the Indians next year.

PIRATES PURCHASE TWO

COLUMBIA, S. C. (AP)—The Columbia Comers of the South Atlantic League have announced the sale of Floyd Young, shortstop, and Clay Mahaffey, pitcher, to the Pittsburgh Pirates. The amounts involved were not announced.

CHICAGO LOSES TO KEIO UNIVERSITY

TOKYO (AP)—Keio University defeated the University of Chicago baseball team here Sept. 10, 4 to 2. Henshaw, Chicago left-hander, lost a pitchers' battle, giving the Japanese three runs in the eighth. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Keio University	4	5	0
Chicago	2	4	0

Batteries—Tsukakoshi and Okada; Henshaw and Cahill.

I. H. LEAGUE MEETING SEPT. 12

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WINDSOR—The annual general meeting of the International Hockey League will be held here Sept. 12. Representatives of all eight clubs of this four-year-old professional hockey league will be in attendance. Election of officers for the 1930-31 season and the discussion of a number of important business matters in connection with the coming term, are on the agenda. Five of the club managers have been living in Windsor this summer: Morris of Hamilton Tigers; Roach of Buffalo Bisons; Holmes of the championship Cleveland team; Reid of Niagara Falls, and Mitchell of Windsor. Charles S. King of Windsor has had the presidency of the league since its inception in 1926-27.

PRINCETON R. O. T. C. TEAM WINS

BRYN MAWR, Pa. (AP)—The Princeton R. O. T. C. polo team opened the 12-goal tournament on the Bryn Mawr oval Sept. 9 with a 10-to-5 victory over the Sixth Field Artillery riders.

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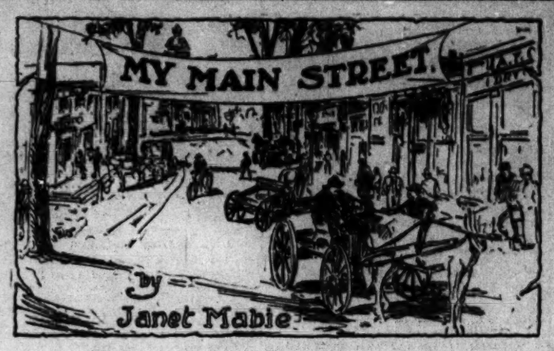


XIV—John Hays Hammond Jr.

Any one of a half dozen men to be encountered around the laboratories of John Hays Hammond Jr., have a far more inventor-ish appearance than he. Indeed, the first time I went to the great "medieval castle" overlooking the sea off Gloucester, which is his home, I spent certainly 10 minutes peering with what thinly veiled secrecy I could over his shoulder to see when John Hays Hammond Jr. would come around the corner or along the path. He is a man as simply mannered as that too; and but for something he said that gave me a jolting clue, no telling how long I should have gone on thinking that here was just someone affable, good enough to fill in chinks of waiting.

Among his predilections Hammond has a gift for designing glass. And upon more than one visit to "Badia Mare," which is the name of the great house, it has come to me that here was a man of as prismatic aspect as his extraordinarily beautiful glass which has one fundamental color and hundreds of overtone colors. Hammond has taken patents on something like 270 inventions.

Works in Circular Room

The room in which Hammond works is very far from being a room in which you would expect to find an inventor poring over delicately balanced instruments. It is a perfectly circular room; a few shallow steps lead down to it. It is paneled in a curious green that gives it a feeling of velvet. One-half its circumference is lined with books. The other is adorned with a mural by Eric Pape of a demonstration of the inventor's radio-controlled torpedo in an engagement at sea.

In the room there is a small grand piano, too. "I should like you to hear what we have done with the piano," Mr. Hammond said to me. The piano has a "tonal pedal," of his invention. It is a fourth pedal which controls a set of aluminum shutters set above the strings, and another set below the sounding board; and the effect of it is to augment or diminish the tone of the piano as the swell pedal of an organ augments or diminishes its tone.

Hammond stood by a window looking out over the water that tossed on the grim rocks of Norman's Woe a little distance away, and his friend Lester Donahue the concert pianist played a few tentative bars to show me how the pedal affected the sound. It was at Carnegie Hall in November, 1925, that he introduced the piano, playing with Stokowski and the Philadelphia Orchestra.

Has No Talent for Gabbling

I do not know if Hammond himself ever shows any elation, in the customary manner of men showing such an emotion, over these very important developments he works out at Gloucester. That day, as Donahue said, "Every time I use it, I find something more in it." Hammond only smiled slightly, standing by the window in the green paneled room.

It is doubtful if any complete story of his career could possibly be got from Hammond himself for he has no talent for gabbling and so many things of his own are, manifestly trifles to him.

Hammond won't talk invention to any extent with a visitor except in some modest degree as it has bearing on some recent experiments in acoustics. But he will talk of his house.

Several years ago when it became known that young Hammond was building a new house, a half mile or so up the road from his father's estate, it was assumed that he was merely building a new home.

Sh! A Mysterious House

And, because he was an inventor and supposed to be engaged in mysterious dealings with the elements of electricity and the like, rumors flew thick and fast. The house was a web of secret passages . . . it had disappearing floors . . . sliding panels . . . hidden rooms . . . floating ceilings. . . .

Mr. Hammond went to Europe. What kind of a man went off to Europe to live while a house filled with such oddities was rising on a ledge of beaten old rocks? Great cases began arriving from Europe. And shipments of stone. What kind of a man sent big pieces of stone from Europe to the coast of Massachusetts? Wasn't there enough stone to suit a civilized man in Massachusetts!

But now the house is as finished as a house may be upon which a man intends to keep at work all his life. It is filled with the things that kept arriving in cases from Europe during his absence. The stones are in the exterior of the house. . . . And trees are being uprooted in other places and brought to Gloucester so that the house, which has a medieval cast, may have a forest about it suited to its architecture and its feeling.

And why is all this?

Young Hammond was sent abroad when he was a boy to school. He had advantages in the joy of becoming familiar with the great things in the fine arts in their own natural surroundings. But he never forgot that all boys and girls cannot go abroad. That quantities of young art students are never able to get together the money to go to the great sources of art and to see things for themselves. So he decided to provide an alternative.

Most of House in Museum

The house, then, all but a few of the living rooms of the family, is an incorporated museum, designed as an inspiration and a source of learning for young people. And it is characteristic of Hammond that he has modified the chill stiffness which is the tradition of museums and insisted that there be no barriers to complete freedom for visitors than are decently necessary.

"Chairs in which people can sit, and feel themselves for a moment in another age," he has said to those concerned with him in the arrangement of the fittings. "Not any roped-off pieces of furniture to repel people as they look at them from a distance. And I want the doors of the rooms left standing open; and a fire burning in the great fireplace always. And an atmosphere of livability everywhere, not one of haughty isolation from the common touch."

And so it has gone. The first day the house was opened to visitors except family friends it was to a company of young high school students.

And anyone would be very short-sighted indeed who did not appreciate what a feeling of warmth and youthful inspiration those boys and girls carried away that day for having had simply explained to them a great door which admitted worshipers to a fifteenth-century church in France, and a table made in Venice in the fourteenth century, and a thirteenth-century fireplace from central France, and a complete fifteenth-century French house, let into the walls of his own home as part of its design.

I look back with amusement on a day I went for lunch at "Badia Mare." A telegram had come from Hammond. "Stowkowski is here. Can you come to lunch one day?" We agreed on Friday. I expected to find at least a dozen people. There were only Stokowski, and Hammond and Lester Donahue.

All Dogs Named Boris

There are several dogs in the Hammond household. A magnificent Borzoi. A gigantic creature who borrows as much from the Great Dane strain as from the police dog. And I forget what the others are. The thing to remember is that each dog is named Boris. If you look a little doubtful, Hammond does not keep you waiting for an explanation. "We call them all Boris for it saves time and confusion."

Personally, I should have been willing to expect a modest amount of confusion if I called, "Here, Boris!" and about 300 pounds of assorted dogs arrived.

That day Stokowski was far from being the truculent or explosive figure I had been led to expect. He seemed a most casual mannered man as he came into the Great Hall with his fingers caught between two pages of a book and one smallish Boris. His aureole of hair, which is the color of Sahara sand, was like the cool flame of a smoke bush in August. He wore sand-colored clothes that exactly matched it, and in his face there was not a trace of color, so that the whole effect of him as he came through the Gothic gloom of the room was of a moving pillar of sand color.

Hammond, neat, compact and soft-voiced, came along presently, accompanied by one of the more portentous of the Borises. And then Donahue; Donahue is a slight, wiry man, with an elastic step, and he has an air of lightly suppressed gayety. Since, as a child, Madame Modjeska obliged him to play for Paderewski, he has been under the rigorous training all born musicians must take, and his accomplishments have no doubt been enough to have driven all the gayety out of him, to make room for more sober emotions; but there he was.

Hammond, I think, had been working in the laboratory up to the last minute before lunch, and the sobriety of high concentration had still to burn off. Stokowski was holidaying. We went into the dining room, which is part of a house, let into the courtyard wall, and which belonged to one of the Crusaders.

And Hammond's abstraction wore a little thin because the first thing that appeared on the table was a truly splendid arrangement of spaghetti.

Ah, That Dear Spaghetti

I have the misfortune to abominate spaghetti, but Hammond said suddenly, in the voice of a little boy who has unexpectedly encountered a mine of ice cream:

"The recipe of this is known only to me and to one other man in the whole world. It is the most marvelous stuff I have ever eaten in my life. Wait, you'll see."

Having heard somewhere that people who eat spaghetti make whole meals of it, I felt certain there would be nothing else. I was wrong, as this triumph was but a prelude. I still dislike spaghetti, but I am willing to admit that, if I must eat spaghetti, I can endure it best if cooked that way.

There seems to be no heavy talk at the table in Hammond's house. That day it resembled an iridescent fog. When we had done lunch we were to hear a new invention of Hammond's which I am not at liberty to describe. That was the reason Stokowski had come there, if any reason was needed beyond their all being old friends, to hear the new development which has to do with music.

And this was during the period of Stokowski's "Sabbatical" from the Philadelphia Symphony, that he might investigate the requirements of radio as it pertains to broadcasting the music of a great orchestra. Together, each morning, I understood, he and Hammond were studying some points of radio transmission and amplification.

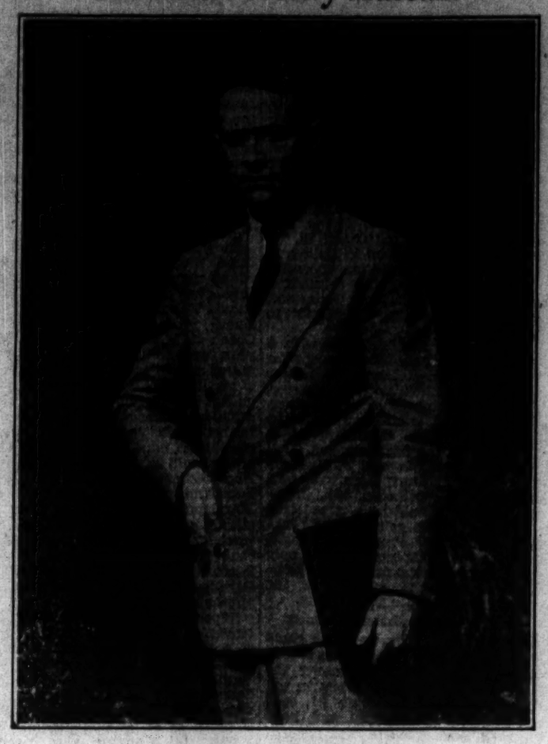
The immediate impression Hammond makes on anyone, I think, who looks at him closely and listens to him even for a very few moments, is that he is not so wrapped up in his own advancement as an inventor that he has forgotten his opportunities in the way of sharing what he has with the outside world, especially with youngsters.

I have watched him wandering about the lower rooms of the house. Going to stand for a few moments looking at the rose window in the Great Hall which is an exact copy of a fifteenth century window, with its glass oxidized to stand the variation in light between France and Gloucester.

Or by the little chapel on the left-hand side of the Hall where there is a glass-incrusted case which was once in a Buddhist temple in Burma and contained sacred manuscripts. And when he stands so he looks like simply a young man who had happily come into possession of some beautiful treasures and had no thought more serious than the æsthetic pleasure they could give him.

But when he goes to the wall and touches a switch, and the Great Hall which has been modeled to give the feeling of the Transept of the Cathedral of St. Nazaire in Carcassonne, and a great flood of music suddenly fills the room, you realize that here is a young man who had to have something more practical than a mere capacity for æsthetic enjoyment to write the story for which, after all, his house furnishes the illustration.

His House Mostly Museum



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Louis A. Allyn, West Hartford, Conn.
Mrs. Sophie M. Jochem, Orlando, Fla.

Former Dry Agent Denies Bribe-taking

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SEATTLE, Wash.—Denying as "absolutely false from beginning to end," charges of bribe-taking directed against him and other former dry agents now on trial before Federal Judge Frank H. Norcross here, William Whitney ended a long session on the witness stand Sept. 9.

Both Whitney and R. L. Fryant, the defense witness, who preceded him on the stand, however, supported testimony that the Government has labored to build up during the three weeks of the trial, that raids were postponed and liquor allowed to land with the connivance of the dry office, the former dry officers maintaining that this was a necessary part of their plans to get evidence in order to prosecute.

Letters were produced to show how seriously Whitney, Roy C. Lyle and Thomas Reveille, then United States Attorney, considered the question of planting spies in the liquor ring. They contended that they had not proceeded with this plan until they had the approval of authorities at Washington.

M. E. CHURCH MERGER VOTED

BUCYRUS, O. (AP)—The annual conference of the Central German Methodist Episcopal Church, in session here, adopted a resolution Sept. 6 favoring a merger with the English M. E. Church. The vote in favor of the merger was 66 to 28. The merger will be effective in 1933.

MORE GASOLINE MADE FROM OIL IN NEW PROCESS

Chemical Group Also Hears of Method to Secure Beryllium Stores

CINCINNATI (AP) — The Standard Oil Company has found a way to get 100½ gallons of gasoline out of 100 gallons of petroleum. The process converts 100 per cent of oil into more than 100 per cent of gasoline.

This development in the recently announced high-pressure hydrogrenation process of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was reported to the American Chemical Society meeting here Sept. 9.

Discovery by two Western Reserve University researchers of an electrical method of unlocking the world's vast stores of beryllium metal, so rare it has qualified in the jewel class, also was reported.

R. T. Haslam and R. P. Russell of New York, explained five recent developments of hydrogrenation, the process invented by Friedrich Berglus of Germany, whereby crude oil is squeezed in a highly heated atmosphere of hydrogen at about 3000 pounds a square inch. Some of the hydrogen combines with carbon in the oil to produce more hydrocarbons—and so make gasoline.

Four other accomplishments of the pressure method also were reported, one of them a sensation from the chemist's point of view. This is a reversed process whereby hydrogen is squeezed out. It is used on gasolines which contain too much hydrogen, so that they are gummy and cause knocks.

The beryllium discovery was made by Prof. Harold S. Booth and Miss Gilberta Torrey.

High pressure that turns fatal carbon monoxide and explosive hydrogen into good grain alcohol was described by F. K. Grolich of the Standard Oil Development Company of Elizabeth, N. J., and D. S. Croyder, of Pennsylvania State College.

CAROLINIANS DENY SIGNING SMITH PAPER

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—A report that more than 5000 Hoover Democrats of North Carolina have signed a petition urging Alfred E. Smith to be the Democratic candidate for President in 1932, is emphatically denied by Democrats and Republicans alike.

Representative Charles A. Jonas of Lincolnton, Republican, declares he has a copy of the petition, and a circular letter which purports to show that the plan is to gain the signatures of 20,000,000 Smith supporters.

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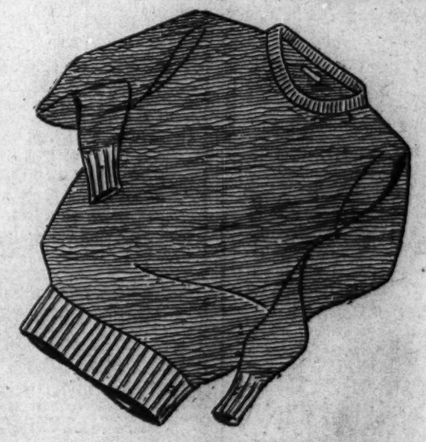
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THE HOME FORUM

Portrait of a Kentucky Gentleman

ON THE desk before me lies a cherished volume, one held dear for the contents of its pages, having been written by a master who expressed beautiful thoughts in beautiful phrases, but held tenfold more dear for the inscription on its flyleaf. For this slender book, so modest in outward appearance, has but to toss back its cover to prove that it belongs to the very aristocracy of the world of books, even to that proud and restricted circle known as autographed copies. Open it and one may read in clear but graceful chirography, —"Sincerely yours, James Lane Allen," and to give it further authority and a fixed place in the march of events is added the date, "1 August, 1915."

As I look down upon the page and recall the pleasant summer evening when the words were penned, while the writer of them was paying a final friendly call at our home because his holiday was closing and our neighborly companionship about to end, how clearly does memory reproduce the image of the distinguished visitor, bringing out a feature here, a characteristic there, and forming them into a veritable likeness of the original, in the same manner that a skillful artist catches the various lineaments of his subject, one by one, and blends them into a perfect portrait.

The picture thus limned by recollection has vividness and color. James Lane Allen was a striking figure but one that completely eschewed all the eccentricities commonly conceded to the artistic temperament. He bore himself nobly and walked through the world erect and unhurried, as one who accepts man's dignity and dominion. His deep blue eyes seemed at first almost uncomfortably keen, but how quickly they could change to being most comfortably kind! His immaculate attire was the outward and visible sign of his fastidious nature, and under our mental portrait of him we may surely place the label, in the fashion of the galleries, "Portrait of a Kentucky Gentleman."

For regardless of temporary domicile, James Lane Allen was inextricably rooted in Kentucky soil. He was a son who passionately cherished the memory of his mother state and how tenderly, how loyally and how proudly he presented her image to the world! The dark, cool forests of Kentucky, her peaceful pastures, her sparkling streams, her brilliant birds and her fragrant flowers form the panorama of his pages. Would we ever have known the stirring story of the Kentucky hemp fields and the important part which was played in our country's history by Kentucky rope, had he not brought the facts to light in The Reign of Law? The Kentucky cardinal has become a famous bird through his sympathetic portrayal, and the yellow butterflies of A Summer in Arcady are a fairy flock which forever flutter and dance in the golden sunshine for us who have seen them through his eyes.

His descriptions set us wondering if in every work of genius there must not be at least a spark of affection to warm the subject into a glow that kindles the beholder. Be that as it may, I am sure that only the deepest fondness could have brought out the full beauty of a Kentucky landscape as it is set before us in these soft pigments:

"The far-vaulted heavens, so bountiful of light, were an illimitable weightless curtain of pale-blue velvet; the rolling clouds were of white velvet; the grass, the stems of the bending wild flowers, the drooping sprays of woodland foliage, were so many forms of emerald velvet; the gnarled trunks of the trees were gray and brown velvet; the wings and breasts of the birds, flitting hither and thither, were of gold and scarlet velvet; the butterflies were stemless, floating, velvet blossoms."

Truly, any portrait of James Lane Allen must have Kentucky for its background.

As for the remaining word in our portrait's title, I had but just written the preceding paragraphs when my eye fell upon an article entitled "On Being a Gentleman," appearing in a recent Home Forum. There has always been an elusive quality in that word which escapes easy and precise definition, so it was with keen interest that I scanned the printed lines and found there a pleasing amplification of the dictionary's brief summary: "One of gentle or refined manners; a well-bred man."

What satisfaction, then to note how well the qualifications of a gentleman, as suggested by the author of that article, tallied with those of the subject of our sketch! The citations from the thirteenth chapter of the first epistle to the Corinthians brought back recollections of the modesty of James Lane Allen. Although his name had become famous on two continents, he was not puffed up. Of his books—those books which the critics acclaimed as marvels of exquisite sentiment expressed in exquisite sentences—he remarked regretfully to the writer, "My books are not what I wish they were."

With the struggling literary aspirant he suffered long and was kind. Ignoring all superiority of rank, he declared, "One who is trying to express his own heart can more readily understand the expressions of another," and he gave generously of his experience and advice.

Again, when James Lane Allen wrote of a woman he made every woman reader realize the potential lady of quality hidden in herself! In confirmation, note his description of Mrs. Falconer in The Choir Invisible.

"How could anyone so fine have thriven amid conditions so exhausting? Those hard toiling fingers, now grasping the heavy hoe, once used to tinkle over the spinnet; the small, sensitive feet, now covered with coarse shoe-packs tied with leather thongs, once shone in rainbow hues of satin slippers and silken hose. . . . A dress spun and woven by her own hand out of her own flax, instead of the stiff brocade; log hut for manor house; to have possessed all that, to have been brought down to all this, and not to have been ruined by it, never to have lost distinction or been coarsened by coarseness, never to have parted with grace of manner or grace of spirit, or been bent or broken or overclouded in character or ideals,—it was all this that made her in his eyes a great woman, a great lady."

High standards, noble ideals and gracious bearing animate the characters in James Allen's tales.

"Remember that only from a beautiful heart can come beautiful ideas." Those helpful words of admonition were spoken to an ambitious young writer on that summer evening, "1 August, 1915," by the subject of our portrait, a gentle man of Kentucky.

S. F. M.

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CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

Reclaimed

The abandoned stage road is almost reclaimed, not by and for civilization, but by mother nature and for herself. It must have been a very dapper road forty years ago when it was one of the few roads in the county. Then, mail and provisions were carried its length by stage to the small mountain post office. Now some of the elbows along its sinuous, inclined course are almost smothered beneath masses of crumbling gray-green shale and chalcedony which have slid down the arroyos, blotting out road and culvert, and making the route impassable.

Deer browse beside the old stage road. Hawks circle serenely above it. Gentle, striped garter snakes venture out, occasionally, upon its untraveled surface, and crawl or scoot, according to the mood. Chipmunks rustle the chaparral. Humming birds hover above rugged toyon bushes, vibrant specks against a warm blue sky. Long dragon flies flirt glassy wings in the drowsy sunlight. A group of fragrant little junipers, with ornamental studs, stand on a slope above the old road, facing the ocean. The ground beneath them is sweet with fallen needles, and their branches house many little wrens which dart about with important gestures.

Along the entire course of the little old road, manzanita cloaks the overhanging mountain slopes. From a distance this brush looks like a richly green, quilted garment, made to fit each mountain. On closer inspection, the manzanita is seen to be not all green; its twisted stems are as red as the ruby spot on a humming bird's throat. Its berry, or small apple (manzanita is the Spanish term for "little apple"), turns rosy in the fall.

The road is of clean, firm sand, from which undisturbed little flowers spring—scarlet pimpernel, blue-eyed grass and other diminutive blossoms. They lift quaint red and purple faces to the sun, and pose in wiry grace to win the admiration of dragon fly and humming bird. No one disputes their right of way.

The center of the road is not only an excellent place for flowers to congregate; it is an inviting spot in which a chance pedestrian may relax, and contemplate the scenery. It never becomes necessary to remove one's self for the convenience of passing traffic, for there is no traffic! Only the wind passes there. And no commotion is heard save the scurrying of wrens in the junipers, and the childlike voice of one small stream which speaks to listening hills, as streams always speak to wild places.

"Within You"

Tell me, young Traveler,
Fresh from your school,
In all your lesson books
Is there a rule,
How we can find a way,
Win to our heaven?
You in your innocence
Barely eleven,
Of all humanity
Nearest to God,
Trailing your glory still
Show us the road.

I have a notion, Sir,
You will think silly,
Heaven might even be
In Piccadilly!

Boy, you are jesting me,
But I'm reminded
I met a fellow man
Helpless and blinded
Once at the noontide there,
Led him across,—
Strange how I dropped myself
Profit and loss,
All the world vanishing,
Only one man
Left to be cherished then,
While for a span,
Right in those throbbing streets,
Knowing no danger,
I stood and loved him there
That very stranger—
What are you smiling at
Happy eleven?

Just for one moment, Sir,
You were in heaven!

MARION SUSAN CAMPBELL.

Chinese Boat Trip

Eight boats were required to take our family from Sha-Ssu to Wu Chang! First, there was our houseboat, equipped with all the conveniences China of that day could muster. There were bedrooms, dining rooms, and all conveniences except bathrooms. There was a houseboat for my father's secretary and the secretary's family; there was a houseboat for our servants, and there was a flat-boat whose duty was merely to transport our sedan-chairs, which must go everywhere we went. Then there were four "gunboats" which would doubtless bring smiles to the faces of Westerners. The whole flotilla of us was much like a plaything flotilla of a small boy interested in a naval career, and gaining experience at the edge of a washtub filled to the brim!

My father's houseboat led the procession. Next came the four gunboats . . . then came the secretary's boat, and the flatboat bearing the sedan-chairs, four in number, and the houseboat which bore our servants.

What a gala journey that was!

I never tired of walking on the deck of our boat—which ran smoothly, and made those who rode feel lazy and affluent—and looking off to either bank of the canal, just broad enough for boats to meet and pass, where the willow trees were lush and green, and springtime had painted all the countryside with colors. Flowers bloomed in profusion. Farmers labored in their fields just now hidden by the green of springtime. The whole thing was like those pictures of China countrysides which one encounters frequently in idealistic paintings, but so seldom sees. . . .

The houseboat was forced along the canal by five coolies, three on one side and two on the other—I never understood why the number was always uneven this way—who ran back and forth along the runways against the rails—or where the rails should have been, and were not. Each coolie carried a long pole. The coolies would go to the bow of the boat, face the stern, thrust down their long poles to the canal bottom, and then walk back to the stern, thrusting heavily on their poles, forcing the boat ahead. And always it seemed as though the coolies, who often sang raucously at their labors, believed that the more noise they made with their spatting bare feet, the more successful were their labors.

Their work at least was harmonious. Up to the bow, one behind the other, trailing their poles in the water; face about together, thrust in their poles, and then spat-spat, spat-spat, against the boards of the runway, long since worn smooth by the passage of their bare feet through the years, they would pound their way back to the stern, to the end of the runway; face about together, return and start all over again. . . .

When meal time came all boats anchored. Servants boarded us to prepare the meals, and no one hurried. We would start again when Father's family had entirely finished their meals. Then the journey was resumed, a never ending voyage of surprises.

Each gunboat flew a white flag which bore Chinese characters representing my father's rank, and his name, "Yü," so that the countryside would know that Yu Keng, of the first rank, was passing through; and everywhere we went China-folk came forth to do my father honor. It was no small thing to be an official of the first rank in the days of the Empire, and my father, moreover, had just been promoted to be Provincial Treasurer of Hupeh Province, and this fact also was emblazoned on the flags of the gunboats!—PRINCESS DER LING, in "Kowtow."

How Sweet, How Virtuous

None can tell how sweet,
How virtuous, the morning air;
Every accent vibrates well;
Not alone the wood-bird's call,
Or shouting boys that chase their ball,
Pass the height of minstrel skill,
But the ploughman's thoughtless cry,
Lowing oxen, sheep that bleat,
And the joiner's hammer-beat,
Softened are above their will,
Take tones from groves they wandered through
Or flutes which passing angels blew.
All grating discords melt,
No dissonant note is dealt,
And though thy voice be shrill
Like rasping file on steel,
Such is the temper of the air,
Echo waits with art and care,
And will the faults of song repair.

—RALPH WALDO EMERSON, Poems.

The Artists of Eastport

EASTPORT, Maine, is the most eastern city of the United States and one of the oldest seaports. It is an island, though now connected with the mainland by bridges. Its quaintness has called to it an art colony, and artists from all over the country are carrying back to city exhibitions the "patterns" which interest them.

George Pearce Ennis paints sunshine, boats, rocks, fishhouses and sea, in oil or water color in a joyous, masterful way, interpreting nature as the normal eye sees it—possibly influenced by Sargent. Gladys Ennis, his wife, paints in water color the charm of intimate spots around the fishing boats and water in a beautiful broken color technique. Nellie Knopf paints boats and water in a very modern colorful manner. Her boats and wharves may be out of drawing, but are strong in pattern and concept. Sara Bard's water colors are seen in most important water-color exhibits, and are individual, but do not follow the theories of any modern school.

Josephine L. Reichmann, whose canvas is reproduced here, seeks studiously and intelligently the paths of progressive or modern art, especially as it is set forth by that renowned German teacher, Hoffman, and his pupil Thurn. Mrs. Reichmann, one of a long line of artists in a family, built her reputation as a conservative and very capable painter. In the past few years she has become greatly interested in the new work which is being done by those who have found Cezanne a source of inspiration—Cezanne and the German moderns whose interest centers even more upon pattern than does that of the French group. She and her talented daughter, Increase Robinson, have studied under these masters and the choice of the subject matter of this canvas is a resultant. The pattern of houses leading the eye out to the sea is intriguing—that pattern rather than the play of light upon the houses makes this canvas. They have been treated as if they were little paper boxes, in a stiff, formal manner the effort being to show significant form, third dimension, solidity. The division of space in this canvas, as well as its beauty of color, is pleasing and is characteristic of the work of this artist.

Mrs. Reichmann is a Chicagoan, and belongs to prominent, active organizations there, also in New York, in Gloucester, and in the South, and is represented in numerous current and permanent exhibitions.

Courtesy of the Artist

Eastport. From a Painting by Josephine L. Reichmann

Ship Alley

Streets have characters, as surely as men and women; or perhaps it is more truthful to say that they take into themselves by some mysterious process of assimilation the characters of those men and women who most frequent them. . . . Thus in every great city there is a Quality Street (or, as some call it, Vanity Fair), where everything breathes of leisure, and ease . . . and there is a 'Change Alley, where men hurry hither and thither with knitted brows . . . and if it be a country town there is a Market Street or a High Street, where on certain days of the week red-faced farmers straddle in leather leggings, and there are gigs and carriers' carts in all the inn yards, and women with heavy baskets in shabby, rustic "best" crowding the shops.

And—not in every city, but in every seaport, great or small—there is Ship Alley; the street that leads to the sea.

Ship Alley shows many faces to the world. It is a street of many names—Ship Alley, Paradise Street, Winchester Street, Wapping Wall, Ratcliff Highway, Shad Thames, Market Strand, Wharf Street, Quay Street, Water Street, and a hundred more besides. It can be sordid or beautiful. It can be ugly or picturesque. It can be prosperous or decaying. It can be grey with the greyness of the North, or glowing with the warmth and colour of the East and the South.

Sometimes it is a street of little, old-fashioned houses in a great modern seaport, which look as if they had somehow got lost there many years ago and never been able to find their way out. They have unexpected little green gardens in front of them, kept trim, as for some reason the gardens of seafaring men mostly are; and on the doorstep of one there is a great pink-and-white shell with the lazy murmur of the tropic seas at its heart, in the parlour window of another a bottle of gaudy paper flowers from Singapore. . . .

It straggles along the shore of a famous west-country harbour of the olden time, where artists of the Cornish school paint their pictures in the sail lofts and rigging lofts which remember the old days when a hundred windjammers were driven by stress of weather to anchorage in the Roads. It takes sudden plunges into the blue channel between huddles of odd-shaped cottages, clinging like barnacles to the hull of a ship to the steep sides of the hill, where ling is drying in the sun and nets festoon the walls like some kind of queer leafless growth. . . . There are Ship Alleys that smell of sawdust and lumber, of whale oil and nitrates. There are Ship Alleys that have never heard the sound of the tides, the sea coast of Bohemia translated into terms of actuality, where masts and funnels appear surprisingly in the middle of an inland landscape, and great liners berth hundreds of miles from the sea.

And whenever and wherever you shall find it, it is the street of romance. It is the street where men meet from the ends of the earth, men who last gripped hands half a lifetime since and half the world away. It is the street where strange names are part of the common coin of speech, where all the races of the earth rub shoulders in their continual comings and goings: the street where fact is stranger than fiction, and the wildest yarns are true.

For is not this Ship Alley . . . the street with the sea at the end of it?—C. FOX SMITH, in "Ship Alley."

Kristendom og Forretning

Oversættelsen af Artikelen om Christian Science som findes paa Engelsk paa denne Side

I BLANDT Mesterens vidunderlige Lignelser er der en, som frem for de andre aabenbarer hans Tanke med Hensyn til Forretning. Det er Lignelsen om Talenterne og de tre Tjenere. Idet Kristus Jesus fortalte sine Tilhørere om Himmeriges Rige, illustrerede han, hvad han sagde, ved Historien om den Mand, som, førend han begav sig paa Rejse, gav en Tjener "fem Talenter, en anden to, og en tredje en". Den første Tjener gjorde en god Forretning og tjente fem Talenter til; den anden gjorde sig ogsaa Flid og tjente to til. Begge Tjenere fordoblede den Kapital, de oprindelig havde faaet. Men den tredje, der var opfyldt af Frygt og Ladhed, nedgravede sin Talent. Da Tjenernes Herre vendte tilbage, holdt han Regnskab med dem. De første to Tjenere berettede om deres Udbytte, og deres Herre sagde til hver af dem: "Vel, du gode og tro Tjener! . . . gaa ind til din Herres Glæde!" Men da den tredje kom med den Talent, han oprindelig havde faaet, men uden Fortjeneste, bebrejdede Herren den lade Tjener; og derefter fulgte hine Ord, der er værd at lægge Mærke til: "Derfor burde du have overgivet Vekselererne mine Penge; og naar jeg kom, da havde jeg faaet mit igen med Rente"—med Udbytte.

Denne Lignelse erkender derfor, at man kan beskæftige sig med lovlig Forretning og opnaa Udbytte ved at arbejde med sine Penge. I Overensstemmelse hermed anerkender Christian Science ogsaa Nødvendigheden af retfærdig Forretning. Og denne Videnskab sætter os i Stand til at se, at enhver retmæssigt styret Forretning er i den menneskelige Bevidsthed til en vis Grad Virkningen af det guddommelige Princips, det uendelige Sinds Virksomhed, der tildeler al den Intelligens og Dygtighed, hvorved Mennesker er i Stand til at tage Del i den Industri, hvorved de menneskelige Behov bliver afhjulpet. Den Retfærdighed og Ærlighed, hvormed enhver god Forretning bliver drevet, manifesterer Virksomheden af dette ene Sind.

Mary Baker Eddy skriver i *Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures* (S. 494): "Guddommelig Kærlighed har altid mødt og vil altid møde ethvert menneskeligt Behov". Bjergene, Jorderne, Vandene og Luften giver Menneskene sund Føde og andre Fornødenheder gennem Industriens og Forretningslivets Fremgang; ved den samme Fremgang bidrager Dale og Skove med deres Produkter til Hjemmene og til andre nyttige Bygninger. Og gennem praktiske Forretningsmetoder, der anvendes til at fremstille og sælge nødvendige Handelsvarer og Brugsgenstande, gennem finansielle Foretagender (vor Tids "Vekselerer"), gennem Transport, og Selskaber for elektrisk Kommunikation, Minedrift og saa fremdeles, afhjælpes i væsentlig Grad de menneskelige Behov. Dernæst ogsaa i Fremgangen i den borgerlige Styrelse —indbefattende den i saa høj Grad nyttige Posttjeneste og den ordnede Administration af Menneskers Anliggender—er Forretningslivet et Middel ved Hjælp af hvilket Loven forener og velsigner alle Borgere.

Endelig, bliver ethvert af Menneskehedens Behov for sand Religion, for Helbredelse og aandelig Udvikling afhjulpet fra den ene universelle Kilde, Gud, guddommelig Kærlighed. Dette er i højeste Forstand vor "Faders Gerning", hvilket Jesus beviste. I Christian Science bliver enhver menneskelig Fornødenhed afhjulpet; intet, der er nødvendigt for menneskeligt Velfærd, er udelukket fra det, der for Menneskeheden udtrykker det gode. I alle disse Virksomheder hjælper de, der oprigtigt studerer Christian Science, Forretningsverdenen ved, at de tager imod dens Lære og adlyder dens Regler.

Ved at frembringe gode Resultater gennem ærlige Forretningsforetagender og gennem andre Livskald, som møder Menneskehedens Behov, anerkender Tilhængere af denne Lære med Glæde de fundamentale Forskrifter for alle Forretningsanliggender og for menneskelig Virksomhed, som af Mrs. Eddy er nedlagt i *Science and Health* (S. 453): "Ærlighed er aandelig Magt. Uærlighed er menneskelig Svaghed, der forskertser guddommelig Hjælp". Ved at antage og udøve dette positive Udsagn med Hensyn til Ærlighed overvinder de, der studerer denne Videnskab, de aabenlyse og latente Tilbøjeligheder til at tage selvisk Fordel eller til at bruge haard Fremgangsmaade, og under det guddommelige Princip samt den Gyldne Regel ("alt hvad I ville, at Menneskene skulle gøre imod eder, det skulle ogsaa I gøre imod dem") bliver Forretningslivet mere harmonisk og indbringende.

Denne Videnskab "opmuntrer Forretningsmanden og giver ham Myndighed og sikrer Ærligheden et godt Resultat", som Mrs. Eddy har sagt (*Miscellaneous Writings*, S. 252). Kristendommen manifesterer sig mere og mere i enhver god Forretning, og med den Belysning, som Christian Science kaster over Mesterens Lære, med Hensyn til Visdom, Retfærdighed, Flid, Tillid og Betjening, faar man det sande Grundlag for Forretning, hvorved dens Gavnlighed kan blive opretholdt.

Oplysning angaaende Christian Science Litteratur, udgivet paa dette Sprog, kan faaes ved at skrive til "Christian Science Forlag" (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

Night Stuff

Listen a while, the moon is a lovely woman, a lonely woman, lost in a silver dress, lost in a circus rider's silver dress.

Listen a while, the lake by night is a lonely woman, a lovely woman, circled with birches and pines mixing their green and white among stars shattered in spray clear nights.

I know the moon and the lake have twisted the roots under my heart the same as a lonely woman, a lovely woman, in a silver dress, in a circus rider's silver dress.

—CARL SANDBURG, in "Smoke and Steel."

Christianity and Business

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AMONG the wonderful parables of the Master, one stands out as revealing his thought in regard to business. It is the parable of the talents and the three servants. In telling his hearers of the kingdom of heaven, Christ Jesus illustrated what he said by the story of the man who, before starting on a journey, delivered to one servant "five talents, to another two, and to another one." The first servant entered into some good business and gained five more talents; the second was also industrious and gained two others. Both servants doubled their capital in hand. But the third, full of fear and sloth, buried his talent in the ground. When the lord of the servants returned, he reckoned with them. The first two reported their profits, and their lord said to each of them, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant: . . . enter thou into the joy of thy lord." But when the third came with his principal only, and no profit, the lord upbraided the slothful servant; and then followed those remarkable words, "Thou oughtest therefore to have put my money to the exchangers, and then at my coming I should have received mine own with usury"—with interest.

This parable, therefore, recognizes the pursuit of legitimate business and the gaining of interest for the use of money. Accordingly, Christian Science also recognizes the necessity for righteous business. And this Science enables us to see that all rightly directed business is in a degree the effect in human consciousness of the activity of divine Principle, the infinite Mind, which supplies all intelligence and ability, whereby men are enabled to take part in the industries by which human needs are supplied. The justice and honesty whereby all good business is carried on manifest the activity of this one Mind.

Mary Baker Eddy writes in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 494), "Divine Love always has met and always will meet every human need." Mountains, lands, the waters, and air yield wholesome foods and other supplies to men through the processes of industry and business; valleys and forests contribute their products for homes and other useful buildings by the same processes. And in no small degree the meeting of human needs comes through practical business means applied to the making and selling of needful commodities and appliances, through financial concerns (the "exchangers" of today), through transportation and electric communication companies, mining enterprises, and so forth. Then, also, in the processes of civil government, including the very useful postal service, and the orderly regulation of human affairs, business is a means whereby law unifies and blesses all citizens.

Finally, every need of humanity for true religion, for healing and spiritual development, is supplied from the one universal source, God, divine Love. This, as Jesus proved it, is the "Father's business" in its highest sense. In Christian Science every human necessity is met; nothing requisite for human weal is excluded in the expression of good to humanity. In all of these activities sincere students of Christian Science are helping the world of business through their acceptance of its teachings and obedience to its rules.

In bringing out goodly effects through honest business enterprises and other vocations which meet the needs of humanity, the followers of this teaching gladly recognize the fundamental precepts for all business affairs and human action laid down by Mrs. Eddy in Science and Health (p. 453): "Honesty is spiritual power. Dishonesty is human weakness, which forfeits divine help." In accepting and practicing this positive statement concerning honesty, students of this Science overcome open or latent inclinations to take selfish advantage or to exercise sharp practice; and business becomes more harmonious and successful under the divine Principle and Golden Rule as taught in Christian Science.

This Science, therefore, as Mrs. Eddy has said (Miscellaneous Writings, p. 252), "encourages and empowers the business man and secures the success of honesty." Christianity is being more and more manifested in all good business; and with the illumination of Christian Science the Master's teachings as to wisdom, justice, industry, good faith, and service are giving to business the true foundation whereby to maintain its utility.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Danish.]

The Paisley Shawl

What were his dreams who wove this colored shawl—
The grey, hard-bitten weaver, gaunt and dour,
Out of whose grizzled memory, even as a flower
Out of bleak winter at young April's call
In the old tradition of flowers breaks into bloom,
Blossomed the ancient intricate design
Of softly-glowing hues and exquisite line—
What were his dreams, crouched at his cottage loom?

What were her dreams, the laughing April lass
Who first, in the flowering of young delight,
With parted lips and eager tilted head
And shining eyes, about her shoulders white
Drew the soft fabric of kindling green and red,
Standing before the candle-lighted glass?

—W. W. GIBSON, in "Neighbors."

When the Bushnegro Carves

The craft of wood carving is intrusted to the men of the Bushnegro villages. The skill is as universal as the knowledge of how to set a fish-trap or twist palm fronds to make a house.

Artistry is manly, the Bushnegroes think. No woman will look with favor upon the youth who carves crudely or impatiently. The things evolved are useful—but they must be beautiful to fulfill their utility. There is ample time.

If a European artisan started to carve a stick wherewith to stir his pottage—if such a thing were conceivable—he would first get a bit of lumber that closely approximated the size and shape of the thing he planned to make. He would equip himself with many delicate tools. Not so the Bushnegro. When a Saramacca wishes to cut a stirring stick, he starts with a tree. His only tools are his heavy cutlass and perhaps a cheap jackknife. But he is rich in hours and devotion. . . .

There are two general "art-forms" into which practically all Bushnegro designs fall. The first and most universally occurrent is the liana motif, an arrangement of involuted curves that have neither beginning nor end, but a graceful, curious continuance. The arrangement copies, to the extent any purely creative thing can copy, the complicated, never-ending, never beginning curves of the vines of the forest. The seat of the most common type of bench has this form. So have the handles of stirring sticks and combs. Sometimes the pattern is cut completely through the wood. Again it appears in low relief. But always it is strikingly reminiscent of the forest. I know of no art convention in the æsthetics of any people that more perfectly expresses the essential mood of an environment.

The secondary technical expression of design is in the placing of notches so they form continuous panels of decoration along the surfaces of an object. These notches are sometimes cut with the sharpened point of the heavy cutlass, but more generally with a jackknife blade. Opposing curves, abutting angles, and recurrent but not entirely repetitive forms are employed.

I have never seen a Bushnegro carving which makes the mistake so common in art in other parts of the world, that of attempting to express in the material of wood something that might have been more happily expressed in another medium.

The Saramacca Bushnegroes, however, do not hesitate to use any means at their disposal to achieve a desired effect. Many utensils are decorated with little circles made by heating an empty cartridge and pressing it into the wood. Brass-headed upholstery tacks, one of the few serious vices of civilization they have taken to their hearts, frequently appear as an integral part of a design.—JOHN W. VANDERCOOK, in "Tom-Tom."

SCIENCE AND HEALTH
With Key to the Scriptures
By
MARY BAKER EDDY

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BULLS STILL ARE HOLDING LEADERSHIP

Business News Is Favorable and Stocks Continue to Advance

NEW YORK (AP)—Cheered by further improvement in business statistics, professional speculators continued for the fifth successive day to make bullish demonstrations in the stock market today, but the general public still remained rather cold to equity shares.

The advance, while limited, was broad, embracing most sections of the list. Utilities, merchandising issues and several of the manufacturing issues were in particular demand, and rails showed a better tone. Such shares as American Can, Radio, Air Reduction, Westinghouse, General Electric, National Biscuit and Paramount gained a point or more.

Trading was fairly active in the earlier part of the day, and total sales, approximating 2,400,000 shares, were among the largest since early August. The closing tone was firm, but the advance, while fairly well maintained, lost some of its vigor.

In the late trading U. S. Steel, after selling up moderately, lost most of its rise. The advance embraced most groups, but merchandising and utility issues were in particular favor. Montgomery Ward, Safeway, Coca Cola, Western Union, American Power & Light, Byers, Spang Chalfant, Pacific Lighting, Atchison and Union Pacific gained 2 or 3 points. A few erratic issues made wider gains.

American Telephone, Woolworth, Sears Roebuck, Radio, General Electric and National Biscuit were among a large assortment up a point or more.

Shares selling up 2 to more than 3 included Byers, Spang Chalfant, American Power & Light, Vanadium, Pacific Lighting, Atchison and Union Pacific. Allied Chemical sold up nearly 5.

The U. S. Steel Corporation reported a drop of 441,851 tons in unfilled orders during August, the largest decline for that month in seven years, but Wall Street was inclined to believe the Corporation would not have increased its rate of production without confident expectation of better business in the fall. The figures were not interpreted bearishly, the stock selling up to 173¾, duplicating the high for the current movement. Gulf States Steel passed its dividend, as expected, but President Coverdale reported a turn for the better in its business.

Encouraging Developments

Particularly pleasing was the tabulation of total freight car loadings for the last week in August, showing a gain of 43,955 cars over the previous week, a gain considerably larger than is seasonal for the period, and lifting the volume of freight movement from the levels of 1922 to those of 1924. The Bureau of Railway Economics reported that class 1 roads earned on the average of 3.76 per cent on their investment in July.

The Federal Reserve's report that 530 department stores showed a drop in August sales volume of 11 per cent from August of last year was accepted as indicating water over the dam, since several merchandising organizations have recently reported improvement.

Several issues were helped by corporate news developments. Oil Well Supply preferred rose several points on approval of the sale of assets to U. S. Steel, while the common encountered profit-taking. Checker Cab was helped by announcement of terms of the proposed merger with Parmelee Transportation.

Continental Banking shares were firm on announcement of the sale of its interest in Commander-Larabee Corporation. Ward Baking A sold up a few points. While Rumors of an actual merger of Ward with Gold Dust have been denied, some sort of alignment is looked for. Diamond Match sold off further, reflecting denial by the Kreuger interests of any intention of purchasing a large interest in it.

Call money held at 2½ per cent, with an easier undertone. The piling up of funds incident to the Sept. 15 Government operations is expected to flood the money market with funds.

Bond Prices Firm

Bonds were firm and moderately active. Some of the high grade rails slipped off slightly in the earlier hours as inquiry was directed toward issues carrying high yields, but in the main price levels were well maintained, and some fair advances appeared throughout the list.

Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville 6s, Missouri Pacific 5s, Western Maryland 4s, Canadian National 4½s of 1957 and Central Pacific 5s were among the firmer rails, but Southern Pacific first 4s, Union Pacific first 4s and 4½s and St. Louis & San Francisco 4½s eased. The last named sold off to around 92¾, which was the price placed on today's offering of an additional $10,000,000 block under the same mortgage, the total of which is $100,000,000. Public sale of the bonds was announced, although it was understood that part of the block had been placed privately with institutions.

Utilities showed marked firmness, although the Postal Telegraph 5s were again inclined to ease. International Telephone 5s, Lalede Gas 5½s and Pacific Gas 5s scored small early gains.

Certain-Teed 5½s, Goodyear Tire 5s, Shell Union Oil 5s, without warrants, and Standard oil of New Jersey 5s found higher ground in the industrial and specialty division, where Inland Steel 4½s went to a new high. National Dairy 5¼s were active and steady.

Improvement in share prices was reflected in increasing interest in the stock feature listings. Reading Coal & Iron 6s, which have been making steady progress, rallied another point. International Telephone 4½s, Shell Union Oil 5s with warrants, Southern Pacific warrant 4½s and Warner Brothers Pictures averaged about half a point higher; rails of this description were generally quiet.

Uneasiness over the situation in Argentina appeared to have passed, and the bonds of the South American Republic again stiffened, although the advances held to somewhat less than a point. Other foreign obligations were firm.

There was little change in the Libertys and Treasurys, which have been inactive in recent sessions.

CAN MAKERS WORK OVERTIME

Principal packers' can plants of the Continental Can Company are operating overtime to supply the requirements of canners of corn, tomatoes and other late crops. Plants in the Chicago district are operating day and night shifts, as well as Saturdays and holidays. Similar conditions exist in the Syracuse, N. Y., and Baltimore plants of the company.

WEDNESDAY'S TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing Prices

1930 Range High / Low; Div. in $; Sales; High; Low; Sept. 10; Sept. 9

A

42¼	21		Abitibi	100	23½	22½	22½	
37⅛	21⅛	1.60	Adams Ex	5800	28½	27⅛	28¼	27⅛
3	1		Adams Ex pf	20	2	2	2	
32	23		Adams Mill	100	30½	29½	29½	30½
34⅜	20¾	1½	Addressograph	100	32	32	32	
1¾	⅞		Ahumada	200	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
156⅝	103¼	..	Air Reduc	6500	128⅝	127¼	127¾	127
36	16	2½	Airway El	3900	18¾	18	18	18¼
2¼	1		Ajax Rubber	100	1	1	1	1
3¼	1½	..	Alaska Jun	1600	6	5¾	6	
72	58		Allegh Steel	300	59	59	59	60
35½	18		Alleghany	6000	32¼	32	32¼	32⅜
107½	87	5½	Allegh pf ww	700	93	93	93	93¾
343	232	24	Allied Chem	1200	284½	280½	280½	280
68	48⅛	3	Allis-Chal	3100	58	56	58½	58
31½	18	2	Amerada	400	33⅞	33⅛	33⅝	33
10⅜	4⅝	..	Am Ag Ch	100	6	6	6	
38⅝	17		Am Ag Ch pf	400	36	37⅜	37¾	37½
54⅝	41¾	2.40	Am Brake	100	43¾	43¾	43¾	
128	118	7	Am Brake pf	20	122	123	123	
21⅜	8⅜	..	Am Br Bov	4800	19⅜	18⅞	18⅞	19¼
80¾	60¼	..	Am Br Bv pf	110	76¾	74	76	73½
156½	108¼	4	Am Can	349000	135⅛	134⅛	134⅝	134
82½	42	6	Am Car & F	300	84½	82¾	82¾	
69⅞	39	3	Am Chain	6200	60⅝	59½	60⅝	59¾
101	78⅞	7	Am Chain pf	200	99⅞	98¾	99⅞	98½
91¼	39⅜	2†	Am Chicle	800	46⅝	46	46	45½
33	9¼	..	Am Com Alc	300	14	13¾	13¾	16
59½	33⅛	..	Am European	100	39⅞	39⅝	39⅝	39
101⅜	86¼	..	Am & FPw	10400	74⅜	73⅜	73⅞	74¾
101	95	6	Am & FP 6	20	99⅛	99¼	99¼	
111⅜	106⅛	7	Am & FP 7	700	111	110⅝	110⅝	
106¾	92½	..	Am & FP 2pf	700	99¼	98¾	99	98
41⅞	31	3†	Am Ice	200	33⅝	33½	33⅛	33⅛
58¾	29⅜	2†	Am Int Corp	7500	40½	39¾	40	39⅛
4	1¾	..	Am La Fr	200	1½	1½	1½	
35	15	..	Am La Fr pf	40	18½	18	18	
14½	6	..	Am Mach & Met	200	10	9¾	10	9½
51½	28¾	1½	Am Metals	1200	30¾	30	30⅜	
67⅝	53½	5	Am Nat Gas	10	55½	55⅛	55½	
95	65	7	Am Nat G pf	30	75	75	75	75
119⅝	73	1†	Am Pw Lt	3400	88	85¾	87¼	85
107	92	6	Am P & L 6	300	106	106	106	105½
95	75	3½	Am P & L pf A	400	84½	84	84½	
88¾	80	5	Am P&L pf st	400	87¼	86⅞	87	86⅞
39⅝	23⅜	1½	Am Radiat	6500	29	28¼	29	28⅝
100⅞	46	2†	Am Roll Mill	3700	54½	53	52¾	53½
67⅝	53½	5	Am Saf Raz	300	64¼	64¼	64½	65¾
3¾	1⅛	..	Am Ship	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1⅞
54½	46⅞	5	Am Ship Bldg	10	49	49	49	49
103⅝	101	6	Am Smelt 2pf	400	101⅞	101½	101⅝	
89⅞	63	4	Am Smelt	4800	70¾	69⅝	70	69¾
141	133¼	7	Am Smelt pf	400	138½	138⅛	138½	138
62¼	35½	3	Am Stl Fnd	600	40¼	39⅞	40	
116	110½	7	Am Stl F pf	10	112	112	112	
60¾	47	5	Am Sugar	100	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53½
274½	200⅛	9	Am Tel&T	13800	219⅞	217⅝	219	218¼
141¾	113	8	Am Type	200	125	124	124	126
124⅞	78⅛	1†	Am Wat W	7400	98¾	97⅛	97	97⅞
44⅝	24⅜	..	Am Wool pf	200	29	28	29	
17⅞	6½	..	Am Zinc	1000	10¾	10	10⅞	10
53¾	25¼	1½	Anac Wire	300	27⅝	25½	25¾	
81½	44¾	7	Anaconda	20200	49¼	47¾	48¼	48¼
37⅛	16	1½	Andes Cop	400	22¾	22½	22⅝	
29¾	15½	2	Arch Dan	400	21¾	21⅛	21⅛	21¼
110	103½	7	Arch Dan pf	50	110	110	110	
6⅝	2½	..	Arm Ill A	800	5½	5¼	5½	5¼
4¾	2⅜	..	Arm Ill B	1600	3¼	3	3¼	3
113¾	72	2½	Arnold Cons	700	77¾	74¾	77¾	73
50½	28	2½	Asso Dry G	3800	38⅛	37⅜	37⅝	37¼
242½	194	10	Atchison	1400	224⅜	222	223⅜	221¼
108	102⅜	6	Atchison pf	300	107¼	107¼	107¼	
175½	144	10	Atl Coast L	200	147	147	147	
51¾	30½	1†	Atl Refin	2700	34¾	33½	34	33¾
37	25½	1†	Atlas Stores	1500	32⅜	31⅞	32	32¼
265⅜	91	4§	Auburn Auto	7900	133¾	129	131	133¼
81¾	37	3	*Auto Strop A	400	71	70⅞	70⅞	72
9⅞	4¾	..	Aviation	2400	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	5¾

B

38	19⅜	1¾	Baldwin	7500	34⅜	33¼	33½	34
116	104½	7	Baldwin pf	130	106½	106½	106½	106
122⅜	96¼	7	Balt & O	900	100⅞	100¼	100⅞	100⅝
84½	63	3½	Bangor & A	200	70	70	70	70
34	20½	2	Barnsdall A	1500	22½	22⅜	22½	22¼
92	67½	4	Beatrice	300	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87
108⅛	101¼	7	Beatrice pf	200	108¼	108	108	108½
70⅛	49¾	3	Beechnut	200	59	59	59	
6¾	2½	..	Beldding H	200	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
85½	79¾	5.40c	Belg NR ppf	200	82¼	82½	82½	
57⅝	27⅝	..	Bendix	6400	34¼	33⅛	34	
56¼	31⅛	2	Best & Co	4900	52½	50¾	51⅛	51½
110¼	75	6	Beth Steel	5700	89½	88¼	88¾	89
131	122¼	7	Beth Steel pf	400	128⅜	128	128¼	128
23⅞	12⅝	..	Bloom'dale	100	25	25	25	22½
90	74	7	Blum'thal pf	100	83	83	83	
69	24	1.50	Bohn Alum	200	28⅝	26½	28½	29
78	70	4†	Bon Ami A	100	71½	71¼	71½	72
133¼	..	..	Boolh F I pf	300	23¾	23	23¾	23
90⅜	60⅛	3†	Borden	5900	80	79⅜	80	79⅞
50½	23⅜	3	Borg Warner	2600	30⅜	30	30	30
25⅜	13½	..	Briggs	5200	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¾
22¼	12½	..	Brockway	400	19½	18¾	19⅛	19
78⅜	48	4	Brkyn-Man T	1800	69	68	68½	69
178¼	115	5	Bkyn Un G	4200	134⅜	132	134¼	131
119	113½	7	Brown Sh pf	10	117¼	117¼	117¼	
30⅜	13¼	..	Bruns Balke	100	16½	16½	16½	16
93¾	55	..	Bruns Term	100	9½	9½	9½	
31⅞	19½	1	Bucyrus	200	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜	24½
63	55	7	Budd pf	20	55	55	55	..
18⅜	7⅜	1	Budd Mfg	600	8½	8¼	8¼	8½
14⅝	8⅛	1	*Budd Wheel	500	11½	11	11¼	11⅜
74	20½	1.60	Bullard	600	26⅞	26¼	26⅞	27
43	26⅛	3	Bulova Watch	300	27½	27½	27½	
110½	99	8	Burns Br A	100	100	100	100	100¼
35	15¼	..	Burns Br B	200	24½	24	24½	
7	3¼	..	Burns Br pf	90	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
51⅞	20¼	1	Burroughs	2100	38¾	37½	37¾	37½
112⅜	60⅛	..	Byers	3500	79⅛	77¼	78	77

C

30	17	2	Campbell	100	19	19	19	19
89¾	47⅜	..	Cal & Ariz	1400	52⅛	51	52⅛	51
33⅜	13	1½	Cal & Hecla	800	14⅜	14¼	14¼	14
73⅜	56	5	Canada Dry	1500	66¼	65½	66½	66
226⅞	165⅜	10	Can Pac	12000	187⅜	185	187⅜	185
152⅞	107½	..	Can Pac new wi	2100	47	47	47	46¾
28¾	13	..	Capitol Adm	200	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¼
362¾	150	6	Case Thresh	9000	191½	188	190½	191⅜
132	115	7	Case Th pf	30	124	124	124	
79¾	53	3	Caterpillar	1400	58	57⅞	58	57¾
69	9	..	Celotex	800	14	13½	14	13¾
20	12½	..	Celanese Corp	100	13	13	13	13¼
65¾	40⅛	6	Cerro de P	2000	45½	43⅜	45½	43⅜
15⅞	5⅞	..	Cert-Teed	500	5½	5	5½	
67⅞	19¾	4.20	Checker Cab	7800	33⅞	31	31	30⅜
82½	51½	3	Chesa Corp	400	59¾	60	60¾	60
51⅜	44½	2.50	Ches & Ohio	6400	51⅜	50¾	51	51
10	2⅞	..	Chi & Alton	800	3	2⅞	2⅞	3
10½	2½	..	Chi & Alt pf	100	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2¾
17⅞	8½	..	Chi Gt West	500	10½	10¼	10½	10¾
52⅜	27	..	Chi Gt W pf	1000	28⅜	27⅜	27⅞	27¾
26⅜	12½	..	Chi M&SP	700	15¾	15¼	15⅜	15¼
46½	19½	..	Chi M&SP pf	200	24	23¾	24	23
89⅞	66	5	Chi & NW	1100	69	68	69	68¼
37	11¼	..	Chi Pneu	1900	19½	18½	18½	19
135½	90	7	Chi RI	600	99	99	99	99¾
67⅝	48	2.40	Childs	400	58	55½	55½	56½
43	24	3	Chrysler	8800	29	28⅛	28⅞	29
49	38	3.60†	City Ice	100	40	40	40	40
98¾	82	6½	City Ice pf	10	82	82	82	82
13¾	5⅝	.50	City Stores	700	7¾	7⅝	7¾	7¾
30¾	12¼	..	Cal Beacon Oil	2100	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅜
191⅜	133¼	6	Coca Cola	4000	184½	181⅛	184	181⅜
52	40½	3	Coca-Cola A	100	52¼	52¼	52¼	
64⅞	50	2½	Col Palm	900	62	61½	61⅝	62
35¾	14⅝	..	Collins & A	1200	23½	22¾	22¾	22⅜
77	36½	2	Colo Fuel	400	51¼	50½	51¼	50¼
87	55	2†	Colum Gas	27500	65¾	63⅝	64¼	63¾
110	104¼	6	Col Gas pf A	100	109¼	109½	109½	
199	109	5†	Col Carbon	4300	142½	139½	140½	141¼
27¾	13¾	.25	Col Graph	2900	17¾	17½	17¾	17¼
40¾	23⅜	2	*Com Cred	1300	28¼	28¼	28¼	27
95	76¼	6½	*Com Cr Inf	20	92¼	92¼	92¼	95
27½	22	2	*Com Cr pf B	10	25¼	25¼	25¼	
55	38⅛	1.60†	Com Inv T	2400	57⅜	56	57	56
100	89	6½	Com I 6½%	200	100	99	100	99
2	1	..	Com Inv war	1900	6	6	6	5¼
38	20¼	1	*Com Sol	17500	27¾	26⅞	27	28¾
20¼	12⅝	.60	Commwlth So	23000	14¾	14	14½	14¼
104¾	99	6	Comwlth So pf	1400	102¾	101⅞	101⅞	101¾
19¾	10½	..	Congoleum	1300	12⅜	12	12	12
27⅜	15⅜	2	Con Film	3200	20½	18¾	20½	18⅝
28½	18	2	Con Film pf	1000	21⅞	20⅞	21⅜	20⅜
136⅞	98¾	4	Con Gas	33000	113	111⅜	112⅜	111⅞
104¾	99¼	5	Con Gas pf	1100	104¾	104¾	104⅞	104⅝
7	¾	..	Con Textile	300	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
27¼	11⅝	1.20	Container A	400	18¾	16¾	18¾	16⅜
8½	3	..	Conts'ner B	400	5¼	5¼	5¼	5½
52½	18¼	..	Cont Bak A	9200	30¾	28½	29	28¾
7	3¾	..	Cont Bak B	2900	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¼
94⅞	66⅛	8	Cont Bak pf	800	82	81	81	80
71⅝	50	2½	Cont Can	10400	60⅜	59⅞	60¼	59¾
37¾	15⅝	2	Cont Dis Fib	1000	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	16¼
77⅜	50	2.40	Cont Ins	900	59⅞	58⅝	58⅝	
8¼	3¼	..	Cont Motors	300	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
30¼	18¾	..	Cont Oil	3000	19½	19	19	19¼
20¾	14½	1	Cont Shares	1900	19½	18⅞	19	19¼
111⅜	63¾	3†	Corn Prod	2000	94⅜	93½	94¼	94⅜
33	15½	..	Coty	1400	18¾	18	18	17⅞
35⅜	25⅛	2†	Cream of Wh	200	31	31	31	31
59⅜	38	2.40	†Crown Cork	100	58⅜	58¾	58¾	
93⅝	70½	5	†Crucible	300	75¼	75¼	75¼	
117	104	7	Crucible pf	80	114½	112½	112½	114
7	..	..	Cuba Cane Prod	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3
48	38¼	..	Cudahy	100	42½	42½	42½	42
121⅛	114⅞	7	Curtis P pf	200	120	120	120	119
14⅞	6½	..	Curtiss Wr	2700	7	6¾	6¾	6⅞
19⅜	7⅞	..	Curtiss Wr A	700	9	8⅝	9	8⅝
90⅛	56	3½	§Cutler	4700	65⅞	63	65	63
43⅜	24⅜	..	Davison	200	28	28	28	27½
30	18	1.40	Debenham	100	17	17	17	
24½	20	..	Degre pf	400	24	23¾	24	
181	148	9	Del & Hud	400	170¾	170	170⅝	169¾
254½	136	8	Diamond M	2700	251½	242½	247¾	251¾
9⅝	6¾	1	Dome Mines	8700	10¾	9¾	10	9¼
30⅝	18	1.20	Dom Stores	1200	20½	18¼	20½	18½
148¼	95¾	4†	Dupont	10700	124⅜	122	122	123¼
121	114½	6	Dupont deb	200	120¼	120	120¼	120
19	14½	1	Duplan Silk	100	18	18	18	19

E

255¼	175¼	8†	East Kodak	2900	220¼	217⅝	219	219
37⅞	19⅝	5	Eaton Axle	5900	25⅜	23½	25⅛	23⅝
62	38	6½	Elkhorn pf	300	40	40	40	40
114⅞	55¼	6	Elec Auto Lt	3900	66⅞	66	66⅝	67
110¾	108¼	7	El Auto L pf	20	109½	109½	109½	
9¾	3¼	..	Elec Boat	800	4⅞	4½	4⅞	4⅝
103½	45¾	..	Elec P&L	39200	95¼	74	74	75⅝
102½	97¾	..	El P&L 6 pf	1000	101½	101¼	101⅜	101½
107½	94⅝	5	Eng P S 5pf	100	99¾	99¾	99¾	97½
50⅝	38⅜	2½	Equit Bldg	300	45⅜	45	45⅜	45
63¾	35½	..	Erie	800	41¾	40½	41¾	40

F

38¾	7	..	Fairbanks pf	80	15½	15	15½	..
50½	34⅛	3	Fairb Morse	100	38¼	38⅛	38¼	..
38	25½	..	Fed Dept St	800	33¼	32⅜	32¼	32¾
185	115	..	Fed M&S	1100	125	120	125	..
43	30	2.40	Fed Wat Svc	300	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	34½
59¼	36	2.60	Fidelity Ins	300	69½	68¼	69½	
33½	19¾	1.60	Firestone	200	20¼	20	20¼	20¼
87⅞	69⅞	6	Firestone pf	200	70	69¾	69¾	70
61⅝	46	2½	First Nat St	1200	57¾	56	57¾	56
5½	1½	..	Fisk Rubber	900	2	1⅞	1⅞	1¾
21	6	..	Fisk Rub pf	440	7	5½	5½	5½
52⅞	40	3	Florsheim S	100	45	45	45	44
56⅞	22	2	Follansbee B	100	23	23	23	
104⅛	60½	2	Foster & Wh	8700	94⅝	93	93¼	93⅞
50	28½	..	Fourth Nat Inv	1500	36⅜	35½	36	35⅝
298¾	176	..	Foundation	1700	141½	104⅜	131½	
87⅜	16⅛	4	Fox A	19200	52¼	51¼	51⅝	51⅜
85⅞	37	4†	Freeport Tx	1300	47	46½	47	47

G

7¾	2	..	Gardner M	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¼
18½	7	..	Gen Am Inv	700	9¾	9¼	9¾	
105	88½	6	Gen A I pf ww	300	95½	95¾	95½	
111⅞	78¼	4†	Gen Am Tk	1200	93¾	90	93¾	90½
71⅛	33¾	4	Gen Asphalt	300	43	42¾	42¾	43
38⅛	14⅛	1	Gen Bronze	1700	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22¼
74⅜	32	4	Gen Cable A	100	37	37	37	36½
109⅜	79	7	Gen Cable pf	80	85⅜	85½	85½	85½
95⅝	60⅛	1.60	Gen Elec	57300	75¼	74	74¾	74⅝
13	11⅜	2†	Gen Fire Sp	300	12	12	12	11⅞
61½	46⅛	3	Gen Foods	5700	59½	58⅛	59	58⅝
18⅝	8	.30	Gen G&E A	1700	10¼	10	10	10¼
111	100	7	Gen G&E 7%	10	103½	103½	103½	103½
59⅜	40½	3†	Gen Mills	2400	48	45⅞	47⅝	45⅞
95	89	6	Gen Mills pf	100	92	92	92	92
100	92¾	5	Gen Mot pf	400	100	99¾	100	99¾
54⅛	37½	3†	Gen Motors	112700	48¾	46	48⅛	46⅝
51⅞	39¼	4§	Gen Pub Svc	1800	47⅞	45	47½	47⅝
41⅝	24	4	Gen O Ad A	100	36	36	36	

1930 Range High / Low; Div. in $; Sales; High; Low; Sept. 10; Sept. 9

21⅜	11⅛	..	Gen O Ad	200	13	13	13	10
51¾	37	..	Gen Theater	1700	39⅛	38½	39	38
106⅞	73½	5*	Gen Ry Sig	300	93	91	94	93
19⅜	10⅛	..	Gen Realty	100	13	13	13	13
60	48¼	4	†Gen Refrac	1600	48¾	47	48¼	48⅛
103½	58	8	†Gillette	27600	80¾	80¼	80¾	80
20⅞	10	..	Gimbel Br	700	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
82½	64⅞	7	Gimbel pf	200	70	70	70	70
32	14⅜	2	Glidden	1300	18⅛	18	18⅛	17¾
108½	90¾	7	Gllen ppf	10	95	95	95	95
15	7⅝	..	Gold (Adolf)	1000	9	8¾	9	8⅞
47⅜	34½	2¼	Gold Dust	17000	43¾	43¼	43⅜	43½
81⅜	23	1.60	Goodrich	5800	23¼	22⅛	23⅛	23¼
66⅞	50	.80†	Goodyear	9900	53¾	52¾	53¾	53¾
28⅞	8¼	..	Gotham Hos	300	13⅞	13¾	13¾	13¾
15⅝	6	..	Gould Cp A	600	8¼	8¼	8¼	
13⅞	8⅜	..	Graham-P	200	9	8¾	8	
89⅞	18	3	Grand Un	600	23¾	22	23	23
32	30	1†	Grand Silver	700	39	38½

TRADE WATCHES WOOL AUCTIONS IN AUSTRALIA

Sydney Offering May Foreshadow Merino Market—Big Crossbred Supply

At the opening sale of the season at Perth, Australia yesterday, the entire offering of 21,000 bales of wool was sold at prices of par to 5 per cent below the last sale there. The Continent was the chief buyer. Warp 64-70s free, reddish wools were costing about 52 cents, clean basis, landed Boston in bond, and good topmaking wools of the same quality were costing 45 to 46 cents.

This sale probably indicates in some measure the position of merino wools, especially of the topmaking type, but the clearer indication will come next Monday in Sydney, when there will be offered 46,000 bales in four days.

Opening of the Colonial wool auctions in London and of the East India sales in Liverpool take place on Tuesday next. In the latter sale there will be offered 23,000 bales, and the selection will be fair, both for clothing and carpet wools. The offering for the fifth Colonial series in Coleman Street will be a large one, but it is unlikely that the entire quantity available of 290,000 bales will be catalogued.

The opening values at Fort Elizabeth have been in line with expectations regarding fine wool values, the super 12-14 months' wools having commanded about 55@56 cents, clean basis, landed Boston, in bond, while the super 12 months' wools have brought 53@54 cents, clean basis.

Crossbreds in Heavy Supply

The 10-12 months wools which constitute the bulk of the Cape offerings this season have brought around 50 cents, clean, in bond, at Boston. These prices are indicative, so far as they go of continuing steady rates on fine wools.

The position of crossbreds, however, is not quite so well assured. Stocks of these wools are in much heavier supply, and the market is not keen to absorb them for the moment. Predictions are that values for these wools will be down quite 5 per cent at London.

So far as the market in America is concerned, a decline of 5 per cent would have little effect upon medium wools. The wools to be offered in the East India sales are not expected to show much change from the prices prevailing at the close of the previous series.

In the local market there has been a moderate inquiry for wool this week, enough to keep values steady. Dealers refuse to consider lower values. At length, they seem to be finding a market for their wools at asking prices.

Fine Wools Steady

Sales of fine wools both in territory and fleece descriptions have been at steady rates, with demand moderate. Half-blood combing wools also have sold at firm rates, mostly around 70 cents clean basis, but for choice Montanas rather more money has been obtained.

For three-eighths and quarter combings the demand has been less eager but prices are steady. Low quarters have been well cleared from the market with best territory types bringing up to 52 cents, clean basis.

There has been a better interest shown in woolen wools than for some time. More mills are getting their machinery started up.

Sales of double A scoured wools have been made at 75@78 cents for good to choice lots; of fine As at around 70 cents and of As at 60@65 cents, while Bs have been sold at 47@50 cents for choice white B supers, fair wools having been sold in quantity at 51 cents. Noils are fairly steady on the basis of recent quotations.

Mohair is still slow of sale, and prices are hardly more than nominal.

WHEAT CROP ESTIMATE FOR WESTERN CANADA

WINNIPEG (*AP*)—Western Canada's wheat crop for 1930 is estimated at 335,812,000 bushels by the Manitoba Free Press.

The estimate is considerably larger than the outturn of the 1929 crop, but only a little more than 60 per cent of the record crop of 1928. Total western wheat acreage is placed at 23,960,000.

It is estimated the three prairie provinces will harvest 287,242,000 bushels of oats from 8,286,000 acres; 115,060,000 bushels of barley from 4,755,000 acres; 25,650,000 bushels of rye from 1,370,000 acres, and 4,305,000 bushels of flax from 571,000 acres.

INTERSTATE'S SALES LARGER IN AUGUST

NEW YORK—Interstate Department Stores, Inc., gross for August, exclusive of rented departments, which also showed an increase, was $1,646,058, compared with $1,525,423 for July, an increase of nearly 8 per cent, says President Federman.

"This is the first time August business has exceeded July," he said. "There is generally a marked falling off in all retail business during August. Ordinarily, July business is 10 to 20 per cent ahead of August. The improvement started about the middle of August, as a result of increased payrolls in practically all the 33 cities in which we own stores. I expect our record for September will show a good increase over August."

NASHVILLE PROPERTY VALUATION

WASHINGTON (*AP*)—A valuation of $45,400,000 was placed today by the Interstate Commerce Commission on the owned and used property of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad as of June 30, 1916. The used but not owned property was valued at $24,445,395, and the owned but not used property was placed at $256,796. In addition, the owned but not used property of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, a subsidiary of the N. C. & St. L., was valued at $16,616,321 as of the same date.

FREIGHT RISE AFFECTS STORES

In the freight rate rise effective Nov. 1 department stores will be affected to the extent of higher charges of several million dollars, according to Leonard F. Mongeon, of the traffic group of the National Retail Dry Goods Association. For a shipment of 100 pounds from Cleveland to New York, Mr. Mongeon said, the new rate will be $1.16, compared with $1.01½, and from Chicago to New York $1.53 instead of $1.42.

COTTON CONSUMPTION LOWER

NEW YORK—World consumption of all cottons during the season just past, that is in the 1929-30 season, was 24,579,000 bales, according to the preliminary estimate of the New York Cotton Exchange Service, compared with 25,767,000 bales in the previous season. The decline in consumption from the 1928-29 to the 1929-30 season was only 1,188,000 bales or about 4 per cent.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 12:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ab Straus 5½s '43	101½	101½
Albany WP 8s '48	83¾	83¾
Alleghany 5s '44	100½	100
Alleghany 5s ret	96¼	96¼
Alleghany 5s '49	100	99¾
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	102½	103
Am Ag Chm 7½s4 '41	104¾	104¾
Am For Pow 5s	89¾	89½
Am I G Chem 5½s ct '49	108	108
Am Inter 5½s cv '49	100½	100
Am Metals 5½s	97¾	97¾
Am Nat Gas 6½s '42	77	77
Am Smelting 5s '47	103½	103½
Am Sugar Refining 6s '37	104	103¾
Am T&T 4½s cv '39	163½	162¾
Am T&T col 5s '46	106	105¾
Am T&T 5s '65	106½	106¾
Am Type Founders 6s '40	106	106
Am WW&Elec 5s '34	101¾	101½
Anglo-Chile 7s '45	9	96
Arkansas Mem Bge 5s '64	103	103
Armour & Co 4½s '39	93	93
Armour & Co 5½s '43	93½	93
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta	94¼	94¼
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	97¼	97¼
Atch T&SF 4½s	132¾	131¼
Atl Coast Line 1st con 4s '52	92¾	93¾
B&O 1st 4s '48	97	97
B&O 4s Tol & C div '59	88¼	88¼
B&O 4½s '33	101¾	101
B&O 4½s cv	101¼	101¼
B&O 1st 5s ct '48	106½	106½
B&O 5s series D	104½	104½
B&O rfg 6s '95	110¾	110¾
Banger & Aroos 4s '51	92¼	92¼
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	107¼	107¼
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	104½	104
Boston & Me 5s '55	101¼	100½
Boston & Me 5s '67	102¾	101½
Bow-Biltmore s f g 7s '34	104½	104½
Allyn-Man Tr sf 6s '36	100¼	100
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	91¼	91
Buff R&P 4½s '57	96¾	96½
Bush Term 1st 4s '52	93	93
Bush Term Bldg 5s '60	103½	103½
By Products 5½s ctf	104	104
Can Nat Ry 4½s '51	99¾	99¾
Can Nat Ry 5s '70	105½	105¾
Can Nat Ry 5s July	105½	105¼
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct	105¼	105¼
Can North deb 6½s '46	118	118
Can North sf 7s '40	112	112
Can aPcific deb 4s	90¼	90¼
Can Pacific 4½s '46	99	99
Can Pacific 5s '44 ct	104½	104¼
Can Pacific 4½s '60	90	99
Carolina Clin & O 6s '52	109½	108¾
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	97	97
Cen Pacific 5s '60	105½	105½
Cen Pacific 5s '61	115	115
Certainteed 5½s ctf rcts '48	47	46¼
Ches Corp 5s '47 rcts	101	100¾
Ches & O cv 4½s A	101	101
Ches & O con 5s '39	104½	104½
Chi Gt West 4s '59	70¾	70¾
Chi Ind & L gen 6s '66	108½	108½
Chi M&StP 4¾s	100½	100½
Chi M StP&Pac adj 2000	53½	53¼
Chi M StP&Pac 5s '75	88½	88½
Chi N W 4¾s '87	100¼	100¼
Chi & Nw deb 5s '37	102¾	102¾
Chi Railway 5s	80½	80½
Chi RI&P rfg 4s '34	99½	99½
Chi Ter Hau & SE in 5s '60	85	85
Chi Un Sta 4½s A '63	102¾	102¾
Chi & W Indiana 5½s '62	105¾	105¾
Chile Copper 5s '47	97	97
Childs 5s	91½	91½
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	91¾	91¾
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	100¾	100¾
Colo & So rfg 4½s '35	101¼	101¼
Colonial Oil 6s	69	69
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	102¾	102¾
Columbus Pow 4½s	98	97¾
Colo Toledo 4s	91¾	91¾
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	96	96
Com Inv Trust Pet '48	100	100
Con Gas 5½s '45	107	106¾
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	102½	102½
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42 rcts	51	50½
Cuba RR 1st 5s '52	67	67
Cuba R R6s '36	61	61
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	96	96
Del & Hudson cv 5s '35	96	96
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	93¾	93¾
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	102¾	102¾
Detroit Ed 5s '49	105¾	104¾
Detroit Ed rfg 6s '40	107¾	106¾
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	94¾	94½
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	103½	103
Erie 5s '67	94¼	93¾
Erie gen lien	84	83¾
Erie gen 7Ss	93½	93½
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42	99½	98½
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42 sta	98½	98½
Fed Lt & Trac 1st 6s '42	103	103
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	75½	74
Fla East Coast 4½s '59	88½	88½
Fla East Coast 5s '74	46	46
Gen Cable 5½s '47	97	97
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	104	103¾
Gen Theater 6s	95¾	95¾
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	106	105½
Goodyear 5s '57	92¾	92½
Gould Coupler 6s '40	71	71
Great Northern 6s '36 A	111¾	111¾
Havana Elec deb 5½s '51	106¼	106¼
Hudson Coal 5s '62	67	67
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	84	84
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	100½	100½
Humble Oil 5½s '32	102¾	102½
Ill Cen 4¾s '66	101¼	101¼
Ill Cen 6½s '36	109½	109½
Inland Steel 4½s '78	97¾	97¾
Inter Match Corp 5s rcts '47	101	101
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	71¾	71¼
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	70¾	70¾
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	57	56½
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	91½	91½
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	102	102
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	101¼	101¼
Int Paper 6s '55	85½	85½
Int Rys Cen Am 5s '72	72	72
Int Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	88¾	88¾
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	107¾	106
Int Tel & Tel 5s	96½	96½
Kan City Fts&Mem 4s '36	97½	97½
Kan City Pow & Lt 5s '52	102½	102
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	79¾	79¾
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	103	103
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s	95¾	95½
Kentucky Cen 4s '87	94¼	94¼
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	103½	103½
Laclede Gas 5½s '53	104	104
Low's Inc 6s '41	124	122½
L&N uni 4s '40	89	89
L&N col 5s '31	105	105
L&N S Mon col 4s '52	93½	93½
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	53½	53
McCormick (Edith R) 6s '34	102	102
Met Edison 4½s	101½	101½
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	101¾	101¾
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	102¾	102¾
Min StP & SSM 5½s '49	84	83½
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	90½	90½
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	99¾	99¾
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	104	104
Mo Pac gen 4s '75	81	80¾
Mo Pac 5s F '77	102	101¾
Mo Pac 5s G '78	101¾	101¾
Mo Pac rfg 5s A '65	102	102
Mo Pac 5½s '49	109¼	109¼
Mo Pac 5s H	101¾	101¾
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	103¾	103¾
Morris & Essex 5s	108½	108½
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	100¾	100¼
N E T&T 4½s B '61	103½	103½
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	93½	93¼
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	93½	92¾
N O T & M 5s B '54	100¼	100¼
NYC&HR con 4s '98	95	95
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	100¾	100¼
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	102¼	102¼
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	108¾	108¾
NYC L Sl. con 3½s '98	83	83
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	97¾	97¾
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	107¾	107¾
NY Chi & StL 6s A '31	102¼	102¼
NY Connec Ry 4½s '53	102	102
NY Dock 5s '38	79	79
NY Edison 5s '44	105¾	105¼
NY GELH&P gen m 4s '49	97¼	97¼
NY GELH&P 5s '48	108¼	108¼
NY NH&H nc deb 4s '56	87	86½
NY NH&H 4½s '67	96¼	95¾
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	123¾	123¾
NY Ry inc 6s '65	6	6
NY Ry inc 6s A '65	60	60
NY Wchester & B 4½ '46	90½	90¼
Nor Am Ed 5½s '63	104	103¾
Nor Am Ed 5s C	101¼	101¼
Nor Pac gen 3s 2047	69¾	69¾
Nor Pac pr in 4s '97	94¾	94¾
Nor Pac 5s D 2047	106¼	106¼
Nor Pac 6s B 2047	114	114
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	103¼	103¼
Ohio Pub Ser 7s B '47	114¾	114¾
Ohio Riv Ed 6s '48	108½	108½
Ohio Sun Gas 6s '41	62	62
Ore Short Line rfg 4s '29	49½	49½
Otis Steel 6s '41	102½	102½
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	103¼	102¾
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	104	104
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40	92½	92½
Park-Lex Leasehold 6½s '53	81	81
Paramount Bwy 5½s '51	103	103
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	100¼	100¼
Parmelee Trans 6s '44	60	59¾
Pathe Ex inc 7s '37	28	28
Penn RR 4½s D	96½	96¾
Penn RR 4¾s '70	101¾	101¾
Penn RR gen 4½s '65	102¾	102¾
Penn RR 5s '64	105	104¾
Penn RR gen 5s '68	111¾	110¾
Penn RR gold 6½s '36	110	109¾
Peoria & East 1st 4s '40	83½	83½
Pere Marquette 4½s	101¼	101¼
Phil Co 5s '67	102	101¾
Phil Elec Co 4½s '67	102½	102½
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	103½	102
Port Gen Elec 8s '35	101¾	101¾
Port Elec Pow 6s '47	105	105
Port Ry Lt & P 6s '47	105½	105½
Port Ry Lt & P 5s '42	105¼	105¼
Port Ry Lt & P 7½s '46	109	108¾
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	91¾	91½
Pub Svc ElcG 4½s '67	103¼	102¾
Pub Svc ElcG 1970	102¼	102
Pure Oil 5½s '40	99¾	99¾
Purity Baking 5s '48	96½	96½
Remington Arms sf 6s '37	96½	96½
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	100	100
Richfield Oil 6s	83½	83½
Rep U&S rfg 5½s '53	103¾	103¾
Rio G Ry W col 4s '49	89	89
Rochester Gas 7s '46	107¾	107¾
StL & SF 4½s '78	93	93¾
StL & SF 5s B '50	103¾	103¾
StL SW con 4s '32	100	100
StP & NCSL 4½s '41	99½	99½
StP Union Depot rfg 5s '72	109½	109½
San Ant Pub Ser 6s '52	103½	103½
Seabd Al con 6s '45	80½	80½
Sheell Union 5s '47	96	96¾
Shell Union 5s ct ww	97¾	97
Shubert Theater 6s '42	45	43
Sierra & San F Pow 5s '49	103	103
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	87¾	87¾
Sinclair Cn O col 5½s '38	104	103¾
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	104¾	104½
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102	102
Sinclair Pipe L sf 5s '43	103¾	103½
Skelly Oil 5½s '50	94¼	94¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	106¼	105
So Colo Pow 6s '47	105	104½
So Pacific rfg 4s '55	98	98
So Pacific 4½s '69 ww	100½	100
So Pacific col 5s '44	94¾	94¾
So Pacific Oregon A 4½s '77	100½	100½
So Ry ten 4s '56	90	90
So Ry con 5s '94	110½	110½
So Ry gen 4s '56	115½	115½
So Ry gen 6½s '56	122	122
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	104¾	104½
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	100	99¾
Stevens Hotel 6s '49	80	80
Tenn Copper 6s B '44	102	102
Texas Corp 5s '44	103¾	103¾
Tex & Pac 1st 5s 2000	111¾	111¾
Tex & Pac 5s B '77	103¼	103¼
Trans Cont 1927 year changed its fiscal period to end Sept. 30, rather than Dec. 31, results this year will not be strictly comparable with previous years. However, on the basis of quarterly figures, a rough comparison is available. In the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1930 sales totaled $13,267,694, compared with $11,736,995 in the preceding 12 months' period. Net income after all charges and taxes in 12 months to Sept. 30, 1930, was $2,534,430, equivalent to $6.83 a share on the outstanding common stock, compared with $2,934,582, or $5.95 a share, in the previous 12 months. In nine months ended June 30, this year, Canada Dry, due to 8.7 per cent increase in profits in the June quarter, reported net of $2,349,099, or $4.64 a share, a decrease of 1.3 per cent from the record figures of the corresponding nine months the year before. To set up a new record for the 12 months to end Sept. 30 this year, net for the current quarter will have to exceed $1,165,332, or 2½ per cent greater than the September quarter last year. The possibility of such an accomplishment can be gauged by Chairman Saylor's statement that operations since June 30 have brought earnings well above the full year's $5 dividend. Sales in July made a good showing, equalling, or falling negligibly short of July, last year. In August, last year's record sales were exceeded by more than 10 per cent.	103	102.30
Trans Cont Oil 6½s '38 xw	100¾	
Union Oil Cal 5s C '35	101½	101¼
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	99	98¾
Union Pacific 4s '68	92¾	92¼
Union Pacific 4½s '67	101¼	100¼
US Rubber 5s '47	82¾	82¾
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44 N	102	102
Util Pow & Lt 5s ww	88	84¾
Va Ry & Power 5s '34	101¾	101¾
Wabash 4½s '78	94¾	94½
Wabash 2d 5s '39	102	102
Warner Bros Pict	88½	89¼
West Shore 4s 2361	91	91
Western Electric 5s '44	104¾	104¾
Western Maryland 4s '52	88¾	87¾
Western Maryland 5½s '77	102½	102¾
Western Un col 5s '38	105¾	105¾
Western Un 6½s '36	110	110
Western Un 5s '60	105½	105½
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '63	92¾	92¾
Wheeling Steel 5½s '48	104	103¾
White Sew Mach 6s '36 xw	46	46
Wickwire Spen 7s '35	20	20
Wickwire Spen 7s cv '36	20	20
Wickwire Spen 7s cv ct '35	19	19
Willys-Overland 1st 6½s '33	101¾	101¾
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	101¾	101¾
Winch R Arms 7½s '41	103¼	103
Youngstown Sheet 5s	104¾	104½

LIBERTY BONDS

	Open	High	Low	Last	Sep10	Sep 9
3½s '47	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	100.30	
4th 4¼s '38	102.31	103.0	103.30	103.0	102.30	
US 4s '54	107.28	107.28	107.28	107.28	....	
US 4¼s '52	112.18	112.18	112.16	112.16	....	

Quoted in thirty-seconds of a point. For example, read 102.3 as 102.8-32.

FOREIGN BONDS

	High	Low
Abitibi P&P 5s '53	89¾	86¾
Akershus 5s '63	94½	94½
Alpine Mon Stl 7s '55	93¼	93¼
Antioquia 7s A '45	75¾	75¾
Argentine Gov 5s '45	86¼	86¼
Argentine 5½s '62	91	90¾
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	96½	96½
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	96½	96½
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	96¼	96
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	97	96¾
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	97	96
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	96	96
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	97	96
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	97	96
Australia 4½s '57	81¼	80¾
Australia 5s '55	88	88
Australia 5s '57	88	87¾
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	104¾	104¾
Austria (Upper) 7s '45	98½	98½
Bavarian Pal 4½s '45	95½	95¾
Belgium (King) 6½s '40	100½	100½
Belgium (King) 7s '55	114¾	114¾
Belgium (King) 7s '56	110¼	110¼
Belgium (King) 8s '41	108¾	108¾
Berlin 6s '58	83½	83½
Berlin Elec 4½s '51	90½	90¾
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s '51	92	92
Bolivia 7s '69 ct	68¼	68¼
Bolivia (Rp) 7s '58	67½	67½
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	103¾	105½
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	74½	74½
Brazil 8s '41	73½	73½
Brazil (US) 8s '41	93¾	93¾
Bremen 7s '35	102½	102½
Brisbane 5s '58	81½	81½
Budapest (City) 6s '62	75¾	75¾
Buenos Aires 6s '57	84½	84½
Buenos Aires 6½s '55	95½	95½
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	106	105¾
Carlsbad (City) 8s '54	107½	107½
Cauca Valley 7½s '46	91	91
Chile (Bank) 6s '41	88	87¾
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	87¼	87¼
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	89	89
Chile (Rep) 7s '42	100½	100½
Chilean Loan 7s	93¾	93¾
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	93¼	93¼
Colombia, Mtg Bk 6s '46	½	½
Copenhagen (City) 5s '52	100	99½
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '42	93	93
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	87	87
Cuba (Rep) 5s ('04) '44	100¼	100¼
Cuba (Rep) 5s ('14) '49	101¾	101¾
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	101½	101½
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	68	67
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	111	111
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s B '52	110½	110½
Danish Mun 8s A '48	108¾	108¾
Danish Mun 8s B '46	108¾	108¼
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	94¾	94½
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	101½	101½
Denmark (King) 6s '42	105¾	105¾
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	100¾	100¾
Dominic (Rep) sf 5½s '42	94¾	94¾
Dominic (Rep) 5½s 2nd '40	93¾	93¾
Dresden 7s '45	99¾	99¾
Dutch El sf 6s '62	102½	102½
Estonia RR Co 7s '54	105½	105½
Fisch 7s '46 ex-war	86¾	85¾
Finland 5½s '58	87¾	87¾
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	98¼	98
Framerican Dev 7½s '42	108¾	108½
Frankfort 6½s	93½	93½
French Nat 8S '49	104	103¾
French (Rep) 7s '49	101¼	101¼
French (Rep) 7½s '41	125¾	125¾
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	95¾	95¾
German 7s '49	108¾	106
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	89½	89½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	89½	89½
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	93¾	93¾
Germ Gen Elec 6½s '40 ex-w	99¾	99¾
Germ Gen Elec 7s '45	102½	102½
Graz 8s '54	100	99¾
Great Br 5½s '37	97¾	97¾
Hamburg 6s '46	93¾	93½
Hungary (King) 7½s '44	100½	100½
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	93	93
Iseder Steel 6s '48 ct	85½	85½
Irish Free State 5s '60	100¼	100¼
Italian Credit Con 7s B '47	95½	95½
Italy (King) 7s '51	98¾	98½
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	95	94½
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	103½	105¼
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s	93½	93¼
Jugoslavia Bk 7s '57	85	84¾
Karstadt 6s '43	74	73¾
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59 ww	96¾	98¾
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	95	94¾
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	103½	105¾
Mila n(City) 6½s '52	89¾	89¾
Minas Geraes 6½s '58	69½	69½
Mohtevideo (City) 7s '52	101	101
Nord Rys 6½s '50	105¾	105¼
Norway (King) 5s '63	100¾	100¾
Norway (King) 6s '43	105½	105½
Norway (King) 6s '52	102¾	102¾
Norwegian El 8½s '57	94¾	94½
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	92¾	92¾
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	99	99
Oslo G&E 5s '63	97½	97½
Panama (Rep)5s '63	95¼	95¼
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	104¾	104½
Paris-Lyons-Med int ctf 7s '58	105½	105¾
Pernambuco (State) 7s '47	72	72
Peru 6s '60	67	67
Peru 6s '61	66¾	66¾
Peru 7s '59	89¼	89¼
Poland 7s '47	84¾	84¾
Prague (City) 7½s '52	81	81
Queensland (State) 6s '47	100½	100½
Queensland (State) 7s '41	104¼	104
Rhine Westphalia 6s '52	89¾	89¾
Rhinelbe 7s '46 ex-war	94	94
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	68	68
Rio de Janeiro (City) 8s '46	94	93½
Rio G do Sul (State) 6s '68	81½	81½
Rio G do Sul (State) 8s '46	94½	94½
Rom e(City) 6½s '52	91	91
Royal Dutch 4s ww	90¾	90¾
Ruhr 6s	83	83
Saarenbrueken (City) 6s '53	91	91
Sante Fe (Prov) 7s '42	90½	90½
Sao Paulo (City) 8s '52	99¾	99¾
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	98¼	98¼
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45 sta	98¼	98¼
Seine (Dept) 7s '42	108	108
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	85½	85½
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	97	97
Shinyetsu El Pw 6½s '52	81½	80½
Siemens &Halske 7s '51	101	101
Silesia Elec Corp 6½s '46	89	89
Soissons (City) 6s '36	105¾	105¾
Styria (Prov) 7s '46	92½	92½
Sweden (King) ct 5½s '54	103½	103½
Swiss Con 5¼s '46	104½	104½
Toho El Pow 6s reis '32	100½	100
Tokyo (City) 5s '52	81	81
Tokyo (City) 5½s '61	92½	92½
Tyrol 7½s '55	92½	92½
U E Gt Br & I 5½s '37	105½	105½
Uni Stl W Burbank 7s '51	105½	105
Uni Stl W 6½s A '51	86¾	85¾
Vienna 6s '52	86¾	86½
Warsaw 7s '58	72	72
Westphalia El 6s '53	82¼	82¼
Wurttemberg 7s '55	93¼	93
Yokohama (City) 6s '61	98¾	98½

BUYS TWO PERIODICALS

The Simmons-Boardman Publishing Corporation announced acquisition of two additional periodicals, the Building Age, which will be combined with the American Builder beginning with the October issue; and the House Furnishing Journal which will be combined with the House Furnishing Review beginning with the September issue

SPANISH PESETA OFF

MADRID, Spain (*AP*)—The peseta slumped slightly this morning, ranging around 9.25 to the dollar and 48.10 to the pound sterling. The peseta bumped to 9.06 to the dollar yesterday after being 9.38 to the dollar Monday.

A Window in Wall Street

MERCHANDISING ACTIVITY

While August reports of the merchandising companies as a rule did not make a favorable comparison with sales of the corresponding month a year ago, evidence that there has been a turn for the better has been seen in recent weeks. Confirmation of such increases in business has come from the Woolworth Co. Officials report that the apparent low point of receding volume was reached in the first week of August, and that since then successive gains in the weekly sales have been recorded.

CANADA DRY GINGER ALE, INC.

On the sales and earnings results this month of Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc., will depend largely the ability of the company to report for the fiscal year to end Sept. 30

Fashions and Dressmaking

A Dress Movement Moves—II

WITHIN the definite rulings of good judgment, taste, fitness, and charm, the fall and winter season of 1930-31, offers to women no longer in their first youth a much wider selection than previous seasons have done.

The recent outcry against inadequate designing for irregular types of figure is not, however, confined to the demands of mature or middle-aged women. The large young woman has difficulties similar in nature, but her youth debars her from much of the indifference encountered by older women in the departments where she seeks her costumes. Youthful exuberance also obliterates from later remembrance the difficulties encountered in building up a well-advised wardrobe.

At the outset, therefore, the young woman is rarely oppressed by the time demanded for careful shopping and she is energetic in the pursuit of the business in hand. She is apt to be impressed with the displays in the cases and inquisitive as to the types of dresses, coats or suits which other young women may be considering as desirable choices at the moment. In fact, she enjoys the hum and buzz of the department, which is readily roused in her behalf because the slogan, "Youth must be served," rings in the ears of every saleswoman and floor manager from nine to five, daily. She also likes new colors, new fabrics, new lines.

As a rule, she is eager for guidance at every point and if the saleswoman is reasonably sympathetic, a quick mental contact is readily established between the one who comes with demands, however unusual, and the one who serves.

The Asymmetric Line

Consider the attitude, practically reversed, in the older woman's case. She enters the department, almost invariably with a clearly defined idea of what she wants to buy, especially as it relates to her existent wardrobe in matters of color, fabric, lines. In particular, she has convictions as to lines, if she is beyond average height and weight. If, indeed, she is open to argument on the newer ideas, she is nevertheless convinced as to the lines she cannot wear or is tired of wearing.

A case in point is that of the appearance of the famous asymmetric line introduced several years ago by Lucien Lelong. It happens that this diagonal line from shoulder to hip has been for 30 years past allotted to women of ample proportions, as ideal for breaking up the areas of such figures. When, however, the Lelong line came forth, much heralded as a new contribution to the youthful fashion art of that season, it was fortified by many remarkably adroit and skillfully contrived variants of the original cross-over line, and developed a complex usage upon skirt, sleeves and back sections.

With the immediate and international success of the asymmetric design, the smartest young women in Paris, London and New York set the season in America strongly in the direction of a broad development of the asymmetric idea. Consequently every designer of dress for larger women heaved a sigh of relief in the jubilant expectation that they were facing their most successful season.

Alas! Every store in America slowly woke up to the fact that Paris or no Paris, the diagonal line was "old" to the women who had been wearing the long single revers from right shoulder to left hip. "For 20 years I've been wearing that dress in black and navy. Sometimes with the revers in white piqué, sometimes in white satin. It doesn't look new to me, no matter how the name of it sounds," was the gist of the comment by large customers, as quoted by the head of one department to her firm. And she added ruefully, "I can't get them to see the different way it is worked out, at all. They just repeat over and over, 'I've worn it for years. I don't want it in an expensive dress this season.'"

This presents one phase of this subject that requires frequent examination. Older women have not the willingness of young women to accept fresh ideas, or a revival of ideas worked over many times in previous fashion history, young women fall into the "least resistance" class, and on that account are the most profitable subjects for advertising campaigns concerning new things while they are new. It requires, then, no special degree of acumen to foresee the continued desirability of a youthful following in the modern department store.

With the specialty shop the conditions change considerably. Hence the slogan, "Allow Plenty of Time for Special Types," is welcomed by both saleswoman and prospective purchaser. Each feels confident of understanding and solution to the fullest possible extent.

The Custom of Copying-Down

The seeker for distinctive dress, for which she is willing to pay in a superior shop a fair price for quality and finish, is always in danger of finding her chic model "copied down" all over town, a few weeks after her purchase, at a price which necessitates deterioration in every way and loss of style status.

Good shops must necessarily charge on a margin basis for restricted designs in fabrics. A highly desirable fabric of great design interest goes out into a huge volume of sales because it is worth more than its price, and can be so released only by a wide distribution of its yardage.

In order to provide against this depreciation, exclusive shops patronize the fabric producers that prefer to restrict their output at a mark-up that insures the maker of garments, the shop and the purchaser, at one time. Many of the exclusive shops place the weight of their fabric selection upon plain materials or complex weaves in solid color, inasmuch as these do not attract a cheaper clientele so readily as do the gay and ever-appealing prints with their splashes of color, or their clever small motifs in all-over repeat designs. These facts should be laid to heart.

Proportionate Design

Among the important details of the forthcoming fall dresses are the admirably balanced lace yokings and sleeve finishes in deep ivory. Where the darker fabric adjoins the lace, a new use of overlapping tiny points, scallops, or similar decorative lines have made unnecessary any further use of decoration. These should be carefully considered in relation to the shoulders and the proportions of these to the rest of the figure.

One attractive hold-over from last year is the use of bugles or beads in close all-over effects, which introduced an attractive collar and cuff finish. Sometimes these are elaborate; at other times they offer a severely plain smartness that should be adopted by women with clean-cut contours of neckline and chin, as a matter of judgment.

A great degree of "style" is obtained by the adoption of white or pale beige galyak, as a sleek fur cuff and collar treatment for formal canton and satin-crêpe gowns of superior cut and finish. A narrow neck scarf is also utilized as skillfully planned detail of this type of dress, in relation to a well-cut sleeve.

Flowing sleeves are for the woman of symmetrical lines and not too ample proportions. Where they emphasize a too conspicuous diaphragm, the greatest care in their adoption should be exercised. Their unbecomingness may then be nullified if light facings are abandoned in favor of an entirely subdued effect.

In selecting models for the figure which is out of proportion, in greater or lesser degree, the theme of violent contrasts should be ruthlessly set aside as opposed to the methods whereby a large figure may skillfully be made to appear at its best by an enlightened use of proportionate design.

For the woman no longer young, but who has retained her youthful lines, the new season forecasts good things, not only in matters pertaining to the silhouette, but also gracious details of neckline and sleeve finish that establish a much needed dignity with the essential charm of truly feminized modes, now definitely forecast not only for the new season, but for several years to come.

[This article was in two sections. Part one was published last Wednesday.]

AN OCCASION FROCK OF FLOWING LINES

In This Occasion Frock the Moyen Age Sleeve Is Indicated In Relation to the Flowing Jabot Line, as a Means of Introducing Becoming Color Contrasts or Harmonies. One New Shade This Season, Raisin, Is Faced With Its Pastel Harmony, a Delightful Rose-Beige Tone. Copper-Brown Is Faced With Robin's-Egg Blue; and Black With Soft Grayed-Down Jade, Although the Richer New Shades, Blackberry and Eggplant, Supersede Black to a Considerable Extent.

AN OCCASION FROCK OF STRAIGHT LINES Joel Feder

This Is a Type of Dress Designed for Social Events for Which One Desires a Certain Degree of Elaboration, However Slight. It Is Designed for Figures Rising to 50 Inches. The Lace Garniture Contributes a Line Favorable to Many Irregularities of Figure, While the Skirt Drapery and All-Around Length Are to Be Adjusted to Individual Taste and Requirements.

Six Noted Paris Dress Designers—Jean Charles Worth

Is dressmaking an art? Seeking answer to this much-discussed question, the Monitor's special Paris fashion correspondent, Eléne Foster, has interviewed six of the leading Paris dressmakers. The results of these interviews are published in six articles, of which this is the first. The second will run next Wednesday.

By ELENE FOSTER
SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

Paris

IT SEEMED fitting that the first interview in this series should be with M. Jean Charles Worth, who, with his brother, Jacques, presides over the fortunes of the oldest dressmaking house in Paris, a house founded by their grandfather 88 years ago and still occupying its original premises in the center of one of the most famous shopping streets in the world, the Rue de la Paix.

M. Jean Charles Worth, the younger of the two brothers, is the designer of the models of the celebrated old house. He is a charming man, with the alert, high-strung nature which is commonly referred to as the "artistic temperament," a brilliant conversationalist, speaking French and English with equal fluency, showing a keen mind and a tremendous enthusiasm for his work.

Born and Bred to the Idea

M. Worth received me in the room which was formerly the atelier of the founder of the house, whose life-sized portrait fills the space between its two long windows. It was in this room that the original M. Worth designed the elaborate costumes of heavy satins, velvets and brocades which were worn by the royal ladies of Europe in the days when "queens were queens," and it was in this room that he taught his children and his grandchildren to respect fine dressmaking.

"It was born in us," M. Jean Charles Worth told me. "One of my earliest recollections is of standing against my grandfather's knee in this very room while he directed a première in the draping of a gown which he was making for one of the English princesses. And before my time, my father and my uncle had received the same education. And presently I hope that my own children, who are as yet little more than babies, will stand beside me in the selfsame spot while I teach them the fundamentals of dress designing and dressmaking, according to our family traditions."

M. Jean Charles Worth, Who With His Brother, Jacques, Conducts the Famous Old Dressmaking House Which Was Founded by His Grandfather 80 Years Ago.

The room has changed its aspect since the days of the elder Worth, quite as definitely as have the garments which are designed within its walls. In place of the cumbersome draperies and haircloth furniture of that far-off period, the old room today is decorated in accordance with the latest ideas of modern art. With its paneled walls, its hangings of tan-colored velvet and its modern furniture of dark, polished wood, it seems an appropriate workshop for the alert, dark-eyed gentleman in the correctly cut brown suit.

An Architectural Art

"Is dressmaking an art?" M. Worth repeated the question. "Most assuredly it is and never was it more so than at the present time when everything depends on the lines of a frock. It is an art akin to architecture, for just as an architect must study the lines of his building, the dress-builder must study the lines of the clothes which he designs. The vogue of the straight, shapeless frock is over, we have returned to the days of elegance in women's dress, the elegance of the Victorian and Edwardian era, for fashions in dress, as in every other art, run in cycles.

"Color is no longer such an important detail; it is the molding of the lines of the frock to the individual figure which gives suppleness and grace and distinction and makes the dress an artistic success."

"Color is not important?" I asked. "Isn't a color sense as necessary in dressmaking as it is in painting or any other form of decoration?"

"Certainly," responded M. Worth, "but at the present moment, it is not nearly so important as line. We have used all sorts of colors, many of them bright and striking, but the present mode has brought back the neutral colors which do not detract from the lines of the frock. The grays and tans as well as black and white are the predominating tones of this season. Figured materials and brilliant colors have had their day and now it is the shape of the frock which is all-important.

Changes

"You have no idea," continued M. Worth, "how difficult it was for a time to find workers who understood the new ideas of dress-building. The young women in our ateliers had all been trained since the war and were familiar only with the straight silhouette. We were, therefore, constantly searching for older women who learned their trade in pre-war days before fashionable women adopted the uniform in which they clothed themselves for 10 years. As a matter of fact, even these older women who were accustomed to fit the corseted figure of former days, find it very difficult to mold the new frocks to the women of today, for they are building these frocks on a foundation of muscles which are flexible and movable rather than on the firm, stable lines of the boned corset. Sports have developed the muscles of the modern woman so that the corset is not necessary. So long as women keep up their golf and tennis, their skiing and skating, they need have no fear of the universal revival of the old-fashioned corset.

"Fashions change," I said, "how does the change come and who decrees it?"

"It is in the atmosphere," replied M. Worth, "that is the only way that I can explain it. We dress designers feel the change in the fashions just as other artists feel it in painting or sculpture. There is something in the atmosphere which says to us, 'This cycle is finished, we must work on other lines.' The atmosphere of Paris is saturated with it, else how do you account for the fact that without conferring together or any one of us having the knowledge of what the others are doing, each season sees practically the same changes in the models of a dozen or more of the creators of the modes?"

Handling Bias Parts

NOTHING so surely sets the stamp of the amateur or of the careless worker as the unskilled treatment of the bias parts of a garment and of the bias bindings and facings.

Bias parts of a garment should be handled with the greatest care and when lifted from the cutting table should always be taken up in such a manner as not to stretch them out of shape. The skirt portions, for instance, should always be handled by their lower edges. In the heavier and firmer materials, careful handling usually is sufficient to retain the shape; but in sheer and flimsy materials, such as chiffons and rayon voiles, a still better plan is to lay newspaper, which has been ironed smooth, under the fabric when cutting. This should be pinned closely, and stitched about one-half inch from edge, a medium-long stitch being used. There are materials, however, so flimsy in texture that even with this precaution, they will sag against the stitching. In this event, lay them flat and remove the stitches carefully, then pat the pieces gently. In this way the material will usually stretch all it is going to. Pin it to the newspaper again and stitch through all thicknesses.

In neck outlines, stitch from center-front toward the shoulder on both sides. Not up one side and down the other. If the back of the neck has a low outline, this applies to it also. This should be done immediately after cutting; if it has to be cut lower after fitting, mark it with chalk and cut it after removing the garment—never on the person.

The lower curves of armseyes require careful handling, also, in the case of sleeveless dresses.

When cutting bias for facing or binding, a true bias is an absolute necessity. Always cut the ends of strips to be joined, with the heavier thread of the material, never across it; usually this is the lengthwise thread, but not always; ends when cut in this manner will show scarcely at all after seams are pressed open carefully. Press the bias before using it, with moderate pressure—this prevents a puffy appearance and makes it easier to apply. A French binding put on recently, where none of the pieces were more than five inches long, was treated in this manner and the piecing was not noticeable in the finished garment. Bias facings and bindings should always be carefully pinned in place before basting.

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Chuckles

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BUSINESS DROP LAID TO 'FIXING' OF PRICE LEVELS

New York Market Head Also Cites Overproduction as Decline Cause

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEW YORK — Artificial maintenance of prices, not only by government, but by private interests, coupled with overproduction, contributed largely to the decline of business from its 1929 levels, according to Richard Whitney, president of the New York Stock Exchange.

The holding of prices at high levels in the face of decreasing costs of production is what business is paying for, Mr. Whitney told the members of the Merchants' Association of New York at a luncheon at the Hotel Astor, Sept. 9. Improvement of present conditions, Mr. Whitney said, depends on courage and activity. He pointed out that the United States' natural resources are as great as they were last year, that business organizations are in strong financial condition, that plants are at the highest state of efficient development and that credit is abundant.

Regarding the causes of recession, Mr. Whitney spoke as follows:

"There have been many alleged causes of the trade recession. The discussion concerning the production and distribution of gold is an example, but events have sufficiently progressed so that we should by now be able to recognize that overproduction was the basic cause of the depression. Theoretical economists sometimes tell us that there is no such thing as a general overproduction of goods, since the wants of humanity are infinite. However true this assertion may be as a general proposition and over long periods of time, it is certainly not applicable in specific instances.

Increased Output Sought

"From 1925 to 1929 production steadily increased, particularly in the United States, but also to a lesser extent in the recovering nations abroad. Almost everywhere, following the brilliant American achievements with mass production, strenuous attempts were made to increase output. Numerous economies in production were introduced, not only for use in our factories, but also in our fields. According to the statistical indices, the production rate in this country at its peak in May, 1929, had risen 25 per cent above the average rate for 1923-1925.

"This steadily increasing production necessitated all manner of efforts to enable consumption to keep pace with it. At times the balance between production and consumption was seriously disturbed, as in 1927. Yet equilibrium was soon restored, and the increase in production continued. As the standard of living rose, the character of output also changed, and staple necessities played a smaller part in it, while semiluxury products constituted a larger and larger part. This trend increasingly exposed the balance between production and consumption to the danger of sudden unsettlement.

Business Improving Illinois Data Show

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO—Industrial conditions in this State are slowly but steadily improving, according to Theodore R. Gerlach, president of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. A survey conducted by the association indicates that in practically all major industries the activity during the third quarter of the year will be about the same as during the second quarter. Practically all of the principal industries indicate an appreciable improvement during the fourth quarter.

The survey warrants the conclusion that it is erroneous and misleading to make comparisons between the present situation and the business conditions which prevailed in 1929, an abnormal year, and that as compared with 1928, present business conditions are fairly satisfactory and that there is optimism and confidence on the part of major industries.

The survey shows that the percentage of productive capacity in use during the second quarter of 1930 averaged only 13 per cent less than the percentage of productive capacity in use during the same period in 1928; that while the average percentage of productive capacity which it was estimated would be used during the third quarter was, for all major industries, practically identical with the percentage of productive capacity actually in use during the second quarter, the food industry estimated an increase of 4 per cent, lumber and wood 3 per cent, leather goods 4 per cent, and building materials 3 per cent, for the third quarter over the second quarter.

WINNIPEG POPULAR WITH CONVENTIONS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WINNIPEG, Man. — Winnipeg's growing popularity as a convention and tourist center is indicated in figures given out by the tourist and convention bureau. These show that in the first six months of 1930, 97 conventions have been held, as compared with only 50, three years ago.

Last year, 46,350 motorcars came to Winnipeg, carrying 154,000 passengers. These visitors, it is estimated, spent $5,670,000 while in the city.

The Dialer's Guide

Features followed by sponsor and network in parentheses. "CBS," "CBS Chicago" and "CBS Pacific" are general networks of Columbia Broadcasting System. "WEAF Chain," "WJZ Chain," "NBC Chicago" and "NBC Pacific" are networks of National Broadcasting Company. These are followed by "—WJZ" when coast-to-coast hookup is employed. Where only single station is used its call letters will be given. All time is eastern daylight except "Chicago" and "Pacific," which are given in respective times. All time p. m. unless otherwise stated.

FOR THURSDAY, SEPT. 11

Vocal and Instrumental

Tip Top Club (Ward—CBS). Henry Burr will sing "Just a Baby's Prayer at Twilight." "Songs of 1915" program. 7:30.

"Mardi Gras" (CBS—T). Freddie Rich's Orchestra; male chorus; Brad Browne and Al Lewellyn. 8:45.

Willard Robison's Deep River Orchestra; Maxwell House Singers; Thomas Waller, pianist (General Foods—WJZ—T). 9:30.

Jack Frost's Melody Moments (National Sugar—WEAF Chain). Rubinstein's "Melody in F," played as harp solo by Steffy Goldner; orchestra direction Eugene Ormandy. 9:30.

Victor Herbert's "Serenade" (WJZ Chain). NBC Light Opera Company. 10.

Polly Walker, musical comedy star; James Melton, tenor; Leonard Joy's High Hatters; concert orchestra direction Nathaniel Shilkret (RCA—WEAF—T). A group of Edouard Lalo compositions is played by orchestra. 10.

Talks

"Folk Song and Dance" (CBS—T). Lecture by Ernest W. Naftzger in music appreciation series. 3:30.

"The Monitor Views the News" (WHDH). 6:45.

Floyd Gibbons (Funk & Wagnalls—WJZ). 6:45.

"Kaltenborn Edits the News" (Strauss—CBS). 8:30.

National Radio Forum (CBS—T). From Washington. 10:30.

Heywood Broun's Radio Column (CBS—T). 11:15.

Orchestral

Symphonic Interlude (CBS—T). Columbia Symphony Orchestra plays four numbers from Grieg's Second "Peer Gynt" Suite. 8.

Slumber Music (WJZ Chain). Ludwig Laurier's string ensemble. 11.

Vocal Ensemble

Mid-Week Hymn Sing (WEAF Chain). Mixed quartet. 7.

Rhythmic Music

Jack Paine and his BBC Dance Orchestra (WEAF Chain). Rebroadcast from London. 6.

Peter Van Steeden's Orchestra (WJZ Chain). 6.

Harry Tucker's Barclay Orchestra (CBS—T). 6.

Rudy Vallee and his Connecticut Yankees (Standard Brands—WEAF—T). 8.

Knox-Dunlap Orchestra (Knox—WJZ Chain). Includes various numbers from the new season's musical productions. 9.

Guy Lombardo and his Royal Canadians; Paul Tremaine's Orchestra (CBS—T). 11:30, 12.

Dramatic Sketches and Music

"Uncle Abe and David" (Goodrich—WEAF Chain). 6:45, 11:45.

"Amos 'n' Andy" (Pepsodent—WJZ Chain). 7. NBC Chicago and Pacific. 10:30.

Episode in Early New York State History (Niagara-Hudson—WEAF Chain). William Daly's orchestra opens musical program with "Song of the Flame." 7:30.

"Queen Elizabeth" (American Radiator—WEAF—T). "Birthday party" honors the Virgin Queen. John Moncrieff, basso cantante, and Harold Hansen, tenor, featured in musical program. 9.

Characteristic Music

Old-Fashioned Dance Band (WJZ Chain). Cotillion, quadrille, lanciers and a waltz. 7:50.

Kremlin Art Quintette (WOR). Russian singers and Miss Mercedes Bennett, pianist. 9:30.

Romany Patteran (CBS—T). Emery Deutsch and his gypsy orchestra play Hungarian music. Two soprano solos from "The White Lily" too. 10.

United States Navy Band, Latin-American Concert (WEAF Chain). A group of Latin-American artists join in the program. 11.

Recitals

"Dandies of Yesterday" (WEAF Chain). Male quartet in favorite ballads of years gone by. 6:30.

Phil Cook (Quaker—WJZ—T). 7:30.

"Melody Musketeers" (CBS—T). Male trio. 8:15.

Anne Leaf, organist (CBS—T). 12:30 a. m.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (500kc-568m)

5:00 p. m.—Betty Simons, reader.
5:15 Jerry Cagnina, ukulelist.
6:00 Big Brother's Lighthouse and Coast Guard News Exchange.
6:30 Announcements; barometer; thermometer; news; baseball.
6:45 NBC, "Uncle Abe and David."
7:00 WEEI String Ensemble.
7:30 New England Gas Hour: soloists; orchestra.
8:00 Joyce Brothers' Hour: George W. Ventre and his American Legion Band.
8:30 NBC, Mobiloil Concert: "Adventures with Lions," Paul L. Hoefler; Henry M. Neely, announcer; orchestra direction of Nathaniel Shilkret.
9:00 NBC, Halsey Stuart Program: "The Future American City," Col. W. A. Starrett; Chicago Little Symphony Orchestra.
9:30 NBC, Palmolive Hour: Olive Palmer, soprano; Paul Oliver, tenor; Elizabeth Lennox, contralto; Revelers Quartet; orchestra.
10:30 NBC, Graniland Rice interview; Chester Gaylord, soloist; Len Joy's string band; orchestra.
11:00 E. B. Rideout; news.
11:15 WEEI Organist, Del Castillo; time.

WBZA and WBZ, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. m. Statler organ, Louis Weir.
5:30 Stock quotations.
5:53 Plymouth Contest; Road Man.
6:00 Time; weather; temperature.
6:04 Agricultural markets; baseball; Sport Digest.
6:30 Scott's Sketch Book.
6:45 Milco "Swiss Navy."
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 Wolverine Serenaders: two pianos.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook, Quaker Man.
7:45 NBC, "Dic-a-Doo Entertainers": piano duo; girls' trio; Sax Smith's Cavaliers.
8:00 NBC, Yeast Foamers: male quartet; dance orchestra.
8:30 NBC, Sylvania Foresters: male quartet; concert orchestra.
9:00 NBC, Wadsworth program: sketch, "Andrea del Sarto."
9:15 NBC, O'Cedar Time: mixed quartet.
9:30 NBC, Willard Robison's Deep River Orchestra; male chorus; Mary McCoy, soprano; Billy Hughes,, Reinald Werrenrath, baritones; Ponce Sisters, vocal duo; piano duo; orchestra.
10:30 Mason & Hamlin Concert: Frances Foskette, soprano; Hazel C. Leonard, violinist; William Weston, pianist.
11:00 Time; weather; baseball; Sport Digest; temperature.
11:09 Statler organ, Lewis Bray.
11:45 "Singing Pianist."
12:00 NBC, Fred Culley's Royal York Orchestra, Toronto; time.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:45 Berry Spring Entertainers; time.
6:00 The Champions orchestra.
6:15 Kennedy's Butter and Egg Men.
6:30 "Smiling Jim" and his Joy Makers.
6:45 Political talk; baseball; organ.
7:10 Political talk.
7:15 CBS, "Alias Edward Taylor."
7:30 CBS, Forhan's Program.
7:45 Political talk.
7:55 The Magic Hand at the Console.
8:00 Two pianos; male trio; string ensemble.
8:15 Political talk.
8:30 CBS, Forty Fathom Trawlers sketch.
9:00 CBS, Gold Medal Fast Freight: Wheaties Quartet; Gold Medal Organist.
9:30 "Senator and Major," vocal duo; Mark Warnow and his orchestra.
10:00 Political talk.
10:15 CBS, "Voice of Columbia": soloists; Columbia Symphony Orchestra.
11:00 Time; baseball; news.
11:15 CBS, Heywood Broun, columnist.
11:30 CBS, "California Melodies": orchestra and screen celebrities.
12:00 Jimmie Gallagher and his orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organist.

WHDH, Boston (830kc-361m)

5:30 p. m.—Organ Recital.
5:45 News; baseball scores.
6:00 Studio program.
6:15 Fishermen's Program.
6:30 Organ Recital; temperature.
6:45 "The Monitor Views the News."
7:00 Copley-Plaza dinner music.
7:30 "Ambassadors of Melody Land."
7:45 Billy Dooley's orchestra.
8:30 Carillon Concert, Gloucester: request program; time.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cheerio."
9:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
2:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WBZA

7:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
9:00 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:45 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:45 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WNAC

7:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
12:00 noon—Studio and musical.
2:30 p. m.—CBS programs.
3:15 p. m.—Braves-Pittsburgh.

AUSTRIAN BANK RATE CUT

VIENNA—The National Bank of Austria reduced its discount rate to 5 per cent from 5½ per cent.

CONSTITUTION'S LIMITS ON STATE CITED BY JUDGE

Has 43 Prohibition Acts, Declares Head of Law Group

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO—The Constitution has not one prohibition law but 43, more than half of them being part of the original document; therefore, the national prohibition law is not an anomaly but a logical amendment, according to Judge Andrew A. Bruce of Chicago, president of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology, in a statement made public Sept. 9, by the American Businessmen's Prohibition Foundation.

"The Constitution is full of prohibitions upon the states," Judge Bruce said. "Many of them restrain the states from demanding things which they had a perfect right to do before the Constitution or the amendments were adopted."

Among the "prohibitions" in the original Constitution, Judge Bruce observed, are those which deny to the states the right to enter into any treaty, to enter into an alliance, to grant letters of marque and reprisal, to coin money, to pass any bill of attainder, to grant any titles of nobility, or to keep troops in time of peace.

In the amendments other than the Eighteenth, he found a score more of "prohibitions," such as that no state shall establish slavery, enforce any law to abridge the privileges of citizens of the United States; deprive any person of life without due process of the law; nor deny any person the equal protection of the laws. Slavery and peonage are prohibited both to the state and to the individual, the clause being general, Judge Bruce noted further.

In commenting on the numerous prohibitions, he continued: "We have always been a nation and to a nation must be conceded the inherent right of self-protection. If not a so-called natural right, it is a right in the very nature of things. Under the Fourteenth Amendment, every person born or naturalized in the United States is a citizen of the United States and of the State in which he resides and it is well worthy of notice that amendment places United States citizenship in the first place and state citizenship in the second.

News of Freemasonry

ADOPTION of an amendment to the constitution of the Grand Lodge of Masons of the State of New York by a majority of the lodges in the jurisdiction assures the establishment of a "Lodge of Research." The matter was broached at the annual communication of the Grand Lodge in May, when the Committee on Constitution reported the desirability of such an organization. Instead of permitting the matter to lay over until next year, the amendment was presented to the individual lodges for a vote, that legislation might be expected. Returns from the lodges show the craft is overwhelmingly in favor of it.

The intent, scope and limitations of the proposition were outlined in this amendment, as adopted:

"Seven or more Master Masons may unite to form a lodge for purposes of Masonic study and research, and a dispensation and charter may be issued therefor. . . . A lodge formed under the provisions of this section shall be without power or authority to confer degrees upon candidates or brothers or to receive members other than by affiliation.

"The territorial jurisdiction of each lodge, when formed, shall be coextensive with the territorial jurisdiction of this Grand Lodge. A lodge formed hereunder may elect to honorary or subscribing membership Master Masons or lodges of Master Masons in good standing in this or any other grand jurisdiction in Masonic affiliation with this Grand Lodge, under such conditions as its by-laws may prescribe."

A committee designated by Grand Master Charles H. Johnson now has in hand the development of plans that will insure effective organization and methods of operation. Primary functions of such a lodge, according to the committee, will be: To provide a medium for fostering and developing a body of Masonic scholarship in New York, and to place at the disposal of the Grand Lodge of New York the results of studies by trained investigators in the fields of craft history, ritual, symbolism, law, philosophy, religion and related subjects.

Triennial sessions of the general grand bodies of Capitular and Cryptic Masonry were concluded at Tacoma last month with the selection of Washington, D. C., as the convention city for 1933. John William Neilson of Concordia, Kan., was elected General Grand High Priest and William Tecumseh Sherman O'Hara of Toledo, O., deputy, by the Royal Arch Masons. Walter L. Stockwell of Fargo, N. D., is the new head of the General Grand Council, Royal and Select Masters. Gov. Roland H. Hartley of Washington welcomed the visitors to Tacoma and Gov. L. L. Emmerson of Illinois responded. A trip to Rainier National Park furnished a pleasant recreational feature and many eastern delegates returned by way of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. This was the forty-first triennial convocation, R. A. M. and seventeenth assembly, R. & S. M.

Bradford, N. H., prides itself upon having still intact the room in which its first Masonic lodge was organized in 1814. The room is on the ground floor of an old farmhouse, a few miles from the center of the village and is reached by a road so narrow that automobilists waste no time lest they meet another car coming in the opposite direction. On one wall of the room is painted the square and compasses within a circle, flanked on each side by crude landscapes. No pictures are hung in the room, for the walls themselves are painted with island studded waters on which boats are sailing lazily, their banners atop the masts flying in opposite directions evidently to show that at least two of the "four winds" were blowing at one time. The old lodge room is no longer in use, as a more convenient location was found in the village itself.

Another relic of Masonic labors is to be found a few miles north of McAlester, Okla. On a high ledge, a thousand feet above the surrounding country, stands "Mount Moriah," Cryptic Rite temple. Carved from the solid rock are nine arches, connecting by subterranean passages two stone buildings, one twenty feet above the other on the shoulder of the cliff. The first pilgrimage to this temple occurred in August, 1908, after an expenditure of $25,000 on the building project, and in the crypt was buried the temple treasure. Annual journeys thither followed, but with change of time and interests the buildings have been neglected of late and have fallen into disrepair. Cryptic degrees now are conferred in the temple at McAlester. Twenty-five years after the dedication, it is planned to have the members of the council reassemble at "Mount Moriah" and open the crypt.

Blue lodges of Des Moines, Ia., conducted a union meeting, Sept. 5, at the consistory temple with an attendance of between 800 and 900 members. Representatives of 10 lodges participated in the work of the third degree which was witnessed by several members of Iowa Grand Lodge, including F. W. Glaze and H. M. Belt, Past Grand Masters.

Michigan Knights Templar are already looking ahead to their 75th annual conclave in 1931. In tribute to John T. Fowler, new Grand Commander, the meeting will be held in Pontiac, his home city and all 55 commanderies in the State are preparing to send along strong delegations. Two weeks after the state conclave the Grand Commandery will attend the triennial grand encampment at Minneapolis, where Detroit Commandery, No. 1, will have the honor of acting as official escort. This distinction resulted from the demonstration of field tactics by that unit at the recent meeting in Flint.

Cincinnati's Past Masters' Society sponsored its seventh annual summer outing for Masons and their families last month. Thousands participated in the games and other opportunities for outdoor recreation. This "Masonic Day" was dedicated to the Rev. Dr. Hugo G. Eisenlohr, 33°, fourth president of the Past Masters' Society and a Masonic scholar and lecturer of note. Bro. Eisenlohr has served St. Johns Church, Cincinnati, almost 46 years.

Weymouth Stages History Pageant

Weymouth came into its own as a participant in Tercentenary celebrations, Sept. 9, when it staged a pageant of its own history, attended by city and state officials and approximately 6000 spectators.

Frederic W. Cook, Secretary of the Commonwealth, extended the regrets of Frank G. Allen, Governor, that he could not be present. Howard N. Dowd, chairman of the Weymouth Tercentenary Committee, presided and delivered an address of welcome.

The pageant was one of the most elaborate that has been staged in the State this year. A musical prelude was followed by 14 scenes of historic interest, depicting the settlement and rise of Weymouth. The Lexington alarm, the recruiting of Weymouth citizens for the Revolution, the battle of Grape Island and march to Dorchester Heights comprised the Revolution scenes.

The first town meeting, several Civil War situations and the capture of Richmond were also depicted. The pageant will be continued on the nights of Sept. 11 and 13.

Forthcoming Lectures on Christian Science

CONNECTICUT

New Milford: Methodist Episcopal Church, Elm Street, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 16.

MAINE

Auburn (First Church, Auburn and Lewiston): Auburn United Baptist Church, 8 p. m., Sept. 19.

Portland: Pine Street Methodist Church, 7:15 p. m., Sept. 18.

Rockland: Church Edifice, Cedar and Brewster Streets, 8 p. m., Sept. 16.

NEW YORK

Gouverneur: Unitarian Church, Trinity Avenue, 3:30 p. m., Sept. 14.

New York (Sixth Church): Church Edifice, 1935 Anthony Avenue, near Tremont Avenue, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 18.

Norwich: High School Auditorium, 3:30 p. m., Sept. 14.

St. Albans: Square Club Hall, Locust Avenue and Riverton Street, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 18.

Scarborough (auspices First Church, Ossining): Beechwood Theater, 3:30 p. m., Sept. 14.

PENNSYLVANIA

Oil City: Carnegie Library, Central Avenue and Front Street, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 19.

WEST VIRGINIA

Charleston: High School Auditorium, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 16.

Huntington: Woman's Club Auditorium Twelfth Street, near Twelfth Avenue, 8:15 p. m., Sept. 20.

SECRETARY OF NAVY TO SPEAK ON COMMON

Surrounded by massed national, state and military flags of every branch of the country's armed service, Charles F. Adams, Secretary of the Navy, will deliver the dedicatory address at the unveiling of the Founders' Memorial on Boston Common, Sept. 16.

The setting will be unique, with colors of the navy, regular army, Grand Army, Spanish War Veterans, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Army and Navy Union, Sons of American Revolution, Ancient and Honorable Artillery, First Corps Cadets, 110th Cavalry, 182d Infantry and 101st Artillery flying in the breeze. The address is to be given from the tribune.

General Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in all editions of The Christian Science Monitor. Rate 60 cents a line. Minimum space four lines. An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Situations Wanted heading.

AGENTS WANTED

FOLMOT, THE WONDERFUL POLISHING CLOTH that cleans all metals without liquid, paste or powder; approved by "Good Housekeeping" and "Modern Priscilla"; sell it 10c; sample free. F. O. CALE CO., Dept. 103, 13 Edinboro Street, Boston, Mass.

FREIGHT DISTRIBUTION

CONSIGN pool-cars, also straight car loads to us for quick, economical distribution. LOS ANGELES FOOD DISTR. CO., 487 Chamber of Com. Bldg., Los Angeles.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

PERMANENT position for woman with executive experience or can develop same for responsible commission position with established, rapidly growing organization; education, ability to meet public and to work with people; tell about self in first letter.

SHEPARD & LAWRENCE, Inc.,
130 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

A. P. Miller, 63 S. 4th, Columbus, Ohio; S. Springer, 629 Hearst Bldg., San Francisco, Calif.

WOMEN—Earn up to $7 daily; take orders children's, ladies' dresses and lingerie; no experience needed; pleasant, dignified, profitable work; spare or full time; commission basis; free dresses to producers. JANALENE, INC., Dept. 23 M4, Indianapolis, Ind.

POSTAGE STAMPS

OUR LATEST PRICE LIST offers over 1200 attractive sets of stamps, over 500 different packets, full line of albums, supplies. R. H. MOWER, 13 Geary St., San Francisco, Calif.

REAL ESTATE

EVANSTON, ILL.—For sale, delightful home; well designed and built; central residential district; beautiful trees; 10 rooms, 4 baths; 2-car garage; reasonable. 1908 Wesley Ave.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

RELIABLE man, well acquainted in his community, to sell and install Dust Shields in stairways; liberal profits. Write IDEAL STAIRWAY DEPARTMENT CO., Canton, Ohio.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

FACTORY manager, purchasing agent, with sales experience, desires connection with stove, range and heater manufacturer. Organization and production a specialty. J-35, The Christian Science Monitor, 1058 McCormick Bldg., Chicago.

LOS ANGELES — Chauffeur, French, mechanic; good references; go anywhere. ANDRE CARRICABY, 319 Commercial St. MUtual 0574.

TO LET—FURNISHED

LOS ANGELES, Trasmore Apts., 532 So. Rampart, Wilshire District—Sunny, delightful one and two-room apartments with kitchen and dining alcove, beautifully furnished, steam heat, daily maid service, elevator; garden adjoining; centrally located; R and R cars and bus to door.

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 10 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum space four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Situations Wanted heading.

APARTMENTS TO LET

BACK BAY, opposite Art Museum—Small kitchenette suites, rents $40 and up; references. 454-458 Huntington Avenue, Boston.

BOSTON, MAYFAIR APARTMENTS
30-38 HEMENWAY STREET

1-2-3 Room Apartments, Newly Renovated. Office 38 Hemenway Street, Kenmore 9238. Or see Janitor.

BOSTON—Exclusive 1 and 2-room apartments; best location; Frigidaire and incinerators; references required. Apply OWNER, 210 to 214 Riverway. Phone Regent 3026-2979.

BOSTON—Newly finished 3-room furnished apartment; Steinway piano; facing Fenway. RUTH EVERETT, 8 Norway. Copley 1732-W.

BOSTON—Furnished and unfurnished apartments. THE SERVICE BUREAU, 236 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Mass.

BOSTON, Back Bay, Overlooking Fenway—3-room kitchenette suites, $45 up. Apply to JANITOR, 304 Hemenway St.

BROOKLINE, MASS., Near Coolidge Corner—High class modern apartment, 7 rooms all outside, refrigeration; restricted tenants; ownership management, reduced rental. OWNER, Suite 1, 52 Vernon St., Tel. Aspinwall 0764, or see janitor on premises.

Brookline, Mass.—2-Family House

Six rooms, maid's room with bath, sun parlor and sleeping porch, heated garage; choice location; adult tenants only. Phone Beacon 8086.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—5 outside sunny rooms, reception room, bath, piazza, electric refrigerator; Gentile adults; $85 month. Asp. 8826.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—10 Minutes Coolidge Corner—8 rooms, 2-family house, separate heater; privilege renting rooms. Aspinwall 3102.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Unfurnished garden apartments; large airy rooms overlooking Fort Hamilton; 15 minutes city, 1½ blocks subway, 5 minutes golf course; reasonable. Shore Road 7188.

1-2-3-Room Apartments
IN THE BACK BAY

Convenient locations: Frigidaire and switchboard service. Apply to

Coleman & Gilbert Associates
330 Huntington Ave., Boston Tel. Com. 3212

Restricted Tenancy
Kinross Apartments
Sutherland, Kinross & Lanark Rds.
Brighton, Brookline, Mass.
Suites, $50 to $110
Apply at office, 132 Sutherland Road, or telephone ASPinwall 5872

The Kengate Apartments

Furnished or unfurnished suites, one to four rooms, overlooking Fenway; convenient to stores, cars, schools; newly decorated; elevators. Frigidaire; refined building; very reasonable. 1203 Boylston Street. BACK Bay 4555.

TO LET FURNISHED

BELMONT, MASS.—Apartment near trolley; 25 minutes from Boston; 6 rooms, 2 porches; no children. Belmont 1526-W.

VERONA, N. J.—Studio apartment; large room with kitchenette on first floor; private home; beautiful surroundings. 49 Bloomfield Ave. Tel. Montclair 8-5372-W.

WARE HALL
383 HARVARD ST. CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
Apartments With Restaurant Service

To let, suites of sitting room, 1 or 2 bedrooms and bath, outside rooms, open fireplaces, dining room exclusively for tenants; hardly 5 minutes' walk to Harvard Square subway, 2 minutes to surface cars. University 3302. ALFRED J. WHITE, manager.

Artwares Exhibit at Copley-Plaza

Hoping to find a means for solution of conditions which hinder better coöperation between the wholesaler and the retailer, the New England Artwares Show is being held at the Copley-Plaza Hotel, Boston, together with a dinner, Sept. 10, at 7 o'clock.

To quote from Miss Edith W. Fisher, president of the New England Gift and Art Association: "The two groups are dependent upon each other for prosperity and there is the finest spirit of good will existing between them."

At present there appears an impossibility for small shops to buy advantageously from wholesalers because of the latter's desire to do business at quantity prices, it is stated.

Among the speakers at the dinner Sept. 10 will be Emmet White, president of the National Gift and Art Association, LaClarke Woodmansee, Westerly, R. I.; Miss Cora Stevens, Nantucket, Mass., and Mrs. E. Y. Grant, Onset, Mass. Miss Edith W. Fisher will preside. Emmet White will act as toastmaster.

ILLINOIS PIPE LINE COMPANY

FINDLAY, O.—Deliveries of crude oil by Illinois Pipe Line Company during August averaged 35,011 barrels daily, exclusive of operations in Texas, compared with 28,943 daily in July and 33,396 a day in August, 1929.

Local Classified Advertising

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AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

SELECT customers solicited by young lady with Buick car. Twelve years' experience driving. Center Newton (Mass.) 0809-W.

CADILLAC limousine available for parties going south, also short trips by hour or week; picture trips; reasonable rates and solicitous attention assured. Malden 0644.

AUTOMOBILE TRIPS

PARTY being organized to motor to Los Angeles, Calif., leaving week of October 1; Christian Scientists preferred; reasonable rates. H. BRADLEY, 23 Park St., Malden 0564 (Mass.).

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

HOME surroundings for children requiring special consideration and instruction; 30 miles north of Boston. G-70, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

THE HOMESTEAD

For boys 6-14. Outdoor life; swimming; riding; progressive educational methods. Address Mrs. MARY M. STARR, M. A., Madison, Conn.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

EXPERIENCED business man offers small investment and services any sound proposition. Box P-28, The Christian Science Monitor, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

COUNTRY BOARD

Strictly Home Environment

12 miles from Boston in the beautiful town of Weston. Those desirous of all the city comforts combining the beauty and wholesomeness of country life may communicate with MRS. S. J. MARIA for permanent or temporary reservations. 699 Boston Post Road, Weston, Mass. Waltham 0094.

DRESSMAKING

GOWNS REMODELED OR ALTERED
Telephone Endicott 0629 for Appointment
NEW YORK CITY

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

BANKING, Brokerage and Commercial Office and Sales positions for men and women.
THE PERSONNEL COMPANY
198 Broadway, N. Y. C. Rm. 801 Cort. 2383

COMMERCE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
LEONIE L. WILLIAMS
505 5th Ave., New York City Vanderbilt 2607

LOUISE G. HAHN—Opportunities for men and women seeking office positions. 280 B'way, New York City. Telephone Worth 2020.

CENTRAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
Newark, N. J., 21 Marshall Street
Competent colored help on short notice.
MRS. GERTRUDE M. GIXON, Proprietress
Telephone MARKET 3-4115

FOR SALE OR RENT

ARLINGTON, MASS.—Furnished or unfurnished; 7 rooms, 3 porches; hot water heat with gas; 2-car garage; modern; large lot. Arl. 1301.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Syracuse, N. Y., for sale by folding chairs in sets of two and three. Inquire O. M. GLAHN, 104 Cumberland Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

FURNITURE

CUSTOM BUILT
Colonial Reproductions
in Mahogany and Maple
Bedroom, Dining Room and Living Room

Solid Mahogany Four-Post Beds.....29.50
All Mahogany Gov. Winthrop Desk....69.50
Solid Mahogany Lowboy.....47.50
Complete line of upholstered furniture, hair filled, made in our own shop. Large variety of covers to select from.

HAYWARD FURNITURE CO.
8 Hayward Place, Boston, Mass.
Off Washington St., near Essex

HELP WANTED—MEN

WANTED—Tutor, boy 15, preparatory instruction, including Spanish. Box B-61, The Christian Science Monitor, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

INFANT'S NURSE—English and Christian Scientist preferred; position for Mt. Kisco, N. Y. Address all communications to MRS. JOHN L. HANDY, Barnstable, Mass.

WANTED—A maid to care for 2-year-old boy and assist with chamber work; Christian Scientist preferred. Call Murray Hill 6548, New York City.

WANTED—First class operator for hairdressing parlor; only experienced need apply. Room 617, 420 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—Young girl to care for child 3½ years old. W-96, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

COLLINGSWOOD, NEW JERSEY, 19 Fraser Ave.—Cheerful rest home, experienced care if needed; desirable suburban location; convenient to Camden or Philadelphia, Pa.; New Jersey State License. SARAH J. DAUBMAN, Colgswd. 602.

PLEASANT country home for rest and care if needed. MRS. ANNIE E. SEAVEY, Winter St., Wenham, Mass. Tel. 18-11.

YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO—Permanent or temporary home for elderly people or those needing rest or attention; experienced care; also maternity cases. MRS. ELIZABETH GEHR, Youngstown-Poland Rd., R. F. D. 4. Phone 509703.

HOUSES TO LET

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Half duplex house with garage, sunny exposure; rent reasonable to a private American family. Aspinwall 5498.

MOVING AND STORAGE

E. F. CALDWELL, Inc.
MOVERS
OF FURNITURE AND PIANOS
We Own and Run Our Own Storage
SEMI-WEEKLY TRIPS TO
New York, Philadelphia and Inland Points
Also, Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont
115 CANAL STREET, BOSTON
Tel. HAY market 3907

I SHALL deem it a privilege to serve readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their local and long distance piano and furniture moving. NORA B. STEVENS, 184 Harvard St., Boston 24, Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400.

MUSICIANS

AUDITIONS for the positions of soloist and organist for First Church of Christ, Scientist, Great Neck, New York, will be held on the afternoons of September 21st and 28th respectively. For appointment and further information, address Chairman of Music Committee.

PAYING GUESTS

"FREEDOM FIELD," LAURELTON, N. J. Spend the autumn season in this delightful, restful place; in pines; near river; 5 miles from Ft. Pleasant Beach.

GREEN PASTURES
On Long Island Sound
Stamford, Conn.

Colonial manor house with 2 cottages, 6 acres beautiful grounds, private beach; cheerful, luxurious atmosphere, open fires, best table and service. Tel. Stam. 3-4749 or write F. O. Box 96.

WABAN, MASS.—One or two persons to board in private home; quiet and pleasantly situated; very convenient to station. Tel. Center Newton 3683.

PRINTING

200 BUSINESS letterheads, $3.00; envelopes, cards, bills, same; combination, $7.00; 200 practitioner's announcements, programs, menus, booklets, reports; anything; reasonable, good work; good service. CALL PRINTING CO., 12 E. 19th Street, New York City; Algonquin 6147.

REAL ESTATE

Brookline
House Lots

Ideal location on highest hill; grandest view; betterments all in; suitable restrictions; lowest prices; near golf courses; best buy now. Box No. 78, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

Home Finding Service
Apartments rented. Insurance
LOUISE F. ESSIG
203 Renshaw Avenue EAST ORANGE, N. J.

NORTHERN CALIF.—190 acres on highway; irrigation canal; richest orchard, vineyard, or stock land; $12,500, not less. OWNER, G-72, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ROOMS AND BOARD

BROOKLINE, MASS. Near Coolidge Corner—Two pleasant well heated rooms with excellent table board. Tel. Aspinwall 2168.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Furnished room, with or without board; near car line; reasonable. Phone: Wellington 0730-J.

WATERTOWN, MASS.—Large bedroom with sun porch in refined home on quiet residential street; home cooking; suitable for two; elderly preferred; references. 46 Garfield St. Mitchison 6134.

ROOMS TO LET

A CLUB RESIDENCE
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
$15 to $25 WEEKLY

TRANSIENTS $2 PER DAY UPWARD

New 350-room hotel, private baths, luxuriously furnished, all light and airy; swimming pool, gymnasium, social rooms, library, roof sol

NEW JERSEY

MONTCLAIR

COAL
(Best quality Anthracite mined)
BUY FROM
Montclair Feed & Fuel Co.
Telephone 3300 Montclair
HARRY F. KNIERING, *Pres.*

Stanley M. Crowell Co.
26 SO. PARK ST., Montclair, N. J.
Near Church St.

Montclair 555 Palm Beach 8613
CATHERINE Inc.
MILLINERY IMPORTERS
13 So. Fullerton Ave. Montclair, N. J. 116 Myrtle St. W. Palm Beach

HENKE'S *Inc.*
JEWELERS Established 1889
MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Wellmont Haberdashers
DOBBS and KNOX HATS
MANHATTAN SHIRTS
INTERWOVEN HOSIERY
WELLMONT THEATRE BLDG.

ORANGE

W. F. WALLMANN
Contractor, Builder, Jobber
400 South Jefferson Street
Telephone Orange 5875

FRED'S MARKET
High Grade Meats
Fancy Fruits and Vegetables
Sea Foods, etc.
Phone 7055 167 Main St., Orange

"The House of Complete Satisfaction"
ENGELS
INCORPORATED
DEPARTMENT STORE
239-241 MAIN ST., ORANGE, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE

PAINTER *and*
DECORATOR
J. SCHNEIDER
226 Waverly Place, South Orange
Phone So. Orange 2260

PATERSON

Porch and Lawn Accessories
WILSON S. BROWER CO., Inc.
Successors to MUZZY BROTHERS
89 VAN HOUTEN STREET Sher. 1388
Between Main and Washington Streets
Paterson's Oldest Seed Store. Est. 94 Years.

A. C. HOVER
JEWELER
Alexander Hamilton Hotel Building
189 MARKET STREET, PATERSON, N. J.
Phone Sherwood 5317

COMPTON'S
ENCYCLOPÆDIA
Colored, Pictured
427 EAST 29TH STREET
Tel. Sher. 9604 PATERSON, N. J.

Complete Showing of
Distinctive Footwear
for all occasions
H. METZ
ARCH-AID SHOE SHOP
20 Church Street Sherwood 9813
HOSIERY TO MATCH

PLAINFIELD

Telephone 6-2637 *Orders called for.*
Lightning
Shoe Repairing Company
Shoes Repaired While You Wait.
We carry Whittemore's Shoe Polishes.
Nationally Advertised in
The Christian Science Monitor
204 E. FRONT ST. Opp. Strand Theatre

GOOD SHOES, HOSIERY and GLOVES
M. C. VAN ARSDALE, Inc.
127 East Front Street Tel. 6-0016
The Centre of the Business Centre

Eddie's Beauty Parlor
211 WEST FRONT STREET
Catering to Ladies Who Are Particular. Specializing in Permanent Waving.
PHONE 6-5621

American Watches *Gorham Silver*
GIFTS
Charming—Useful—Lasting
TAYLOR'S, *Jeweler*
115 PARK AVENUE Tel. 6-0620
Seth Thomas Clocks *Pewterware*

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PENNSYLVANIA

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(Continued)

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DAILY FEATURES

A Quotation for Today

THE secret of thriving is thrift.
—CHARLES KINGSLEY.

In Lighter Vein

The Change

Jackie: "Only that little scrape of jam for me?"

Mother: "That is not for you—it is for sister."

Jackie: "What! All that for her?"—*Pages Gaies* (Yverdon).

Temporary

Constable: "How much longer do you expect to leave this car standing out on the road here?"

Mr. Smith: "Well, it isn't my car, but I think I can promise you it won't be there much longer. You see, it belongs to our new cook."—*Humorist.*

The Shirker

Farmer: "I cannot give you money, but I can employ you to dig potatoes."

Workshy: "But it would be better to employ the man who planted them."

Farmer: "Why?"

Workshy: "Because he knows where they are."—*Moustique* (Charleroi).

Pot Boilers

Visitor: "And do you find pen-and-ink sketching a profitable pursuit?"

Budding Artist: "Oh, well, it keeps the pot boiling!"

Visitor: "So you light the fire with them, then?"

Definite Instructions

"What magazine was it that you asked me to buy, dear?"

"Oh, it's the one that has a picture of a girl on it."

Nothing New

Visitor: "I see you are putting up many new buildings in these parts."

Workman: "Yes, sir. New buildings is the only kind we puts up."—*Yorkshire Post.*

Defined

"What's a true friend?"

"A man who can take money you owe him or leave it a loan."

Odds and Ends

Eating in Greece

The custom of the ancient Greeks of reclining instead of sitting at the table originated from the custom of reclining on couches after ablutions in public baths, while refreshments were served.

LOSS IN LIGHT WEIGHT

The landing field of a Cedar Rapids (Ia.) aviation company which announced recently that it would take passengers for a half-hour flight at the rate of one cent a pound drew a throng of persons said to have strongly resembled a convention of midgets. The dismayed airmen fulfilled the bargain, but, needless to say, the following day the price was $3 a ride, regardless of weight.

Chicago's Growth

During the last 10 years, 90 per cent of the increase in population of Illinois took place within the metropolitan area of Chicago, the territory within a 35-mile radius of the center of the city.

Camembert

Over 90,000,000 Camembert cheeses are manufactured annually at the Normandy town of that name, where a monument to the founder of this industry, Marie Havel, has been erected.

A Quotation for Today

THE secret of thriving is thrift.
—CHARLES KINGSLEY.

A Word a Day

Sepulchre

One of the principal reasons for analyzing this word is to caution against its frequent careless mispronunciation. The word, which is also spelled "sepulcher," is applied to a tomb or burial vault. It may also be used as a verb, meaning "to inter." The adjective form is "sepulchral," meaning "of, pertaining to or befitting a sepulchre."

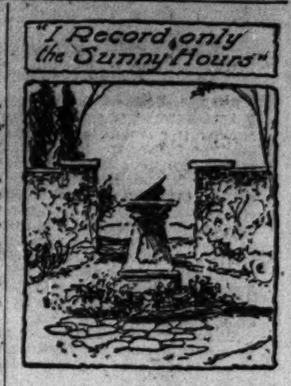
The derivation is from the Latin *sepulcrum*, "a tomb," from *sepelire*, "to bury."

Sep'-ul-chre is accented on the first syllable; sound *e* as in *end*, *u* very short as in *circus*, *chre* as *ker* with the *e* as in *maker*. Se-pul'-chral is accented on the second syllable; sound *e* as in *event*, *u* as in *up*, *chral* as *kral* with *a* as in *account*.

"What is believed to have been Abraham's sepulchre was recently found."

Note: Webster's first choice is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Editor

"Cheer up," says the Telephone Operator. "And remember, the smile in your voice will do wonders at the other end of the line. And it may help us all to keep from getting our wires crossed."



A Maine Welcome

Lowell, Mass.

THAT the people of Maine justly deserve the appreciation of tourists is evidenced by the following incident. A family was spending a vacation in the Pine Tree State, and one rather warm day, after a somewhat long and dusty ride, reached Fort Knox at lunch time. The historic old fort and several acres surrounding it have been set aside by the State as a reservation where all may go not only to view the old-time masonry and fortifications, but also to enjoy the privilege of cooking and eating out of doors.

The travelers could find no room at any of the tables or fireplaces, and were preparing to park and await their turn, when a group of people arose from a tree-shaded table and moved to a less desirable spot. While they were clearing the table and neatly brushing it, a woman said smilingly, "We do not have to sit at this table to finish our luncheon, and as you have children, we should like to give our places to you."

Not content with this kindness, they lent their gasoline camp stove to the newcomers, as it would take some time to build a fire in the rock fireplace. Then they gave the children a quantity of refreshing cold milk, which they said had been brought from their farm.

The tourists will always remember these hospitable acts with many others, as golden links in that chain of friendship which makes us brothers all.

The Children's Corner

Chickaree Decides Not to Stay

MR. SCROGGINS bowed hospitably as he opened his front door in Ulmus Americana (American elm), Boston Common. For there stood on his front porch a stranger, arm in arm with Nephew Osmun. Any stranger on the Scroggins doorstep may be sure of a hospitable bow from the head of the Scroggins house.

"Come in, Osmun, my lad," said Mr. Scroggins, "and bring your friend." Mr. Scroggins peered with genial curiosity at Osmun's companion.

"We came to see you," said Osmun.

"Ah, so I thought probable," said Mr. Scroggins with twinkling eyes. "Let me call Mrs. Scroggins."

Busy Mrs. Scroggins came in a hop, skip and jump when her husband called, hanging her apron on a hook outside the kitchen door and smoothing down her dress, a habit which most lady squirrels of Mrs. Scroggins' neatness fall into. Mrs. Scroggins greeted Osmun cordially and looked inquiringly at his friend.

"This, Uncle and Aunt—or Aunt and Uncle I guess I should say—" began Osmun.

"Indeed yes—Aunt and Uncle is the right order," said Mr. Scroggins, passing his arm through his wife's.

"Well, Aunt and Uncle, this is a young lad by the name of Chickaree," went on Osmun.

Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins bowed. "Chickaree is welcome."

"I met him," said Osmun, "while I was on a visit in the country. He's a red squirrel, not gray like we are."

Mr. Scroggins smiled. "I had noticed he wasn't gray. But I also had noticed he was a squirrel. And I wondered. Perhaps he has been out in the sun a great deal?" He addressed the perhaps at the visitor.

"How do you do, Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins," said Chickaree, ducking his little head and glancing up from merry eyes. "No, I'm not red because of being in the sun. My father and grandfather and mother and grandmother before me were red. We're red squirrels, all of us. We live in the woods."

"Come in, Osmun, My Lad, and Bring Your Friend," Said Mr. Scroggins.

"Oh, Ah, quite," said Mr. Scroggins.

"How interesting," said Mrs. Scroggins.

"His name's Chickaree," said Osmun.

"So I understood," said Mr. Scroggins, crossing one knee over the other. "And will Chickaree stay with us here on our pleasant Common?"

Osmun fidgeted. Chickaree darted his snappy little eyes about the room. "I'd like to stay very much," he said.

"Then why don't you?" said Mr. Scroggins.

Chickaree hopped from his chair and went to the window.

"The Common is nice, no doubt," he said, waving his hand before the window. "But I see mostly gray squirrels and pigeons and sparrows here."

"And very good company they are," said Mr. Scroggins.

"Indeed they are," said Chickaree in his bright voice. "But out in our woods there are many red squirrels—my own family. And then we have all sorts of birds—vireos and flickers and nuthatches and chickadees and warblers and—oh, many, many kinds. And we have lovely trees—close together. And we have so many different kinds of noises. The trees rustle their leaves and talk together more than your trees. And, oh, well, I think I'll go back after my visit. I hope you won't mind."

"Not at all, not at all," said Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins in a breath.

"Although we should like to have you with us," added Mrs. Scroggins.

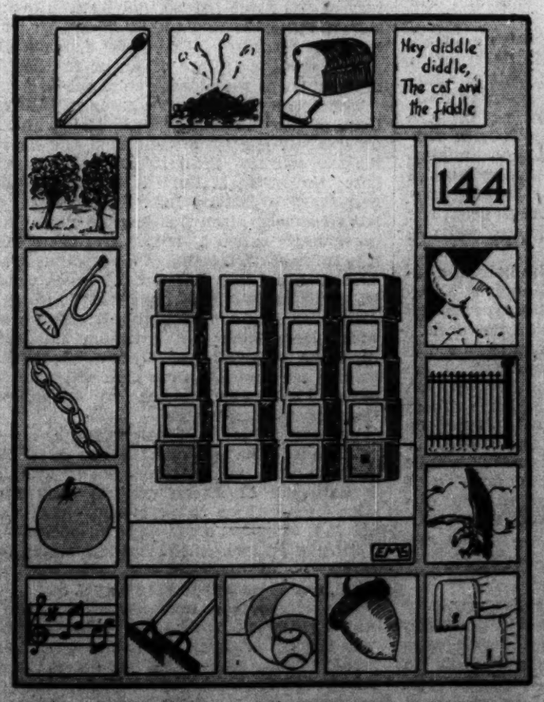
"Now we'll be going," said Osmun. "Chickaree is going to show me how to drink sap from a tree."

Chickaree smiled, thanked Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins for the pleasant visit and, arm in arm with Osmun, went out.

"Nice little lad," said Mrs. Scroggins.

"Indeed, yes," agreed Mr. Scroggins.

Block Puzzle



Each Picture Can Be Named With a Five-Letter Word. By Placing a Certain Letter From Each Word on the Blank Blocks, Spell the Name of Something Many Young Monitor Readers Look Forward to Each Week.

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Hidden Maxim Puzzle:
Start with the "H" in Ship. "He is a wise man who speaks little."

Brevities

Mt. Clemens (Mich.) Daily Leader: Probable comment of the Lindberghs as their child sleeps: "Listen to the baby drone."

San Francisco Chronicle: The new fountain pens are almost flawless, but they still have that old habit of writing "is" for "es."

Arkansas Gazette: The drivers of a modern home rarely include the occupants.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1930 — "First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear." — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board.

EDITORIALS

Progress Toward European Federation

IN 1776 the people of thirteen British colonies along the seaboard of North America declared their independence of British rule. In 1781 the victory at Yorktown accomplished this independence. There followed a period almost of governmental chaos, during which the colonies endeavored to govern themselves under a loose confederacy until in 1789 the Constitution of the United States was ratified. A little more than seventy years later the issue as to whether the Union formed under that Constitution should be enduring was fought out in a civil war of almost unparalleled bitterness.

These dates and facts are elementary to Americans. It is perhaps well, however, to restate them at this moment when the initial steps are being taken in Europe to form a much less coherent union of twenty-seven countries varying radically in speech, in customs, in religions, in traditions, and in economic needs. There is discernible among public men and journals of opinion an inclination to look cynically upon M. Briand's proposition for a United States of Europe because it is not instantly accepted, and the machinery for putting it into effect forged in perfection from the materials at hand.

This cynicism and this doubt are alike unworthy and unintelligent. M. Briand's plan, presented a year ago in broad generalities at the Assembly of the League of Nations, has been discussed for a twelvemonth, and has now proceeded to the point of formal acceptance by a conference of the representatives of the twenty-seven nations involved. That conference, by resolution, has declared its conviction that "close collaboration of European governments in all international activity is of capital importance for the maintenance of peace throughout the world."

Moreover, the conference, in which twenty-two of the twenty-seven European countries were represented by their foreign ministers, declared unanimously that this collaboration should be carried out in agreement with the Covenant of the League of Nations. In accordance with this attitude, M. Briand is authorized to present his project formally to the Assembly of the League. Already his preliminary presentation of the case has, as Dr. Curtius of Germany said, transferred the "question of the European federation from private discussion to the domain of responsible governments." The reports from Geneva assert that the only skeptical diplomats were the representatives of Austria and Italy. It is now expected that the Assembly, after a brief discussion, will refer the whole question to a commission for study and the drafting of a text which will be presented to the League for action next year.

M. Briand, originator of the plan, has no illusions as to the difficulty of giving it effect. He declares that to perfect and procure its adoption will be the work of a lifetime. That, indeed, is a modest estimate. When the difficulties and delays encountered by the young American nation, working in virgin territory, protected by 3000 miles of sea from foreign influence or intervention; having for participants people speaking a common tongue, and deriving from a common ancestry, following a common religion, and possessing as a whole identical economic interests, are considered, the enormously enhanced difficulties of a European federation become apparent.

A decade is not too much to be consumed in the preliminary discussions and arrangements, and if in a quarter of a century a rudimentary union of the European governments, including Great Britain, shall have been accomplished, it may be hailed as a tremendous triumph for the idea of coöperation between nations and the spread of internationalism.

The well-known French organ of internationalism, L'Ere Nouvelle, compares this initial triumph of M. Briand to the transatlantic flights of Lindbergh and Coste. It remarks that because of them the Atlantic has not ceased to exist, nor because of Briand's plan have European jealousies suddenly been made to disappear, but both the plan and the flights deserve acclamations because of the courage, the technical progress, and the success manifested in initial endeavors to bring the world closer together, politically as well as geographically.

This is the wise, the patriotic, the helpful attitude to assume. The obstacles in the way of European unity are not going to be instantly removed by the presentation of the Briand plan, but already they have been appreciably lessened by the discussion of it which has been stimulated by the action of the Council of the League. Not cynicism and doubt, but optimism and confidence should characterize the attitude toward this proposition of those who would like to see the peoples of Europe united in a common purpose to handle in unison those issues which are common to all of them, while retaining, each one, its individuality in affairs of national import only.

Boston Turns the Other Cheek

MASSACHUSETTS and Connecticut recently became engaged in lively verbal hostilities over alleged exorbitant and unfair fines assessed motorists from the former State in "roadside" courts of the latter. Massachusetts was about ready to take reprisals on Connecticut motorists when Boston decided to return good for evil and directed its policemen to give out-of-state drivers—including those from Connecticut—"courtesy cards," a polite warning and a cordial welcome when stopping them for violating traffic ordinances. The action is the more significant because it comes at the very time that the city is starting a drive of unexampled vigor against traffic misdemeanors.

Boston's example now is very likely to be followed by the rest of the State. It is a worthy one, and undoubtedly will lead to much more satisfactory results than would the retaliation proposed by state police officials. The two states have an agreement whereby one revokes the driving license of any local motorist who fails to answer a traffic law violation summons in the other state, but Connecticut, according to Massachusetts, failed to carry this reciprocity measure any further, and instituted the "roadside" court plan.

The actual fine wasn't so bad, the Bay State drivers said, but the costs, involving numerous incidental "fees," reached outrageous proportions and led to the protests which in turn brought Massachusetts officials to recommend operation of such "roadside" courts against Connecticut drivers. It was expected that public opinion would be aroused to a point where the objectionable practice would be stopped.

Boston, in announcing its "Golden Rule" policy, put to shame both the Massachusetts state police plan and the Connecticut "courts." The move should serve as an example of good will, not only to the rest of Massachusetts but to the entire country.

Systematizing the World's Laws

WITH a commendable persistence, the leading lawyers and jurists of the world are aiming at the codification of international law. The International Law Association, which has just ended its session in New York City, is striving for the consummation of this ideal. Since its founding in 1873 this association has kept steadfastly before it the task of fostering a favorable public opinion. Though the conference has declined at this session to sponsor proposals intended to align neutrals against a violator of the Briand-Kellogg pact, many jurists who attended the sessions believe the next meeting, two years hence, may see more definite progress toward an agreement as to the status and rights of neutrals in time of war, an agreement highly important to the cause of disarmament. Similarly these jurists believe that the question of the legislative control to be maintained over the activities of continental trade cartels must be settled upon the basis of an international law code. These and parallel issues call for codification of laws.

A world organized for peace must have at its foundation a system of law, organized acceptably to all governments, and capable of being applied without discrimination to international legal controversies. Unofficial organizations, such as the International Law Association and the Institute of International Law, unhampered by the restrictions of governmental procedure, are able to address themselves to these weighty problems in a manner that is truly refreshing.

Meanwhile, it is gratifying to note that the Committee of Experts for the Progressive Codification of International Law appointed by the League of Nations has succeeded after years of patient negotiation in drawing up a set of conventions and protocols designed to systematize the laws of the nations regarding questions of dual nationality and statelessness. Nationality laws may presently become uniform. Studies are being carried on by the League's committee of experts on such subjects as territorial waters and the responsibility of states for injuries to foreigners. The work of this committee indicates that a beginning has been made in the difficult task of codifying world laws. Unofficial theoretical codification is thus being accompanied by official government codification.

Then, too, the judgments and opinions rendered by the World Court, and the hundreds of treaties registered at Geneva partake of the essence of international law. The work of codification is being simplified by this very process. The disorganization of the world, from a legal standpoint, is being corrected. The obligations of nations under the Pact of Paris make imperative a continuance of these efforts to evolve a system of world laws on the basis of which controversies may be settled peaceably.

Cricket's Timelessness

FIFTY years of Anglo-Australian cricket have been celebrated by the winning of the coveted "Ashes" by the Australians. Never in the history of the game has so much enthusiasm been shown, either in England or "down under." Not even the return of R-100 could displace the test match from the place of honor in the London newspapers as the chief news of the day.

The Ashes derive from a game in 1882 when a team of raw "Colonials" vanquished, and in the process considerably disconcerted, the elect of the mother country. Triumphantly the Australians bore "the ashes of English defeat" 10,000 miles homeward to Botany Bay. The mythical trophy has since been given the tangible quality of what is popularly called a "mug." And the contest for it is thought of in terms of a perpetual Iliad. The "Ashes" have been home many times since 1882, but since the war they have rested mostly in the Antipodes. Try as she might, England could not wrest them from the Dominion till 1928, and Australia has this year recovered them. It is safe to say that the Dominion will wake herself out of her economic gloom long enough to lionize her returning heroes.

Perhaps the reason that cricket has never been established in the United States as a national game is its seeming timelessness. Club cricket is Saturday afternoon cricket; county cricket goes on for three days; but in either case the result is too often a drawn or no-decision match. To insure an issue in the last test match between England and Australia the game had no time limit, and it took a week to play it out.

One can scarcely imagine an American crowd waiting a week to find out which of two sides was the better. Such a demand on its patience would rob the game of its interest as a spectacle. And yet in England and Australia, both of which countries are similarly moving at automobile speed, cricket continues to be a popular sport. If occasionally one reads laments about the growing dullness of the game, these are lost in the excitement which engulfs the two countries at test cricket time. To both of them, in J. L. Garvin's language, "There is nothing at all in the record of sport since antiquity to equal this epic struggle." Cricket is not the least of the bridges that bind the far-off Dominion to the homeland.

The Orient's Denmark Looks Ahead

FEW persons connect in their thoughts Korea and Denmark—except the Koreans. For their leaders it is an ever-delightful and inspiring comparison. There, they say, is Denmark, a little country with a position in relation to Europe not unlike our relation to Asia. But she is rich, while we are poor; she is educated, while we are ignorant; she is free, while we are dependent. To the traveler, these and other points of difference completely overshadow any aspects of similarity, for Denmark spreads about him like one great fertile farm with shady parks of magnificent beeches, and waterways connecting almost every village to Europe's rich marts, whereas in Korea men snatch a precarious harvest from river beds shut in by high, desolate ridges, and though hungry millions live not many hundred miles away, these do not constitute a market for any possible surplus, because they have no money with which to buy.

The Korean patriot, however, looks ahead. He sees a time coming when the balance of power among his country's neighbors will give her liberty like Denmark's. He can do little to help bring this change about, but he sees also that Denmark is agricultural and that Korea's future will depend on her rich soil. His enthusiasm for study of Danish methods takes fire when he learns that the reforestation of the barren mountains—one of several good things Japan is doing for the country it controls under the name of Chosen—will regulate the flow of the rivers and streams, and not only prevent the present frequent floods but increase the acreage which may be planted with such crops as rice, mulberries and wheat.

For education the Korean is welcoming the American. Of the 600 in the peninsula, 500 are missionaries—a larger percentage than in China and Japan, where there are far more business men. From these 500 many a young Korean learns his reading and writing, his western history and his world geography. He considers America an Eldorado of machines. He cannot hope that Korea may be transformed into a giant, but he thinks of Denmark and he studies her pleasant ways and her prosperity.

Glorifying the Freshman

BEING a freshman has its advantages. The man contemplating entering college today may look forward to a more inviting place on the campus than would have been his lot even a decade ago. If university officials once looked upon him as "material" to be tried out and possibly sent home after the first semester, they give him a better reception now. Dr. Robert M. Hutchins, president of the University of Chicago, extends the special consideration for beginners by proposing to teach twenty freshmen this year in an "honors course."

In the average university, freshmen rarely see the president. They may recognize him at football games and join in nine lusty "rahs" for "prexy." There is little likelihood, however, that he will know them personally before they are seniors—possibly not then. Incidentally, educators have come to look upon the University of Chicago as an institution likely to emphasize graduate studies and research rather than undergraduate work.

Dr. Hutchins proposes to conduct a course for twenty of the "brightest" freshmen. They will study the classics, drama, fiction, history and philosophy. Evidently he expects to profit by this contact with a select group of students. The fact that he is the youngest head of a large university in the United States may account for his decision to teach this class. As for the students, twenty dull ones might respond to such sympathetic interest as this from a university president!

Efforts to orient freshmen have become rather general. Deans of women and men in large institutions help to bridge the gap between high school and college. Older student leaders devise programs and entertainments to keep freshmen busy and to teach them the traditions of what some day may be "alma mater." Faculty advisers for numerous activities on the campus tend to give the individual student more attention. Harvard's adoption of the "house plan" is an effort to provide the advantages of a small college in a large institution.

Dr. Hutchins' experiment and the numerous examples of attention to individual students tend to refute criticisms often repeated about the "rolling mills" of education.

Editorial Notes

Perhaps the formal ceremonies which attended the exhibition of a non-refillable bottle in Boston the other day were part of a press agent's device for getting free publicity. But it is worth while noting that, while fifteen years ago inventors were endeavoring to perfect a bottle that could not be refilled with inferior whisky, the new "fil-pruf" is presented with assurance that it can never be refilled with motor oil inferior to that described on its label.

A lad in New York City recently found a toy balloon which, according to labels on it, had been released at Caterham, Surrey, Eng. This rather suggests a variation of the old sport of setting a note adrift on the ocean currents in a corked bottle—a variation with possibilities even more romantic.

When the automobilist is forced to take a detour which may not be as good as the regular road, he should note that the detour offers one pleasing feature of touring that many of the regular highways do not offer, a chance to see the country without signboards!

In Dielfield, Ger., the police have forbidden the use of chairs as missiles in the forthcoming election; halls where political meetings take place must have firmly anchored chairs. This is a form of disarmament that some other countries might do well to emulate.

White Birches Listen In on Industry

HIGH noon shoots glinting shafts of gold into the crystal depths of Lake George. White birches whisper on the shore as their heart-shaped leaves present ever-new patterns of silver and olive green and powdery gray. Winds from the mountains roar faintly on the crests, sway the birches, and scamper across the lake to form miniature whitecaps. Outlined like some solitary explorer of old, midway across the water, a canoe creeps toward Lake Champlain, paddles flashing. From behind a pine-clad island lunges a speed boat, motor whining in the distance, spray flying. A small crowd begins to gather on the dock at Silver Bay. Soon a wisp of smoke floats into view between Black Mountain and the ranges to the west of the lake. A faint whistle blast comes on the wind.

Beyond several headlands to the south, the steamer Horicon breasts the waters of Lake George on its way to Silver Bay. On board, along with the usual sprinkling of vacationers seeking this lake right up to the minute when the resorts close their doors for the winter, there is an unusual group of passengers, obviously not out primarily for a holiday, but none the less yielding to the charm of the lake.

Captains of industry lean against the rail. Burly men are here, apparently more used to the heat within foundry walls than to the cooling breeze from the mountains, rubbing shoulders with members of civic committees on unemployment. All are delegates from industry at large, who are coming into this mountain valley to attend the thirteenth annual meeting of the Silver Bay Conference on Industrial Relations.

Pressing problems of factory and account book are momentarily dismissed as the panorama of lake, forested range on range of haze-veiled mountains, and clean blue sky flecked with white unfolds. For more than a decade the beauty of this spot has insensibly smoothed the brows of similar groups of industrial representatives—voluntary delegates to a conference dedicated to the furthering of harmonious and mutually helpful relationships among owners, managers, workers—all these engaged in industry.

Past silent hills the steamer makes its way, zigzagging from bay to bay across the valley, where never-failing springs pour their crystal wealth into Lake George. At tiny landings the vessel stops momentarily to pick up a passenger or leave a few welcome packages—ice cream, mail, a new canoe. As Silver Bay is approached, the boat swings to the east shore near lichened cliffs that drop sheer into deep blue bays. Then the Horicon crosses diagonally and lands at the dock on the west shore, in the center of a crescent bay nestled at the foot of pine-topped ridges, and as silver as its name. Surely never did a lake have clearer water than that lapping the sands of Silver Bay.

Welcoming voices join the busy sounds of debarkation. Down the gangplank go several hundred delegates to be greeted by friends who have followed the automobile roads from the towns of Lake George or Ticonderoga. There have been countless industrial conferences, but few meet more nearly in the heart of nature. Beyond the hotel with its lawns and playgrounds primeval forests lie undisturbed. Trails are few and the adventurous hiker, should he press into the back country inland from the lake and hotel, may see deer bounding away on carpets of pine needles centuries old, or, on rare occasions, a bear scurrying out of sight over a log on the most removed mountain slopes—although Albany is only ninety miles away, and New York City but 250.

The group of men who founded this conference twelve years ago chose this site, surrounded by hills practically untouched since before the advent of the French explorers, because here they believed industrial managers and workers might meet "far from the whir of looms, the ceaseless wheels," and find new insight into their mutual problems, as man to man in a new and vital way.

Two seemingly paradoxical features of the conference impress a first attendant. Practical men, actually engaged in industry, form the bulk of the delegates. Yet the program of the conference itself is designed to bring out attitudes on the part of industrial people, instead of merely smoothing out temporary details of their relationships. Facts there are in plenty, given out in every speech, and the program is apt to center around the most pressing problems of the year. In 1930, stabilization of employment, remedies for business depression, and other topics that are heard throughout the land comprised the major subjects on the agenda. The approach to these problems, however, is geared to a long-term outlook which has as its fundamental tenet the conviction that, when the attitudes of industrial managers and workers are right, the way to the solution of most problems is paved, and many may never arise.

Charles R. Towson, founder of the conference and for thirty years active in endeavors to bring out improved relations among various groups of industry, tells of the way he has seen animosities melt away at Silver Bay. During the height of conflict between coal operators and miners a few years ago, both the president of the Coal Operators Association of America and the editor of the Coal Miners Journal came to the conference. They were seen eating at the same table, they spoke from the same platform, and they wandered over the lawns or down along the lake front in full camaraderie—an attitude that somehow had seemed quite impossible amid the stress of cities and industry.

Ardent union men, iron molders, for example, have come to this place at times of tension between great electrical firms and the unions, and have yielded to the peace and good will of the setting and conference—along with the president of the firm opposing their demands—until the erstwhile opponents have learned to know one another as men instead of representatives of conflicting interests.

In a certain city a few years ago several firms engaged in the same type of business were carrying on a ruinous competition to obtain favored workers. At Silver Bay employing executives of these firms caught a new vision of industrial relations and their attitude changed. As a result they later gave up their strife, and all were benefited. Examples are many in which the atmosphere of manufacturing plants has been made over through the contacts established at the conference. Absolute frankness is the rule, and railroad men, shoe manufacturers, presidents of machine-producing companies, soap factory and oil concern executives—all may come to give and receive of their cumulative and varied experience in industrial relations.

For nearly a week the meetings proceed, interspersed with periods of recreation, when dignified industrialists may be found playing ball, swimming in the matchlessly clear waters of the bay, hiking to Jabe's Pond up through the canyons, or pitching horseshoes. Their team mates or companions in play may be labor union leaders, foremen of their shops, or executives representing competing firms. Sometimes the conferences themselves are held out of doors, in full view of the sparkling lake.

As the last boatload of delegates disappears around the southern headlands, the birches whisper on, and high on the mountain slopes bright spots of red presage the glories of a northern fall. Peace rests on the quiet lake, and something of a broader outlook is being carried by those who are returning on that steamer, back into the whir of ceaseless wheels, where human relations in increasing degree are being ranked equal or superior to "production." Far down the lake a solitary boat scuds for shelter before a first blast of winter wind, and Lake George stirs amid the roar of pines and the whisper of the birches.

R. H. S.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread

The Repudiated State Debts and Russia

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

You were good enough to extend the hospitality of your columns on June 18, to a letter from New Zealand. That letter expressed the sense of injustice felt in British communities at the tolerance by the United States of public debt repudiation by eight of the states of the Union. As one having direct experience of this matter, I am tempted to seek your further indulgence.

In the Monitor of March 13 you quite correctly reported Lord Cushendun as saying, in the debate on American state debts, that "there was no parallel between these debts and the liability of Russia, which was not only defaulting but repudiating its debt." From this passage it would seem that His Lordship was unaware of the fact, which was made abundantly clear in the preceding speeches (not reported in the Monitor article), and which is well known on both sides of the Atlantic, that certain southern states of the Union have actually repudiated debts incurred in some cases before, in other cases after, the Civil War. I am not, of course, referring to Confederate debts which disappeared with the system and the currency upon which they were based.

It is in view of this repudiation of public debt that comparison was made between those individual states (not the United States) and Russia, which was described by Lord Redesdale as "the only other State at the present time which was a defaulter by repudiation." Since the report by your London correspondent does not quote the opening speeches, but only the closing ones—including therein the mistaken inference of Lord Cushendun—I trust that it is not asking too much that equal publicity may be given to the above facts.

As regards the distinction which was made between loans by foreign individuals to state governments, and loans by governments to each other, I have had too much experience either to bother about such technical niceties, where money had and received is concerned, or to give way to personal bitterness in regard to past wrongs, or to eagerness at any prospect of restitution. I am, however, a holder, both by personal inheritance and on behalf of younger heirs, of Mississippi State bonds which have been declared valid by the highest courts of that State, and which have been emphatically repudiated, although the history books of the State show that they were originally paid for in "Specie and British Gold."

The matter does not greatly concern me personally, but my heirs will be paying debts of honor to the United States Government for the rest of their natural lives, at the behest of the British Government. I therefore think that the suzerain of the State of Mississippi might well be expected to enforce corresponding respect for the law of contract, thereby lightening present burdens by restoring to the heritage what was and is its due.

We were told in the debate that the United States Government has no legal power to compel the defaulting states to pay. That argument was also dealt with to some extent in the earlier speeches referred to above. The fact was quoted that the United States Government took, and duly exercised, special legal powers (obtained by Revised Statutes Section 3481) to recover on its own federal holdings of defaulted state bonds. But the Government of the United States has no greater legal power to collect any of its own foreign debts than is inherent in the respect accorded to a contract, and that respect should surely attach also to the bonds of Mississippi under the judgments of her own highest courts. If those courts have no power to give effect to their judgments there is clearly a need for another revised statute.

F. LORN CAMPBELL,
London, Eng. Major-General (Retired).

A Judge on Prohibition

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

When a man or woman comes before a trial judge, to be sentenced for the commission of a public offense due to the use of intoxicating liquor, the judge may well ask himself, "Am I indirectly responsible, in part, for the commission of this offense?" And if the judge has been and is an opponent of prohibition, having so expressed himself and acted accordingly, he is in part responsible. Opposition to prohibition means encouragement to the use of intoxicating liquors, directly or indirectly, and that which encourages the use is the seed from which the commission of crime results.

Judges should remember that the position they hold carries some weight with the people. If the expressed or acted sentiment of a judge is in opposition to prohibition, it "leads into temptation." "Lead me not into temptation" should be a constant admonition and guide for a judge upon the bench to follow.

I am serving my fourteenth consecutive year on the trial bench. I know whereof I speak. I have from childhood up, all the way through life, combated the use of intoxicating liquors, and have at all times supported prohibition to the fullest possible extent. If I had at any time encouraged the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, or neglected to oppose such use, I would never have sought nor taken the office of trial judge.

"He that is not for me is against me." Every judge whose influence is not for prohibition and against the use of intoxicating liquors has a negative influence against sobriety and personal prohibition. Every judge may well ask himself, "In which end of the scale will I weigh, in the end where right makes might, or in the end where might is in physical control without moral guidance and control?"

Fargo, N. D. A. T. COLE.

Meeting an Old and Valued Friend

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

I would like to take this opportunity to tell you how much the Monitor means to my young son and me. It reaches us quite regularly through the loving-kindness of an officer of the Cannes Society. We hope soon to become subscribers, when we shall have the privilege of passing on our copies to someone else who needs them.

As an educational factor, we find the Monitor wonderful. But I want to tell you of one instance in which the Monitor rendered me tangible service. I arrived alone in a strange foreign town, after several days of difficult traveling, and wandered down a street wondering how I should find a lodging. My attention was then caught by a large card in a bookshop window—"The Christian Science Monitor on Sale Here." My heart bounded with thankfulness; it was like suddenly meeting an old and valued friend. I went into the shop and bought a copy, after which I began to talk with the friendly shopkeeper, who directed me to what proved to be a very satisfactory lodging, clean, comfortable, and at a price within my means.

Le Cannet A. M., France. (MRS.) LOUISE F. G. COOPER.